



CDF Searches for **New Physics** at



High Diphoton and Dilepton Masses

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- Motivation - Alternatives to SUSY
- Introduction to the Tevatron and CDF
- Dilepton (ee , $\mu\mu^*$) and $\gamma\gamma$ Event Selection
- Comparison of Background Expectation to Data
- Spin Dependent Acceptances
- Preliminary Results
- Summary and Conclusions

* $\tau\tau$ searches presented by A. Anastassov



Alternatives to SUSY to Solving the Hierarchy Problem



$(M_{EW} \ll M_{Planck}?)$

Extra dimensional (ED) solutions

ADD

Taking compact space to be very large



Gravity freely propagates in the many large extra dimensions ($n=2-7$)

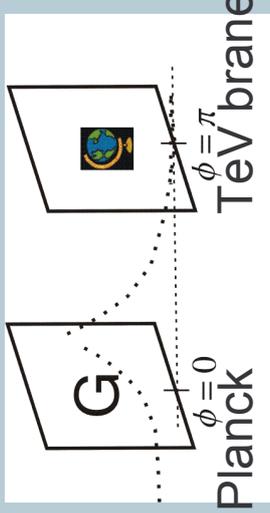
$$M_{Pl}^2 = V_n M_{Pl(4+n)}^{(2+n)}$$

To solve hierarchy: $M_{Pl(4+n)} \sim 1 \text{ TeV}$

hep-ph 9803315

RS

Curvature of the extra dimension



1 highly curved extra dimension

Gravity localised in the ED

Scale of physical phenomena on the TeV-brane is specified by the exponential warp factor:

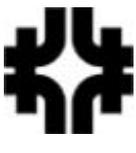
$$\Lambda_\pi = \bar{M}_{Pl} e^{-kR_c\pi}$$

$\Lambda_\pi \sim \text{TeV}$ if $kR_c \sim 11-12$.

hep-ph 9905221



Search for ED?



- Deviations in cross sections (σ) and angular distributions from SM processes caused by graviton exchange

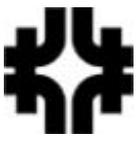
Resonance in RS model and broad change in σ in ADD model

Dilepton Channel	Standard Model	Diphoton Channel

- ✓ Clean experimental signature
- ✓ **Also search for other physics models**
- ✓ Low backgrounds

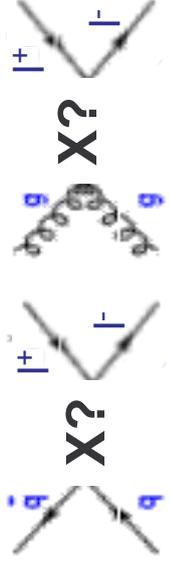


Other New Physics Searches in Dilepton Channels



Also set limits on new physics

- Z' (E6 and Little Higgs) (Spin-1)
- RPV sneutrinos (Spin 0)



Search Strategy

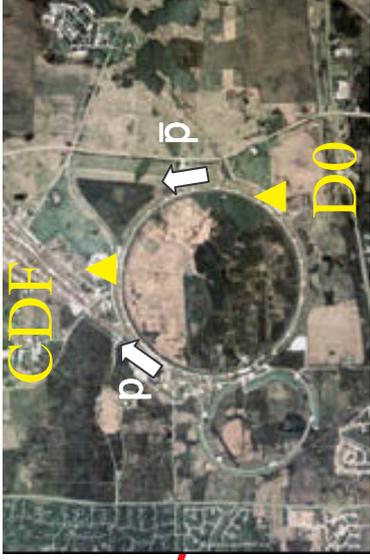
- Perform general searches comparing data to expectation
- Determine spin dependent acceptance and σ .BR
- Interpret data according to many new models!



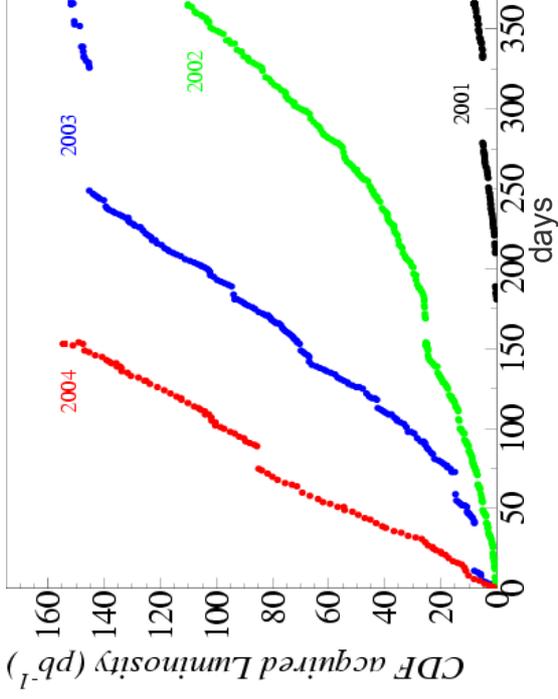
CDF @ Tevatron $p\bar{p}$ Collider



Highest energy collider operating in the world!



Run I (1992-1996)
 $\sqrt{s} \approx 1.8$ TeV, 110/pb
Run II (2001-2009)
 $\sqrt{s} \approx 1.96$ TeV
Physics Analyses use ~ 200 /pb
collected between 03/02 and 09/03



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SUSY 2004



Search Selection

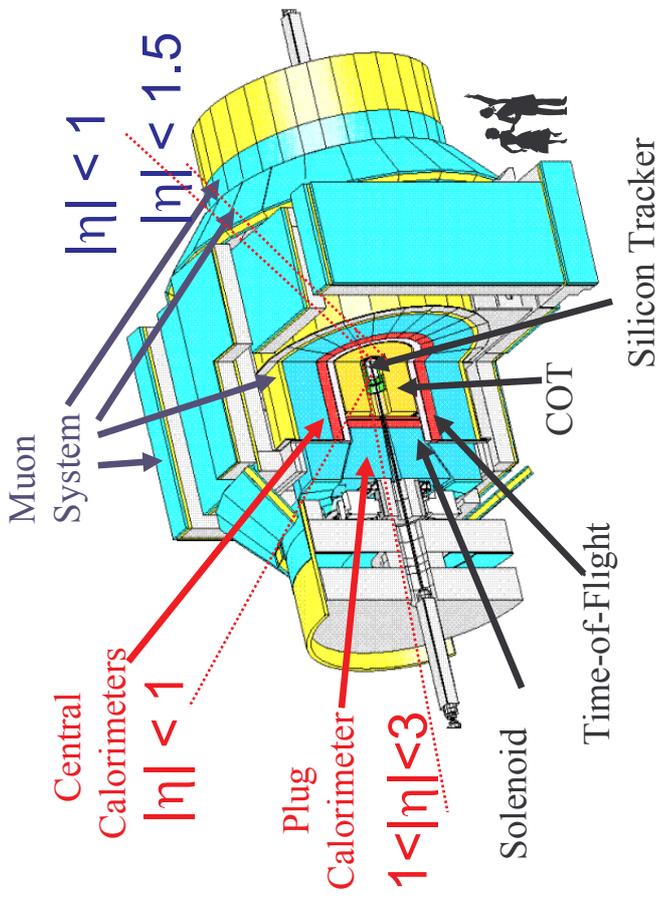


$\mu\mu$

2 isolated μ $P_T > 20$ GeV

$|\eta_{\mu 1}| < 1, |\eta_{\mu 2}| < 1.5$

Cosmic ray rejection cuts



ee

2 two isolated e , $E_T > 25$ GeV

2 central e (CC)

or 1 central and 1 forward e (CP)

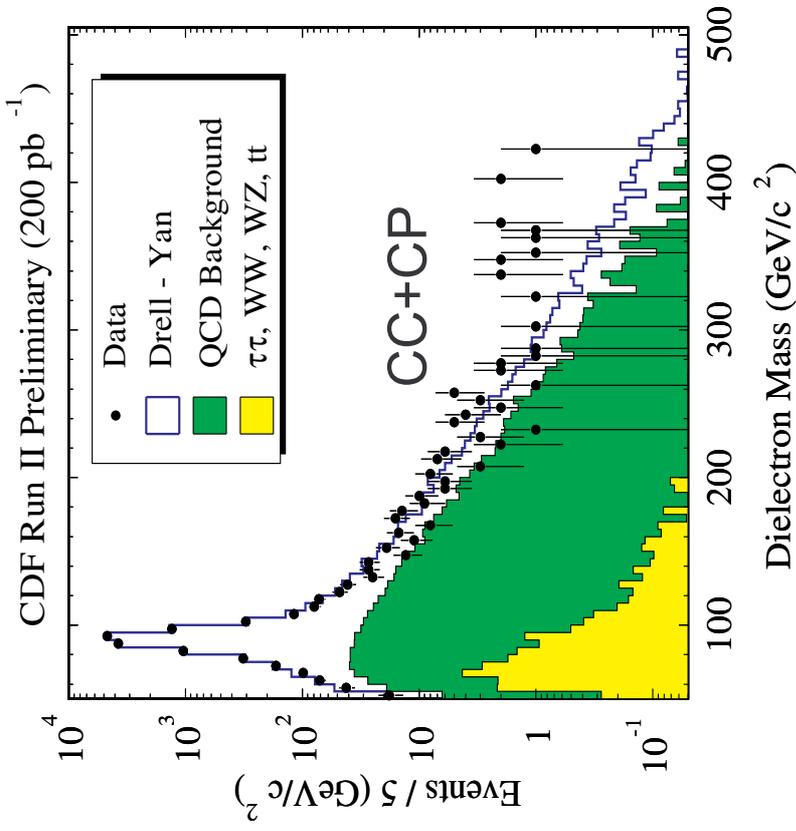
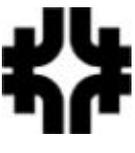
$\gamma\gamma$

2 isolated γ $E_T > 15$ GeV

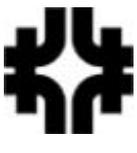
2 central γ (CC)



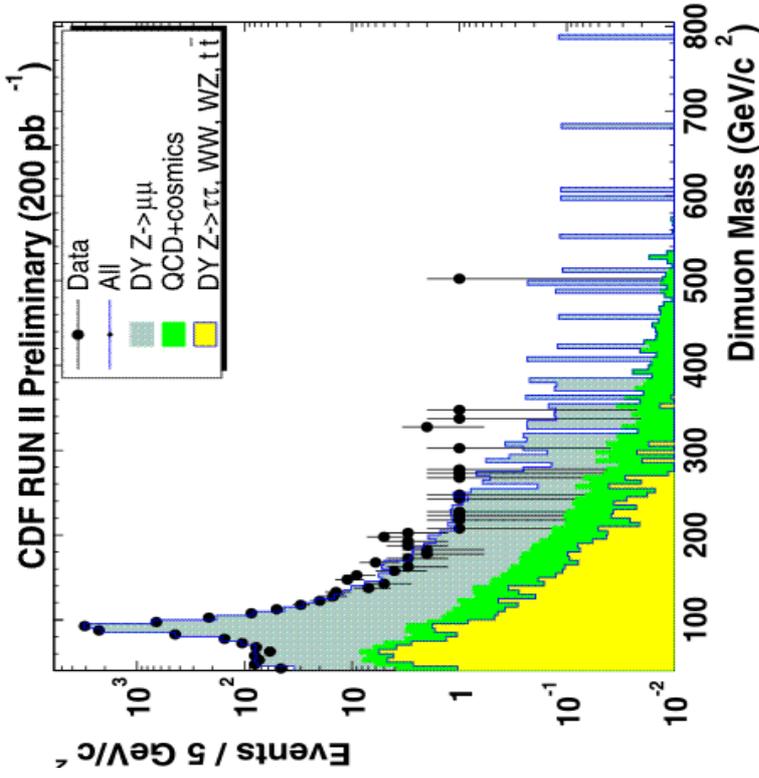
High Mass Dielectrons



Mass (GeV/c^2)	N_{exp}	N_{obs}
200	70.5	71
250	26.7	30
300	11.1	14
350	4.6	9
400	2.0	2
450	0.9	0



High Mass Dimuons



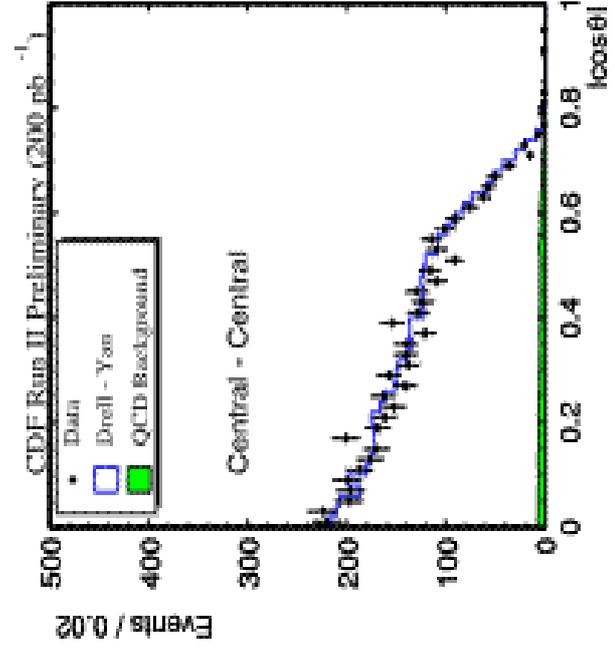
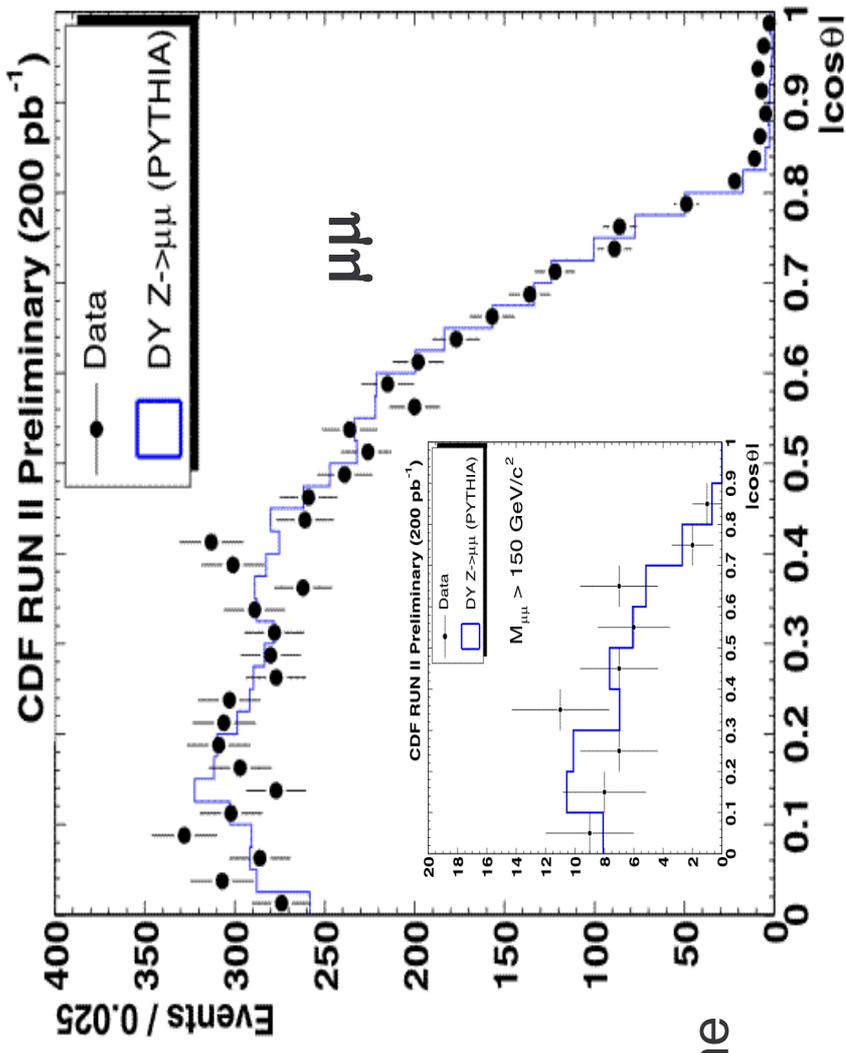
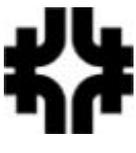
Mass (GeV/c ²)	N _{exp}	N _{obs}
150	55.25 ± 2.50	58
200	20.88 ± 0.97	18
250	9.44 ± 0.49	9
300	5.22 ± 0.32	6
350	3.23 ± 0.24	1
400	2.28 ± 0.19	1
450	1.79 ± 0.16	1
500	1.24 ± 0.13	1
550	1.03 ± 0.11	0

Total of ~ 7500 dimuon candidates in 200 pb⁻¹ data

High mass dilepton spectra is consistent with background prediction



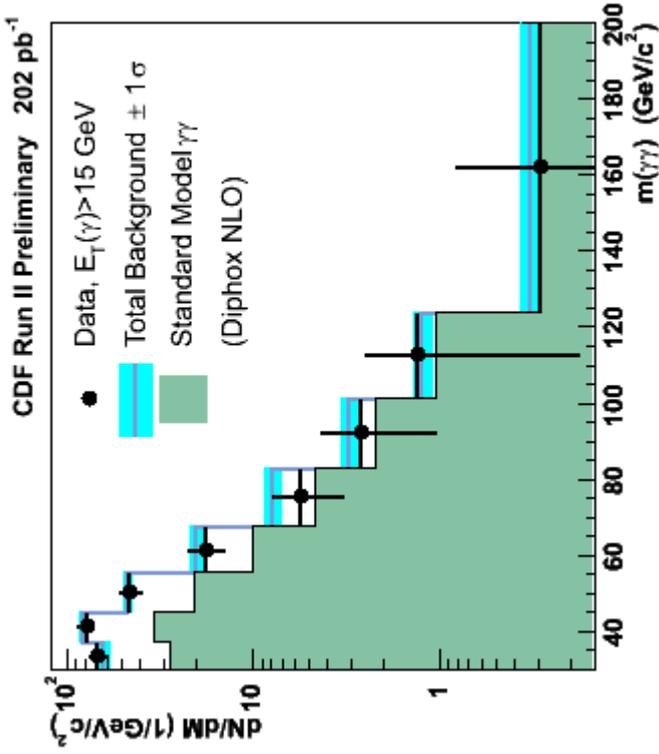
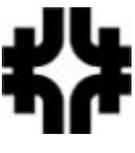
Dilepton Angular Distributions



$\cos\theta^*$ in Collins-Soper frame



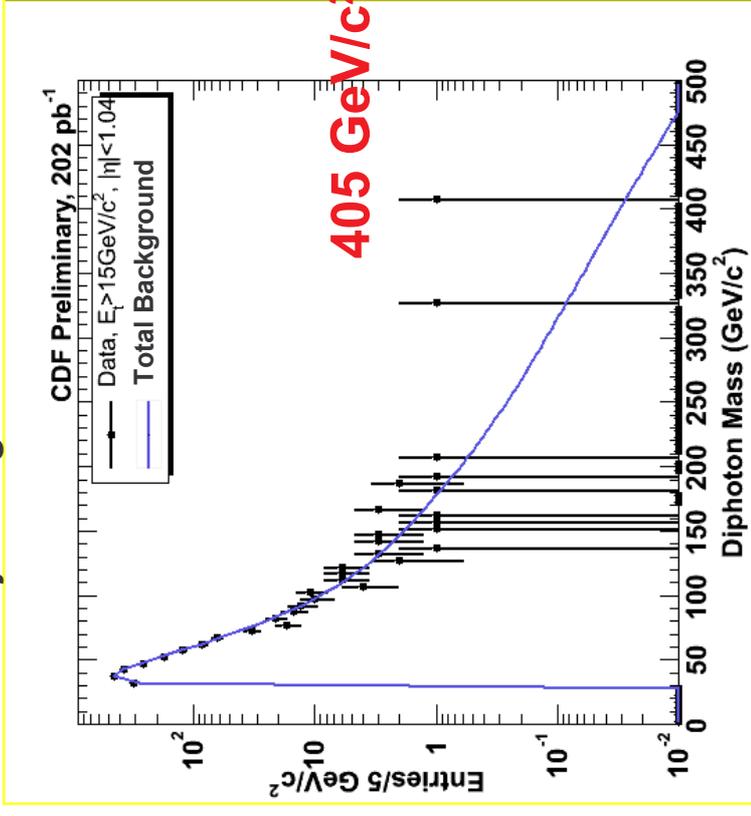
High Mass Diphotons



Backgrounds

- Standard Model diphoton production
- Fakes: γ -jet and jet-jet,

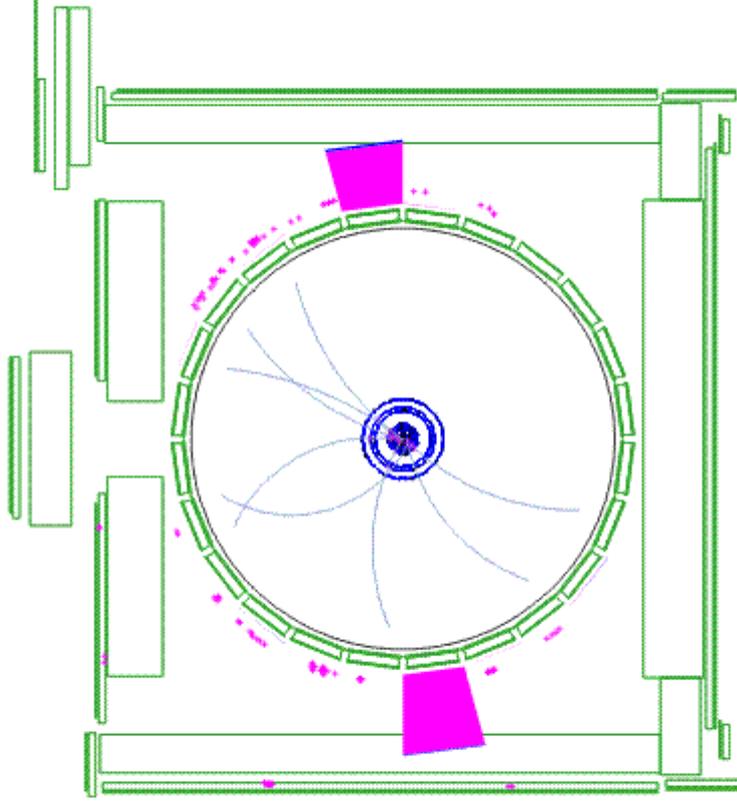
where jet fragments into a hard π^0





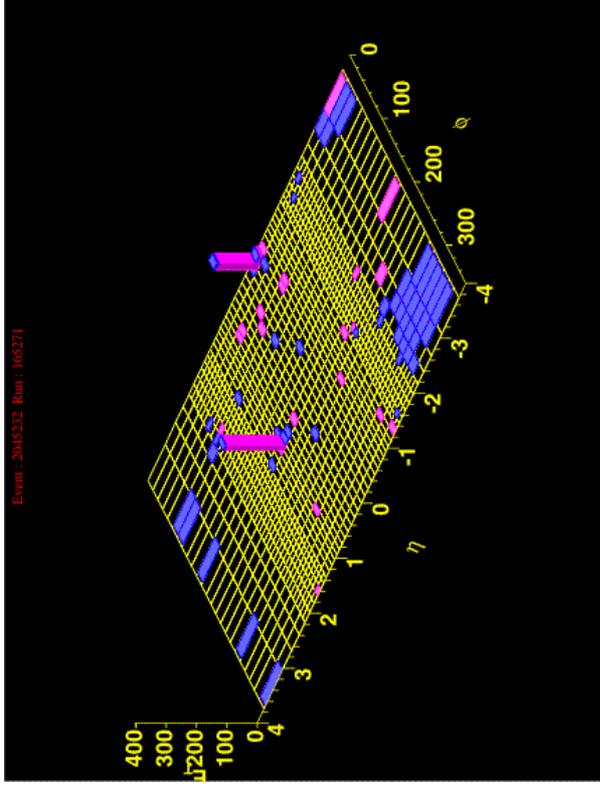
$\gamma\gamma$ Highest Mass Event

Event : 2045232 Run : 165271



Diphoton Mass = 405 GeV

Photon Et = 172, 175 GeV

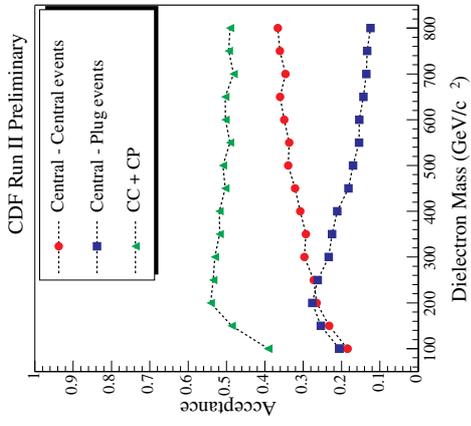
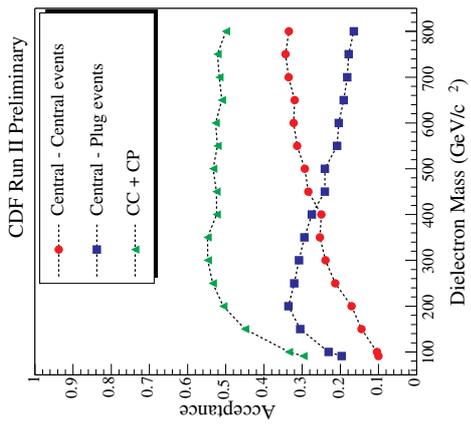
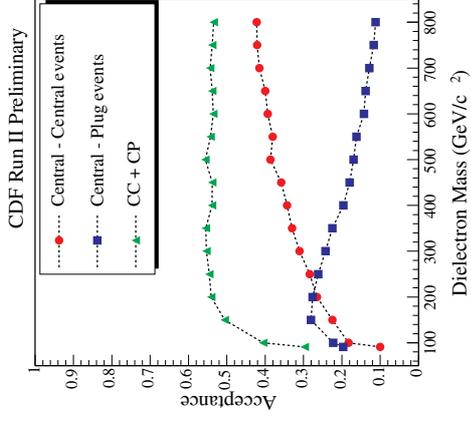
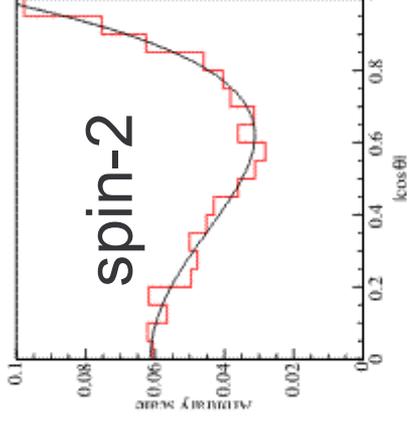
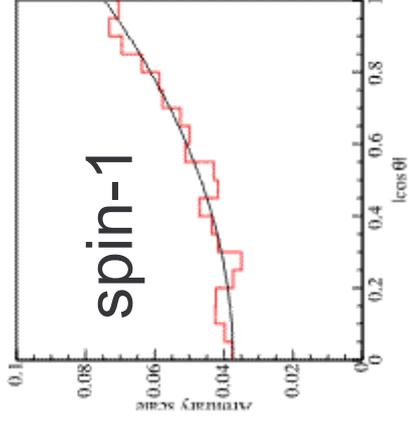
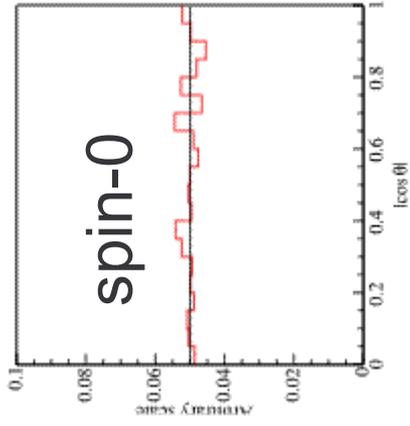




Spin-dependent Acceptance

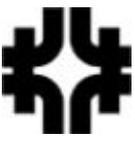


Angular distribution and therefore acceptance of decay products depends on the spin of the decaying particle.





New Physics Limits



95 % C.L. upper limits on $\sigma \cdot \text{BR}(G \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ are placed using $\pm 3\sigma$ search windows around M_G

95 % C.L. upper limits on $\sigma \cdot \text{BR}(X \rightarrow ll)$ for spin-0, 1, 2 and lower limits on string scale are placed using binned likelihood method

$$L(\alpha/\eta) = \prod_i \frac{\mu_i^{n_i} e^{-\mu_i}}{n_i!}$$

n_i : observed events

$\mu_i = \alpha N_i^{\text{sig}} + N_i^{\text{bkg}}$ (Resonant particles)

$\mu_i = N_i^{\text{sig}}(\eta) + N_i^{\text{bkg}}$ (LED spectrum)

Likelihoods are integrated to give the final limits, taking into account the signal and background systematic uncertainties

Sources of systematic uncertainties:

Luminosity (6%)

Acceptance (PDF, MC statistics..)

Energy/Momentum scale resolution

Selection Efficiencies

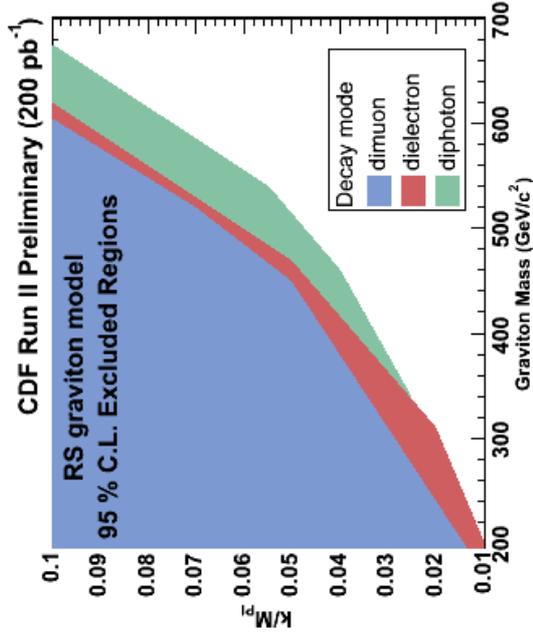
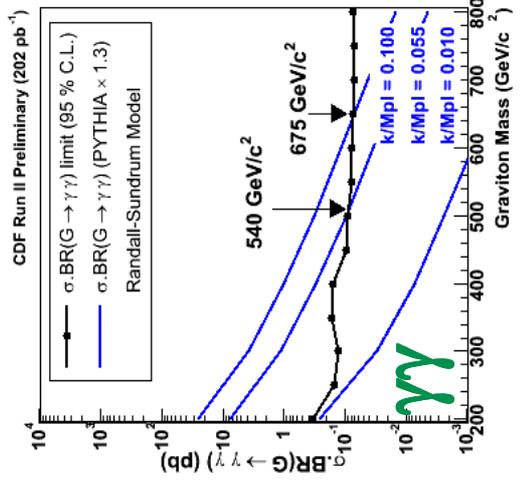
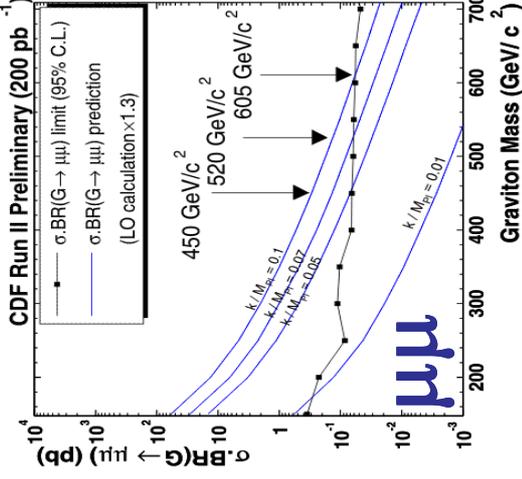
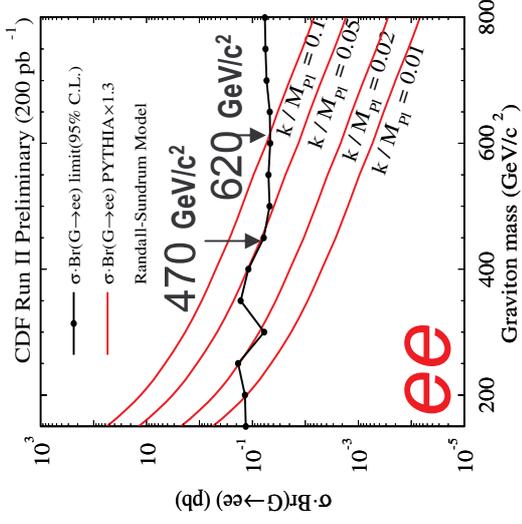
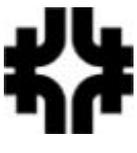
Background statistics and normalisation

$$N_{95\%} = \alpha_{95\%} N_{\text{sig}}$$

$$\sigma_{95\%} = \frac{N_{95\%}}{\epsilon A \mathcal{L}}$$



Randall-Sundrum Graviton



ee has largest acceptance at low mass
γγ has largest acceptance at high mass
 $BR(G \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 2 * BR(G \rightarrow ee)$



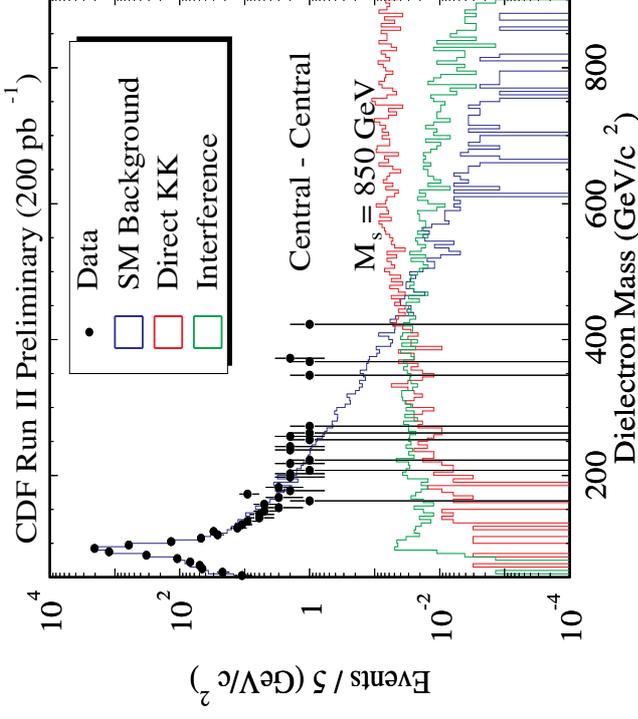
Large Extra Dimensions



Set a limit on the effective Planck scale (M_s^4) in ADD model

Parameterise the cross section in terms of $\eta = \lambda/M_s^4$ ($\lambda = \pm 1$)

$$\sigma = \sigma_{SM} + \eta \sigma_{INT} + \eta^2 \sigma_{KK}$$



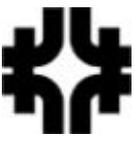
CDF Run II Preliminary (200 pb⁻¹)

η_{95} (10 ⁻¹² GeV ⁻⁴)	* Hewett (GeV)	HLZ (GeV)	GRW (GeV)
$\lambda < 0$	$\lambda > 0$	$\lambda > 0$	$\lambda > 0$
1.05	1.18	987	959
$n = 3$	$n = 4$	$n = 5$	$n = 6$
1315	1105	999	929
			879
			1105

CDF Run I: 780 768

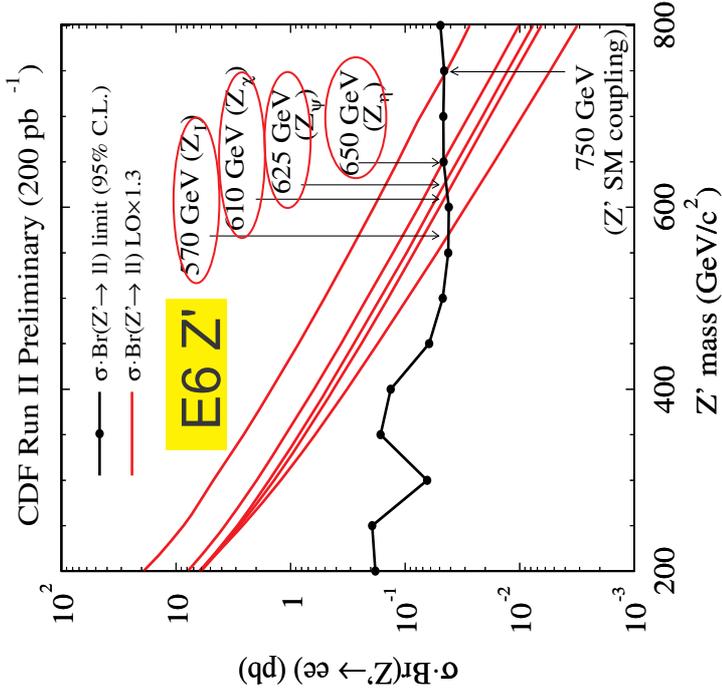


Spin-1 Dilepton Limits



Z' bosons

Sequential Z': Reference model with SM-like couplings to fermions
Free parameter $M(Z')$



CDF Run	Z' SM	$L(\text{pb}^{-1})$	Mass Limit @ 95 %
Run IA(92-93)	ee	20	505
Run IB(94-94)	ee	90	640
IIA (winter 04)	ee	200	750
	$\mu\mu$		590
	$\mu\mu$		735

Run I limits exceeded!

E6 Model Z': del Aguilia et al., Nuc Phys B287 (87)
Unification of strong and EWK forces at GUT

$$E6 \rightarrow (SO(10) \rightarrow SU(5) \times U(1)_\chi) \times U(1)_\psi$$

$$Z' = Z_\psi \sin\theta_{E6} + Z_\chi \cos\theta_{E6}$$

$$Z_\eta, Z_I \leftrightarrow \theta_{E6} = \sin^{-1}\sqrt{3/8}, \sin^{-1}\sqrt{5/8}$$

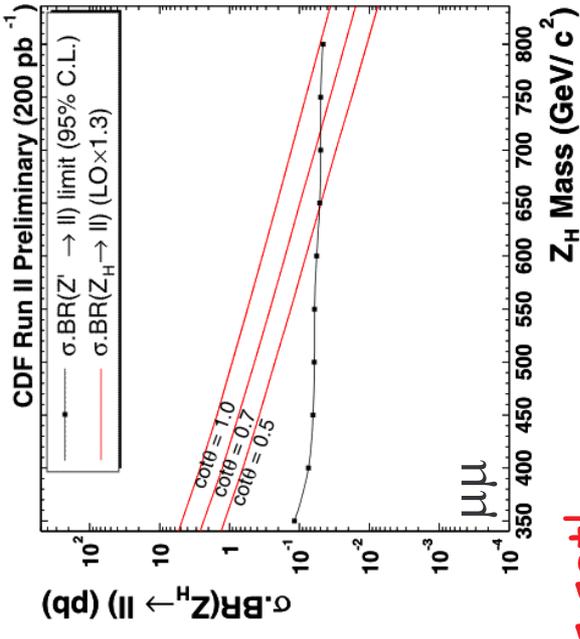
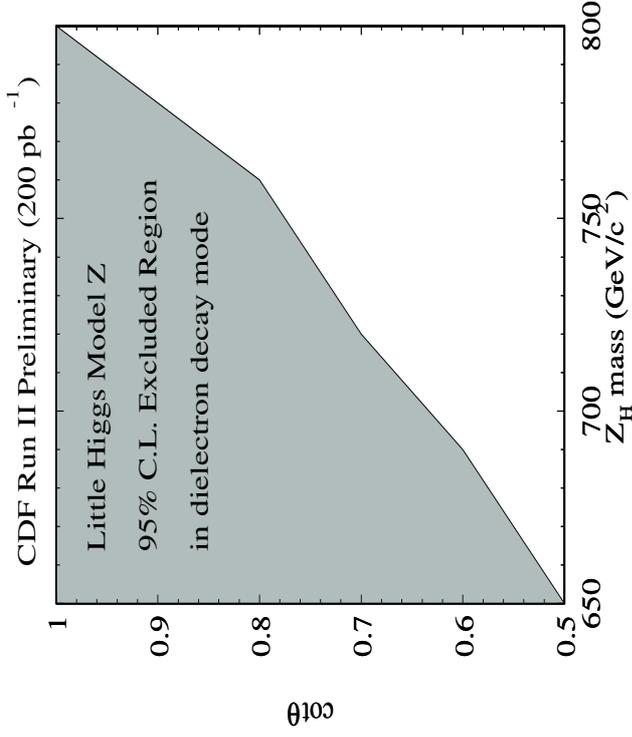


Spin-1 Dilepton Limits



Little Higgs Z'

Solve fine-tuning and hierarchy by canceling divergences of Higgs mass
SU(2) Z_H coupling parameter $\cot\theta$



First limits set!

Littlest Higgs Z_H ($\rightarrow ee$)

$M(Z_H) > 800$ GeV/c² for $\cot\theta = 1.0$

$M(Z_H) > 755$ GeV/c² for $\cot\theta = 0.9$

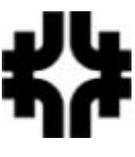
Arkani-Hamed, Cohen, Georgi, Phys. Lett. B 513, 232, 2001
Han, Logan, McElrath, Wang, Phys. Rev. D 67, 095004, 2003

SUSY 2004

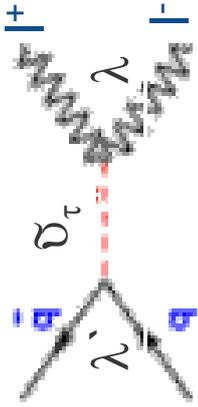
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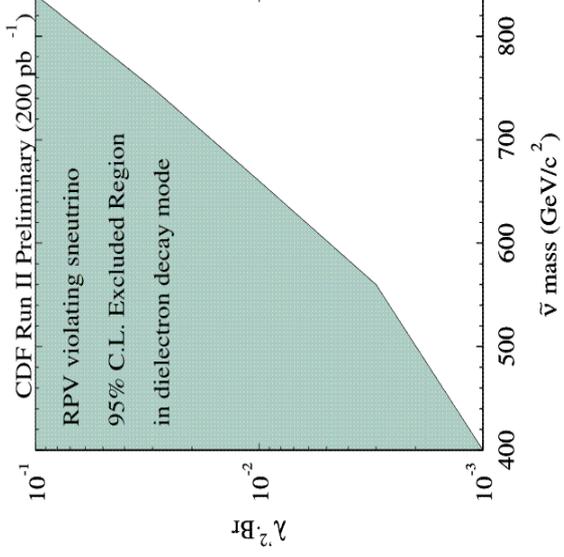
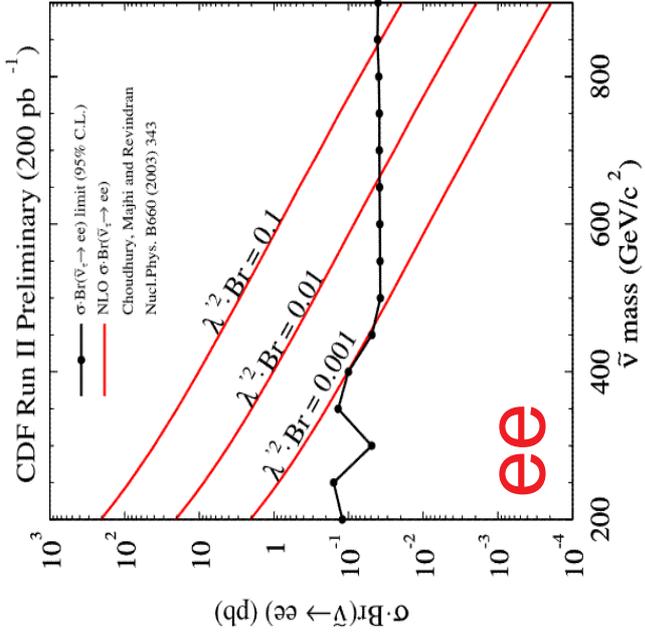
Spin-0 new physics limits

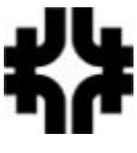


~~R_P~~ sneutrino



$\lambda^2 \cdot Br$	CC (GeV)	CP (GeV)	CC+CP (GeV)
0.1	830	710	840
0.01	650	550	660
0.001	400	340	400





Summary and Conclusions

- Many searches for new physics at CDF are underway
- Presented: preliminary results in high mass $ee+\mu\mu+\gamma\gamma$ (200 pb^{-1})
 - ✓ Surpassed the sensitivity and results of Run I high mass dilepton searches
 - ✓ Limits shown either exceed any published results of direct searches or are the first limits ever!
- Lots more CDF data to analyse
- Combined results and publications are on the way

**Many new exciting results from CDF
and more coming soon!**