



# Search for Exclusive ee and $\gamma\gamma$

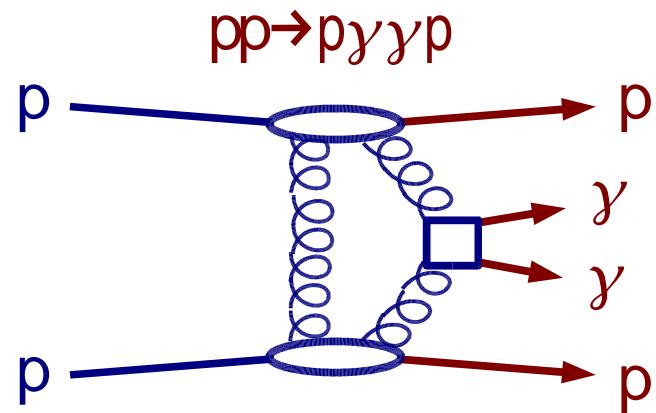
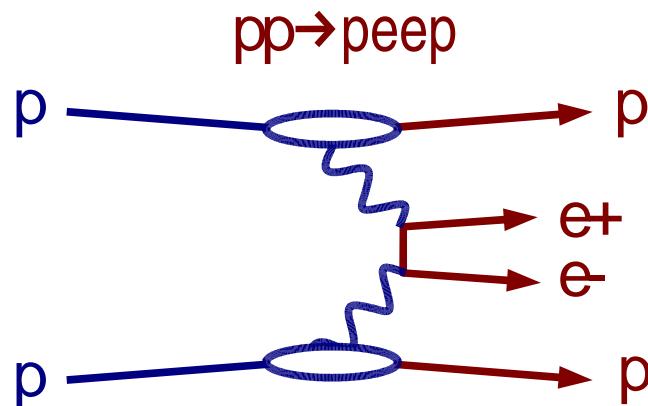


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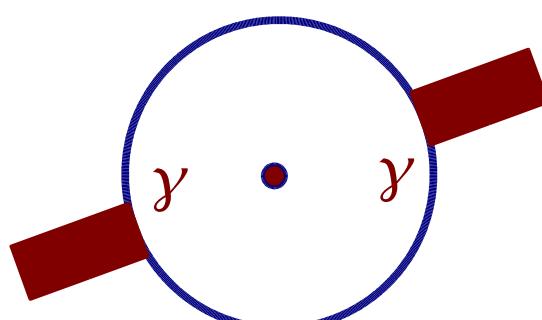
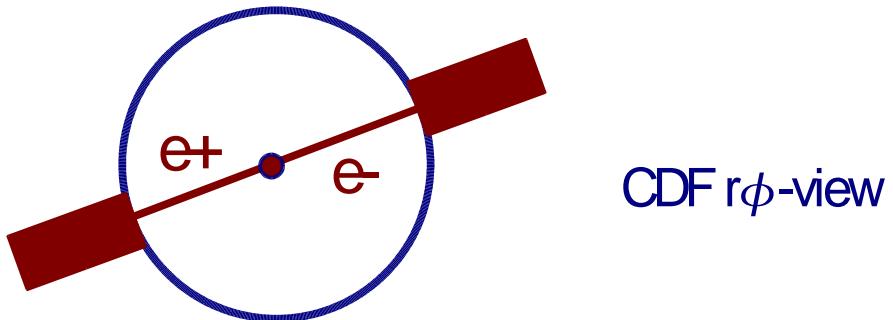
Andrew Hamilton, University of Alberta  
(peeps: Mike Albrow, Bryan Caron, Beate Heinemann, and Jim Pinfold)

# Exclusive Interactions

Exclusive Interaction: An in-elastic interaction in which both proton and (anti-)proton escape without dissociating.



Fundamentally different production mechanisms (QED vs. QCD), yet their detector signatures are nearly identical, *and* easily distinguishable.



# Tevatron



$p\bar{p}$  collisions @  $\sqrt{s}=1.96$  TeV

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{inst}} = 20 \text{ to } 160 \times 10^{30} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$\overline{\Delta t}_{\text{bunch}} = 580 \text{ ns}$$

radius = 1 km  
36 bunches

$$\sigma_{\text{inel}} = 60 \text{ mb}$$

$$\overline{n} = \sigma_{\text{inel}} \mathcal{L}_{\text{inst}} \overline{\Delta t}_{\text{bunch}}$$

~ 1 to 6 interactions per crossing

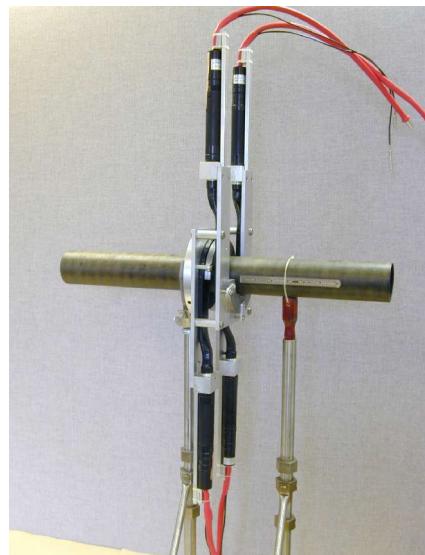
very important when searching for exclusive states without proton taggers



# CDF II Detector



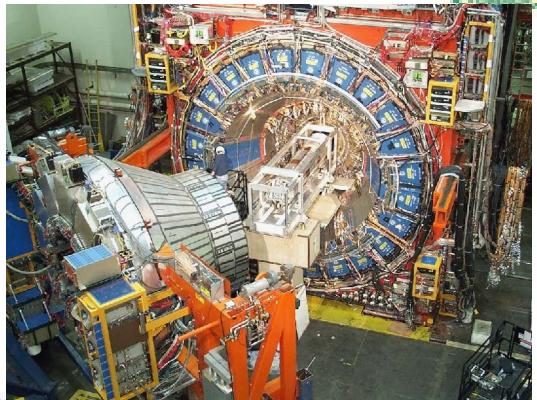
MiniPlug Calorimeter  
 $3.5 < |\eta| < 5.5$



Beam Shower Counter  $5.5 < |\eta| < 6$

Plug and Central Calorimeters  
 $|\eta| < 3.5$

$|\eta| < 3.5$



COT Tracker  
 $|\eta| < 1 (2)$





# Caveat: No Background Subtracted



Background studies have not been finalized,  
so they are not public yet.

All plots shown have ***no background subtracted***

Background studies in progress include:

- inclusive events faking exclusive events
- hadrons faking electrons and  $\gamma$ s



# Analysis Methodology



## Data Collection:

- Trigger: east+west BSC veto and 2 EM towers with  $E_T > 4 \text{ GeV}$
- Running period: 7 December 2004 to 19 July 2005
- Total luminosity  $325 \pm 26 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

## Event Selection:

- apply EM object cuts (require 2 EM objects)
- apply exclusive cuts to all towers outside EM objects
- apply tracking cuts to EM objects to distinguish  $e$  from  $\gamma$

### EM object cuts

- $E_T > 5.0 \text{ GeV}$
- $|\eta| < 1.0$
- $\text{had}/\text{em} < 0.055 + 0.00045 * E$
- CES fiducial
- CES  $\chi^2 < 20.0$

### Exclusive cuts

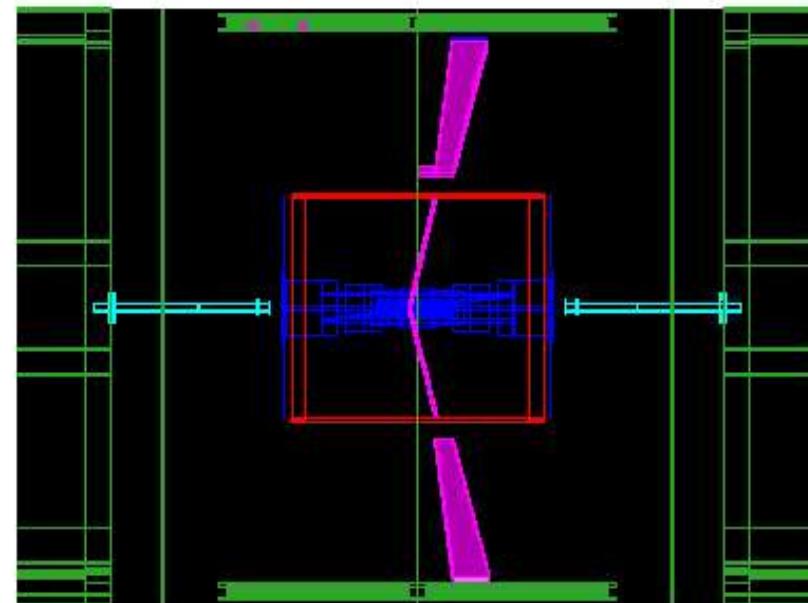
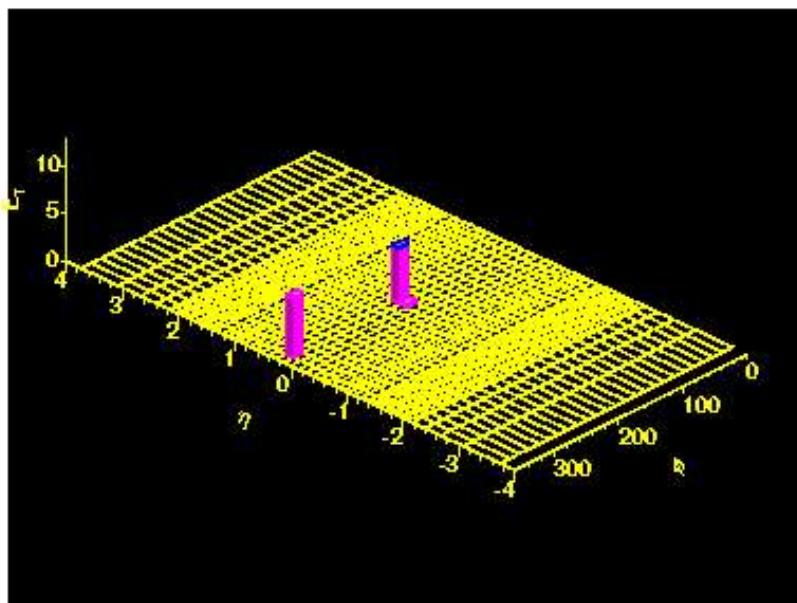
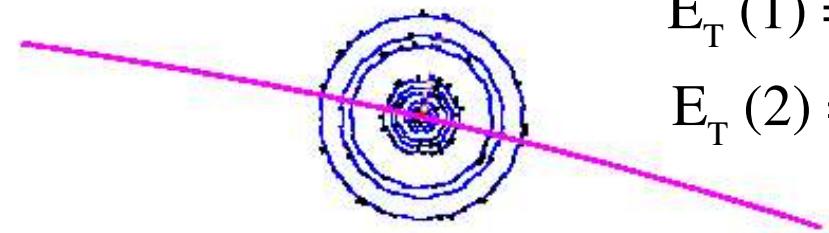
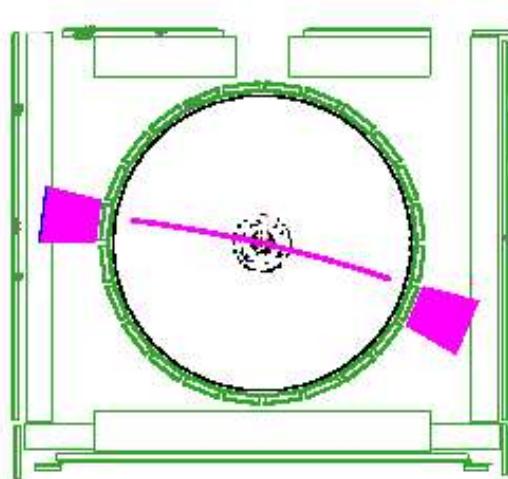
- Central  $E_T < 200 \text{ MeV}$
- Low Plug  $E_T < 100 \text{ MeV}$
- Mid Plug  $E_T < 100 \text{ MeV}$
- Fwd Plug  $E_T < 70 \text{ MeV}$
- Mini Plug  $E_T < 10 \text{ MeV}$
- BSC ADC < 300 counts

### Tracking cuts

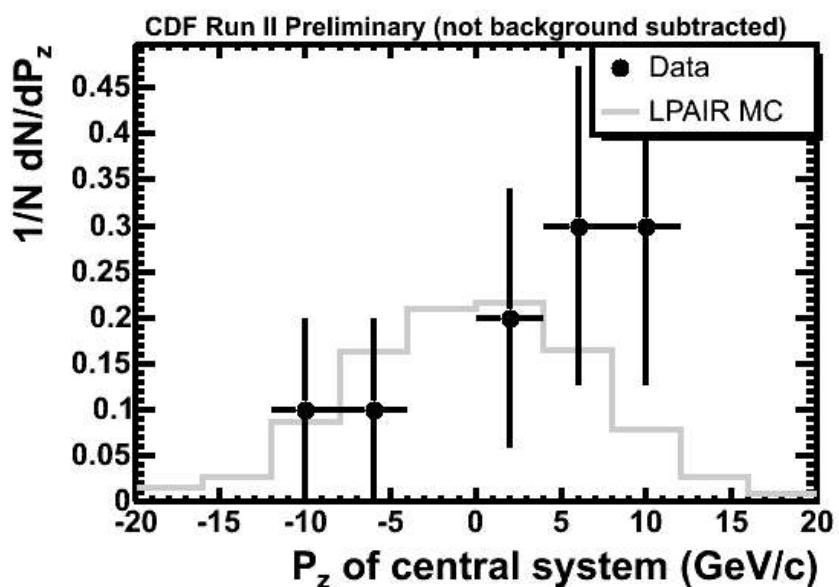
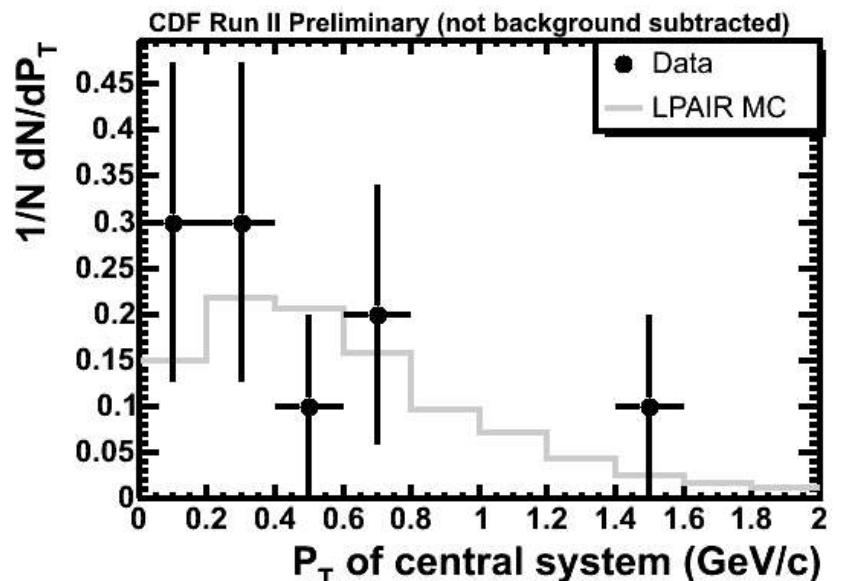
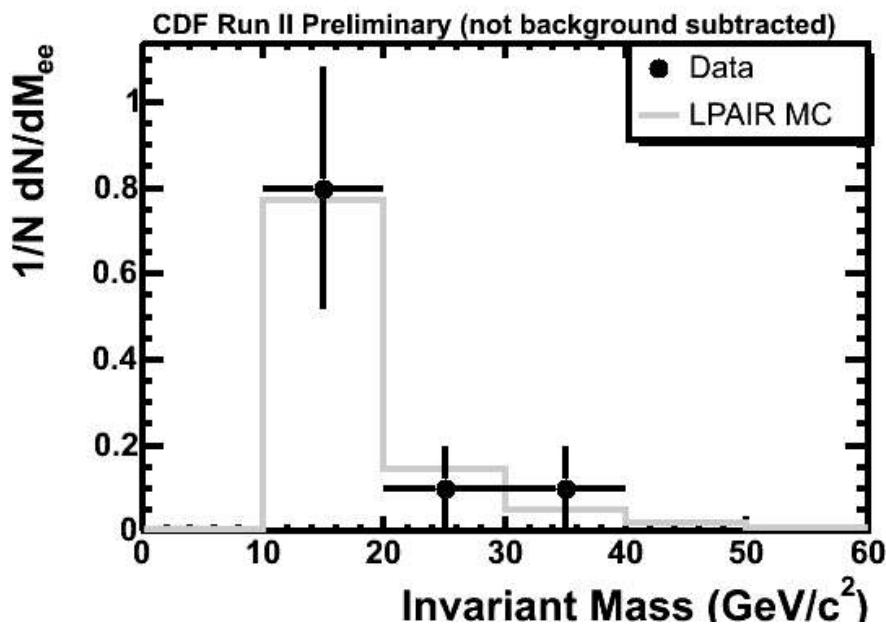
- $e$  • n tracks = 1
- track  $p_T > 1.0$
- $\gamma$  • n tracks = 0

# ee Candidate Events

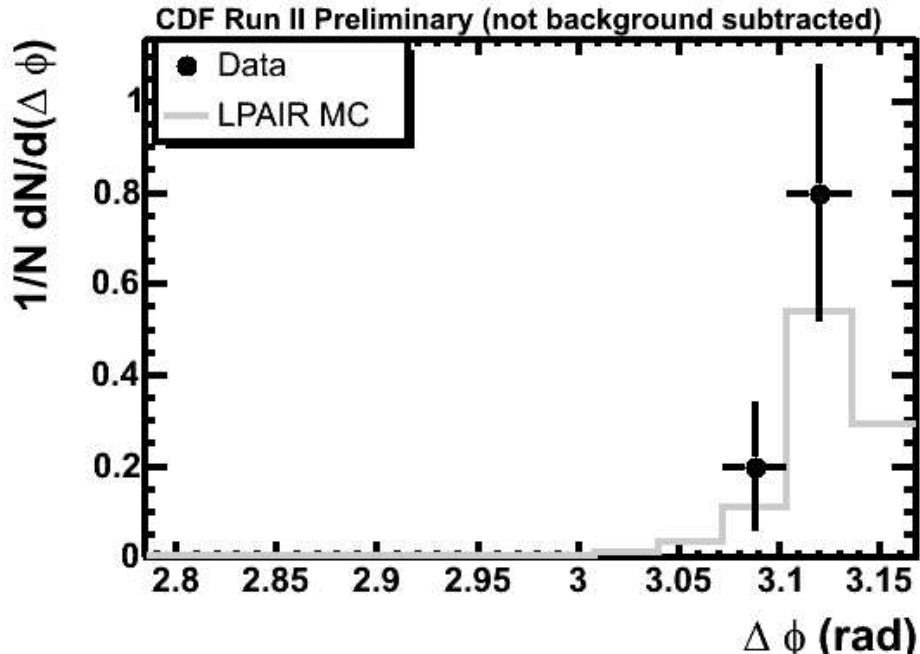
10 ee candidate events



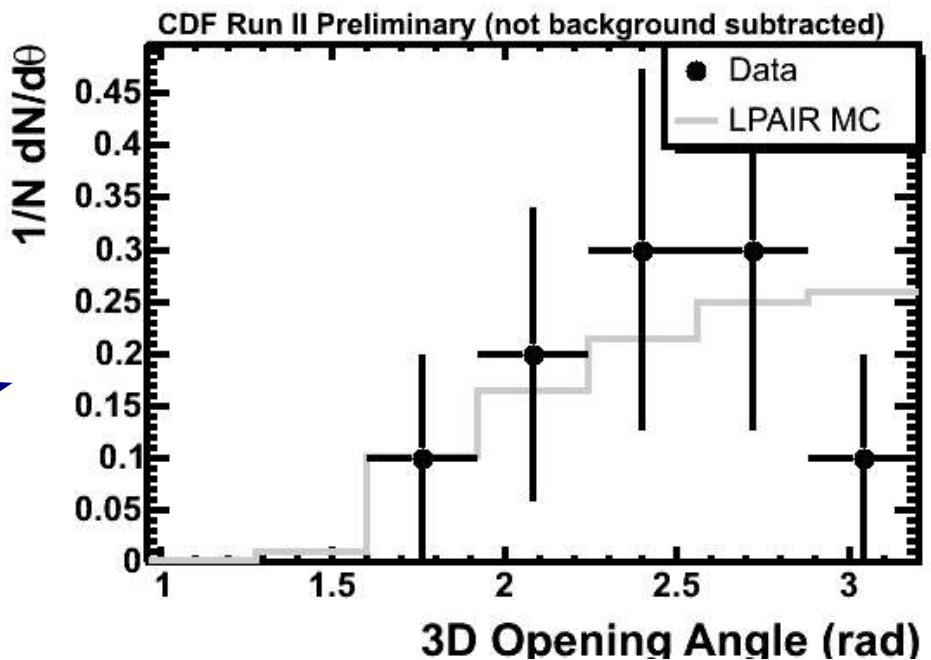
# ee Candidates vs. LPAIR MC



# ee Candidates vs. LPAIR MC



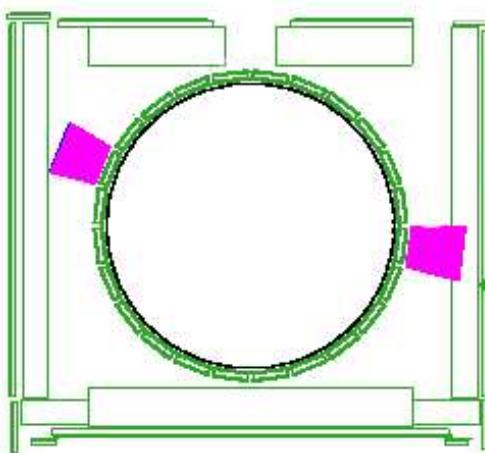
back-to-back in  $\phi$



not collinear

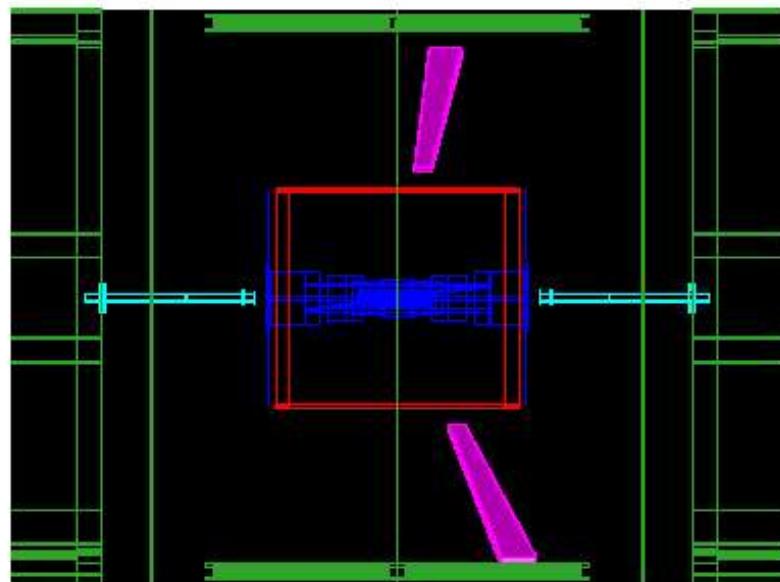
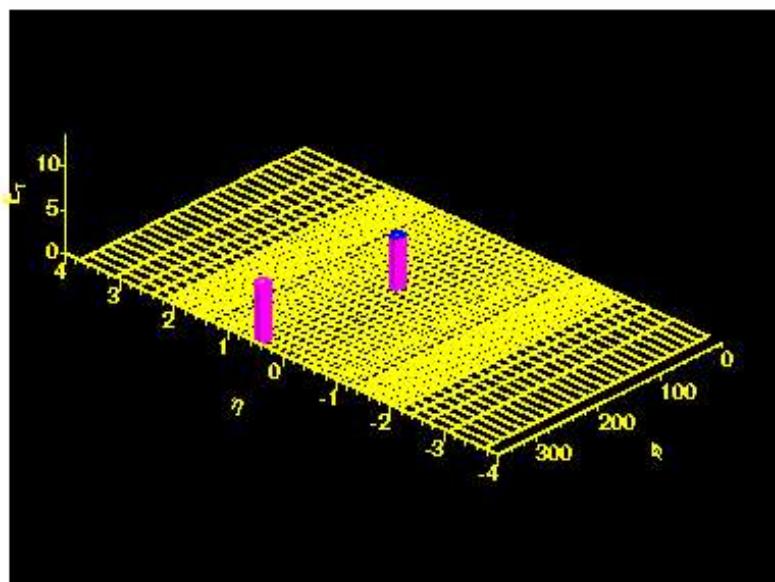
# $\gamma\gamma$ Candidate Events

3  $\gamma\gamma$  candidate events

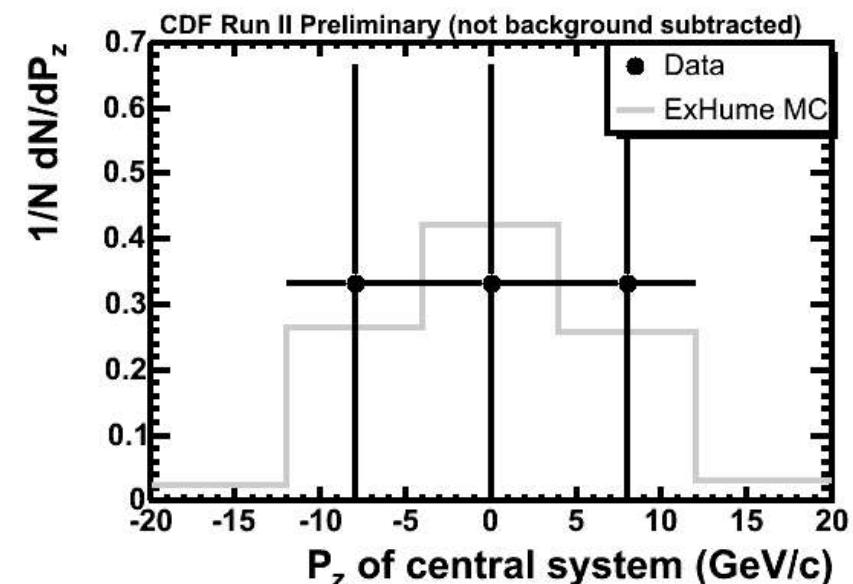
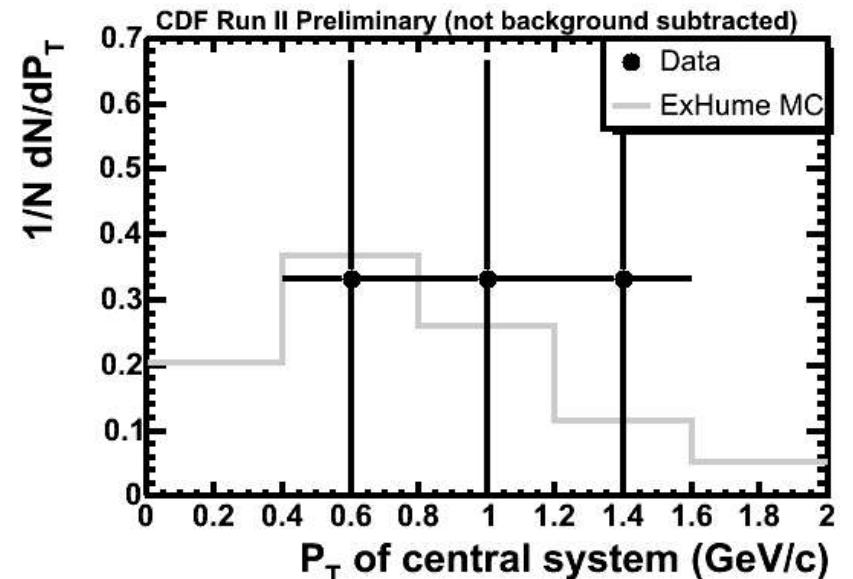
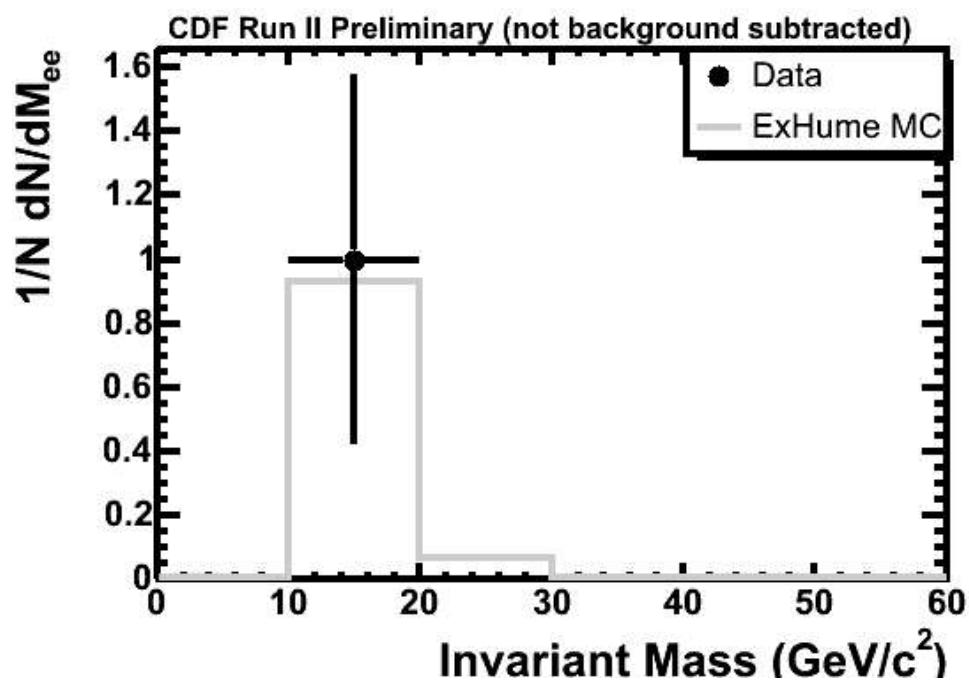


$$E_T(1) = 6.8 \text{ GeV}$$

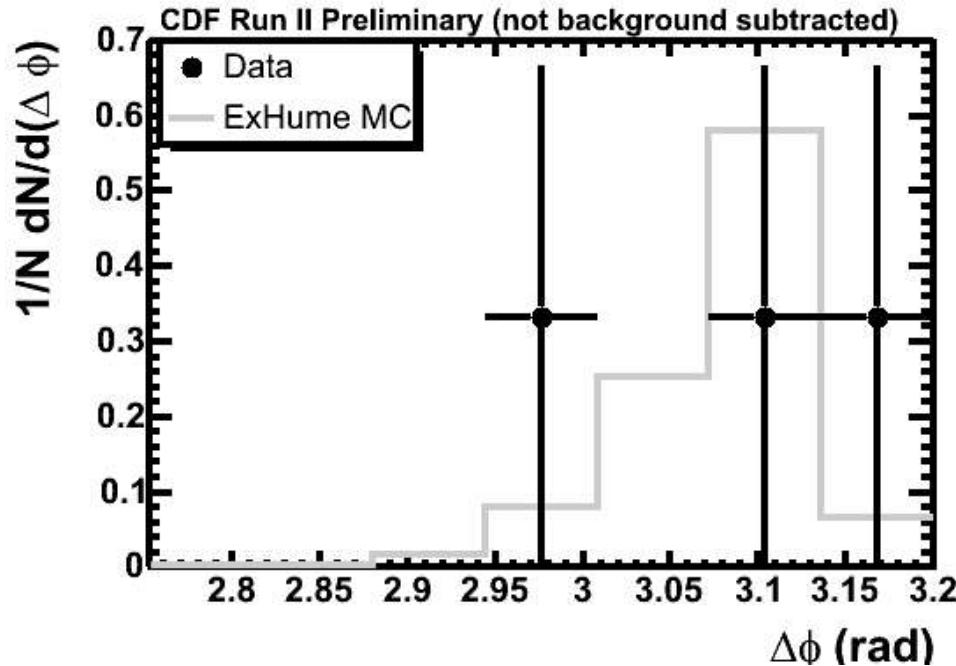
$$E_T(2) = 5.9 \text{ GeV}$$



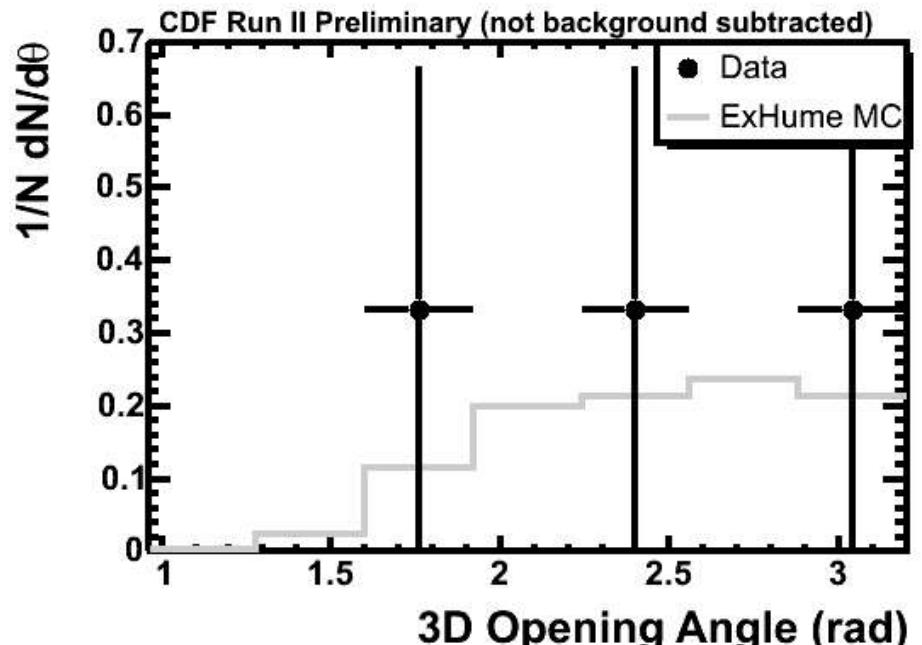
# $\gamma\gamma$ Candidates vs. ExHume MC



# $\gamma\gamma$ Candidates vs. ExHume MC



lower  $\phi$  resolution (no track)





# Efficiency



Efficiency to trigger, reconstruct, and identify both e's (or  $\gamma$ 's):

$$\epsilon_{ee/\gamma\gamma} = 0.6 \pm 0.1$$

Efficiency for ee pair to not Bremsstrahlung into 2 separate CDF EM objects:

$$\epsilon_{fsr} = 0.7 \pm 0.1$$

Efficiency for  $\gamma\gamma$  pair to not convert into 2 separate CDF EM objects:

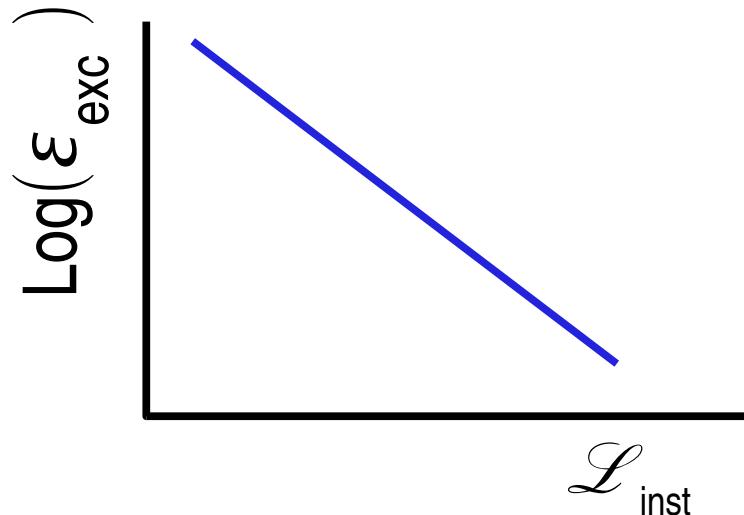
$$\epsilon_{conv} = 0.9 \pm 0.1$$



# Effective Luminosity



Concept:



$$\varepsilon_{\text{exc}} \approx e^{-\sigma_{\text{inel}} \mathcal{L}}$$

$\varepsilon_{\text{exc}}$  is the probability that the detector is in a state that can observe an exclusive interaction (no multiple interaction, beam halo, noise etc)

Effective luminosity:  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} \equiv \int \varepsilon_{\text{exc}} \mathcal{L}_{\text{inst}} dt$

Calculated from data:  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = 40 \pm 10 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  → replaces  $\int \mathcal{L} dt$



# Expected Number of Events



How do the number of candidates compare with expectations?

***Do not make a cross section from this!***

No backgrounds have been subtracted.

$$pp \rightarrow peep: N_{\text{expected}} = 9 \pm 3 \text{ events}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{LPAIR}} = 582 \pm 4 \text{ fb}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} \quad \epsilon_{ee/\gamma\gamma} \quad \epsilon_{\text{fsr}}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{KMR/ExHume}} = 4 \pm (\times 3) \text{ fb}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} \quad \epsilon_{ee/\gamma\gamma} \quad \epsilon_{\text{conv}}$$

$$pp \rightarrow p\gamma\gamma p: N_{\text{expected}} = 1^{+3}_{-1} \text{ events}$$



# Conclusions and Outlook



## Conclusions:

- Found 10 events which appear consistent with  $pp \rightarrow p e p e$
- Found 3 events which appear consistent with  $pp \rightarrow p \gamma \gamma p$
- *However, background estimations are not complete*

## Outlook:

- We will complete the background estimates
- We will extend analysis into  $|\eta| < 1.5$  (maybe 2)
- We will add another  $100\text{pb}^{-1}$  (maybe  $200\text{pb}^{-1}$ )
- We can try to recover the FSR and conversion losses