

Searches for New Particles at

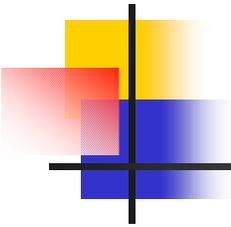


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TUFTS University

(on behalf of the CDF collaboration)

Les Arcs, March 2003



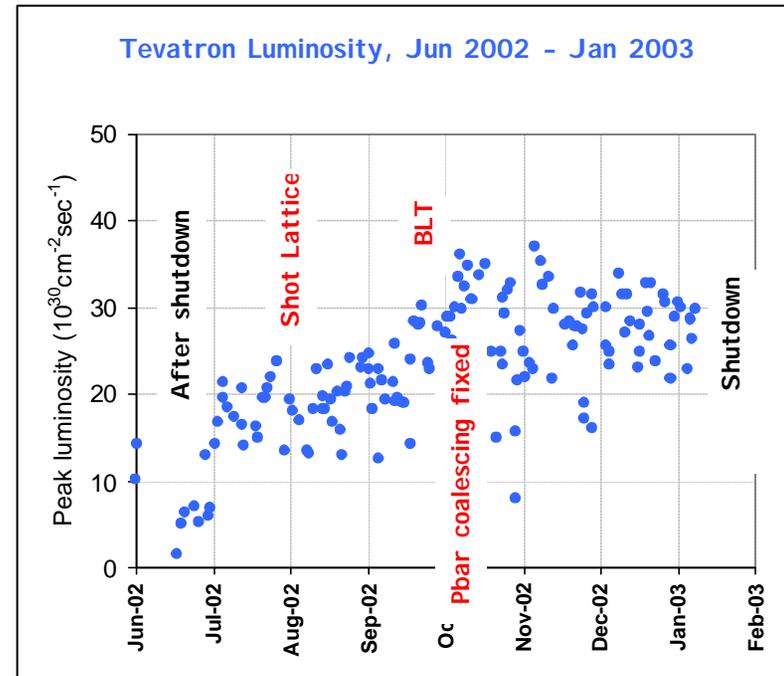
Outline of the Talk

- Status of the machine and the CDF detector
- Analysis strategies at CDF II
- **First Run II results**
 - Searches for new particles in DY spectrum
 - Z' and Randall-Sundrum Graviton
 - Searches for new resonances in the dijet spectrum
 - New limits on LeptoQuarks in the dielectrons + jets channel
 - Search for doubly charged Higgs
 - Searches for CHArged Massive ParticleS
 - searches for new physics involving photons
- SUSY
 - Run II status
 - latest results from Run I

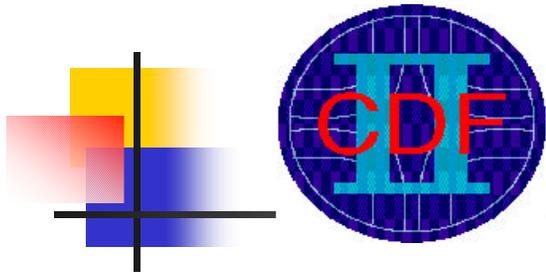
Machine Status

Accelerator Status

- ◇ $\sqrt{s} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$
- ◇ $\mathcal{L} \sim 2 \div 3 \times 10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- ◇ $\mathcal{L}^{int} = 180 \text{ pb}^{-1}$



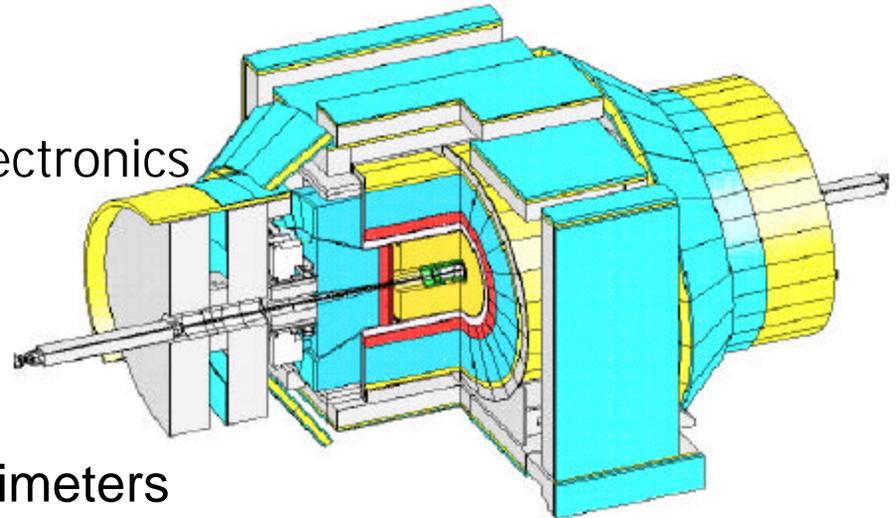
<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Current Performance</u>	<u>FY03 Goal</u>	<u>Run II Goal</u>	
Typical Luminosity	3.2e31	6.6e31	33e31	$\text{cm}^{-2} \text{sec}^{-1}$
Integrated Luminosity	6.0	12.0	70.0	$\text{pb}^{-1}/\text{week}$

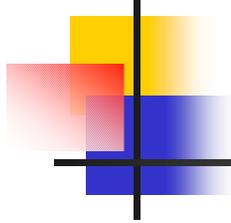


Improvements from Run I

- New central tracker drift chamber
 - $N_{\text{axial}} = N_{\text{stereo}} = 48$,
 - $Dp_t/p_t < 0.001 p_t$
- New silicon vertex detector
 - 7 layer, 3-D reconstruction, $|h| < 2$
- New front-end, DAQ and trigger electronics
 - Fully digital trigger
 - L1 tracking trigger
 - L2 secondary vertex trigger
- New Scintillating tile end-plug calorimeters
- Increased $\eta\phi$ coverage for muon detectors
- New scintillator based Time of Flight system

Taking physics quality data since Feb 2002





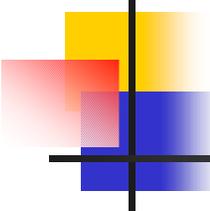
Analysis Strategies

- Two different approaches will be actively pursued in Run II in a complementary way:
- A) Traditional model driven analyses
 - pick a favorite theoretical model/ pick a process, choose the best signature(s): optimize selection acceptances based on signal MC
 - calculate the expected background
 - evaluate the limit or discover a new signal
- B) Signature-based approach
 - pick a specific signature (i.e. diphoton+X)
 - define the sample in terms of known processes
 - publish estimates of acceptances & cross section information useful for theorists
 - see an excess? Inconsistency with SM? Test one or more models later

☺ **best optimization!**

☹ **model might become soon outdated!**

☹ **not best optimization but...** ☺ **open to a whole lot of models!**
An unbiased study is fundamental for data understanding



Model Based Results

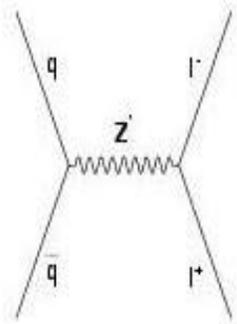
- Searches for new particles in DY spectrum
 - additional neutral gauge bosons
 - ExtraDimensions
- Search for 1st generation Leptoquarks in dielectrons + jets
- Search for doubly charged Higgs
- SUSY

Search for New Resonances in High Mass Dileptons

- **New neutral gauge bosons**

various extensions of the SM
parameter $M(Z')$

resonance in dileptons channel



- **ExtraDimensions**

Hierarchy problem : $M_{Pl} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{G_N}} \approx 10^{19} \text{ GeV} \gg M_W$

- **Arkani-Hamed, Dimopoulos, Dvali (ADD) models:**

- Gravity can propagate in large extra dimensions

$$\Rightarrow M_{Pl}^2 \sim R^n M_D^{n+2}$$

- n : number of extra dimensions
 - R : size of those compactified extra dimensions

- M_D of the order of the TeV is possible

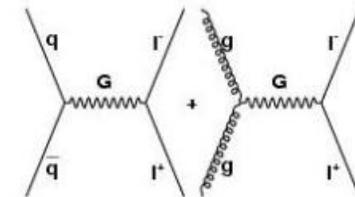
- **Randall-Sundrum graviton model**

4-dimensional metric multiplied by *warp* factor
exponentially changing with the additional dimension

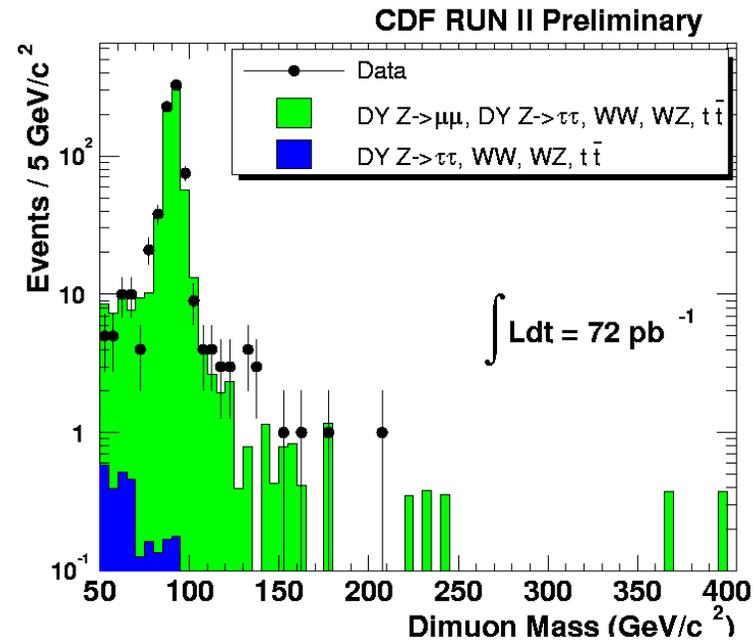
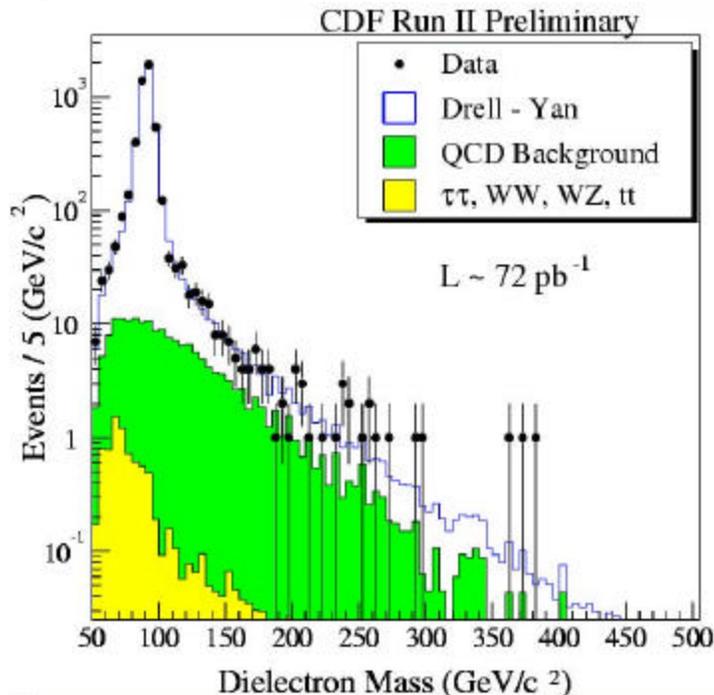
→ Generating a large hierarchy does not require a large r_c

The coupling of individual KK states to matter is set by
the weak scale (parameters : M_G and k/M_{Pl} lanck)

KK states can be observed as spin 2 resonances



Drell Yan Spectra



Background sources:

DY events

QCD misidentified events

Electroweak dileptons events (WW,WZ,tt ..)

Cosmic rays (dimuons) negligible at high mass

Data consistent with SM background

Z' Limits

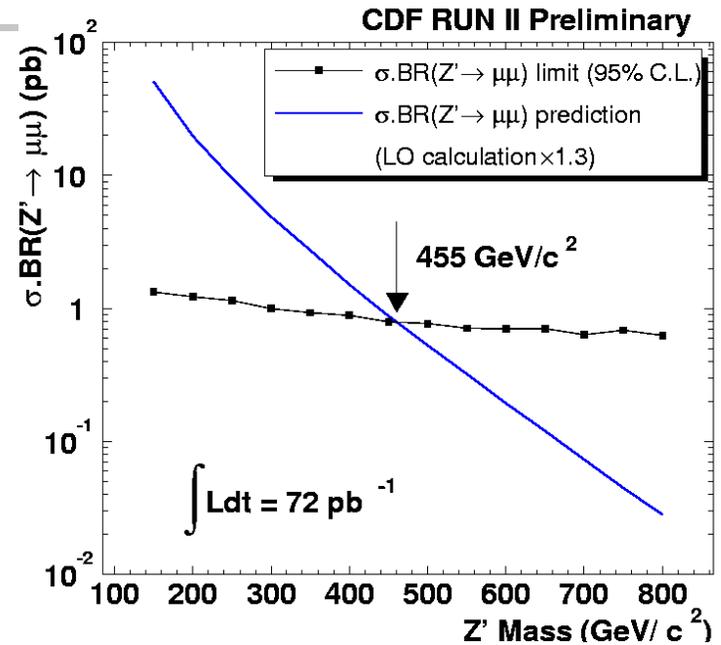
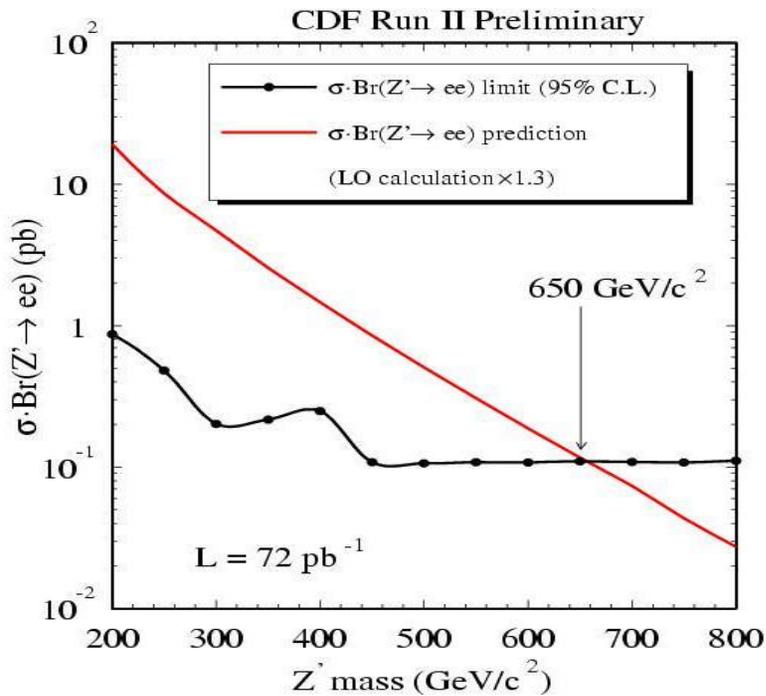


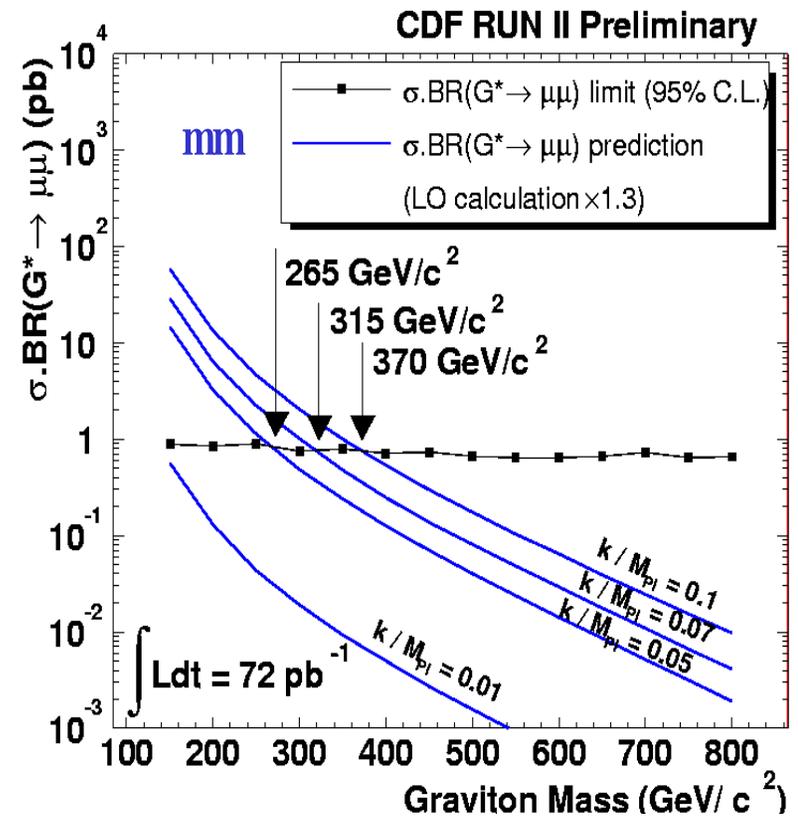
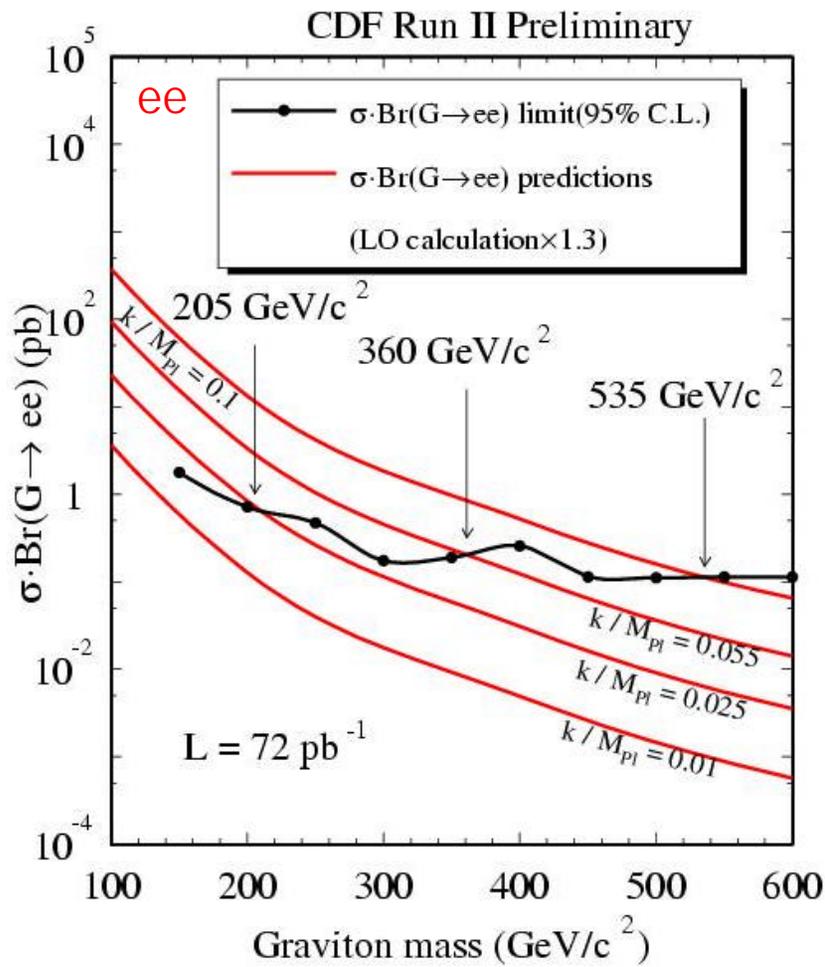
Table 1: History of CDF neutral boson searches in dimuon channel.

● **Z' search history (e^+e^- mode).**

run	Luminosity (pb^{-1})	Mass limit (95% C.L.) (GeV/c^2)
1988 - 1989 (Run0)	4.05	387
1992 - 1993 (RunIa)	19.7	505
1994 - 1995 (RunIb)	90	640
141544 - 145654 (RunIIa)	10.4	460
141544 - 154799 (RunIIa)	51.2	630

CDF run	Luminosity (pb^{-1})	$M_{Z',95\%C.L.}$ (GeV/c^2)
Run IA	18.8	440
Run IB	88.6	575
Run IIA (summer '02)	16	275
Run IIA (winter '03)	72.0	455

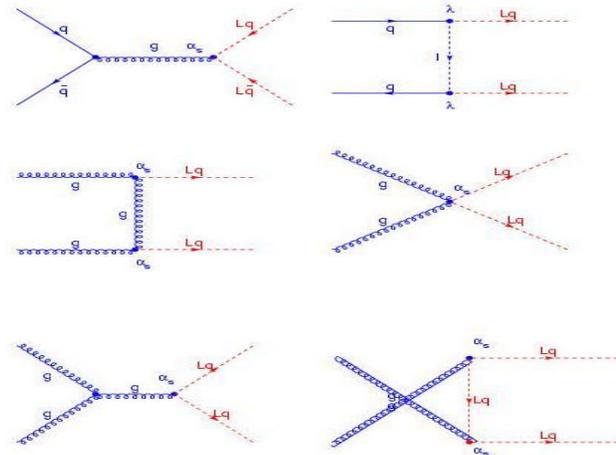
Limits : R-S Graviton



Search for 1st Generation scalar LeptoQuarks

■ Production

- $qg \rightarrow LQ + LQbar$
- $gg \rightarrow LQ + LQbar$
- $qqbar \rightarrow LQ + Lqbar$



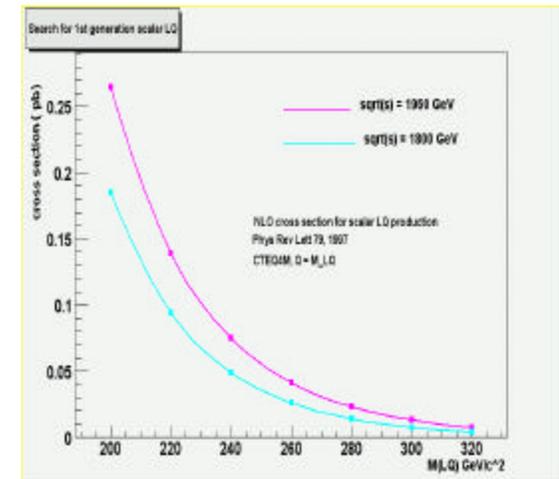
■ Decay

- $LQLQ \rightarrow l^+l^-qq$,
- $LQLQ \rightarrow l^\pm nqq$,
- $LQLQ \rightarrow nnqq$

$$\beta = \text{Br}(LQ \rightarrow eq)$$

■ Experimental signature:

- 2 high pt isolated leptons + jets
- MET + jets
- one isolated lepton + MET + jets



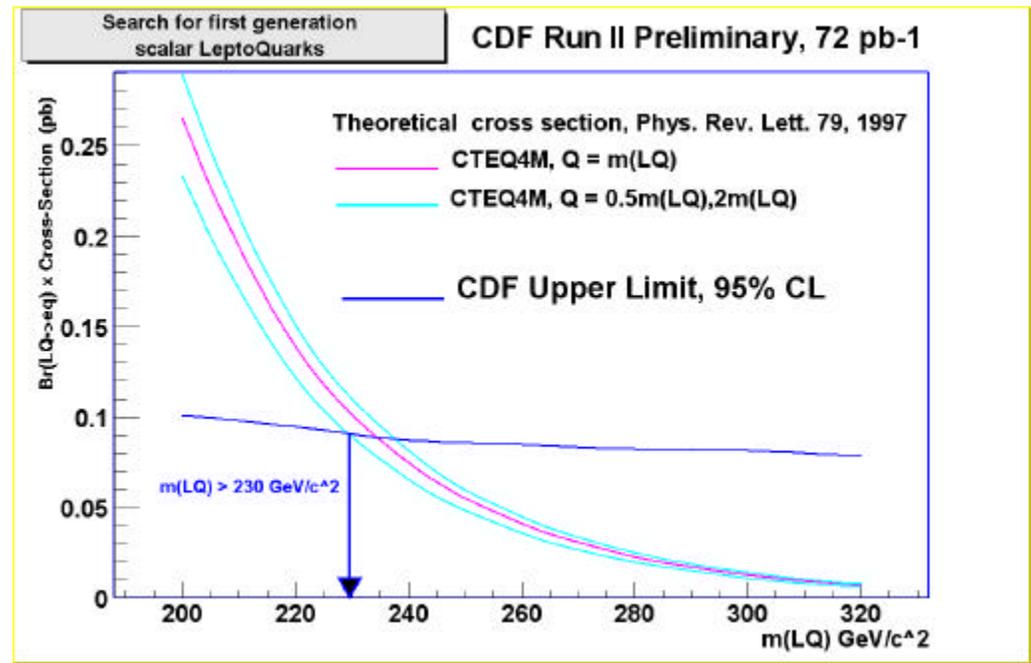
Search for First Generation scalar LQ

- 2 central electrons with $E_T > 25$ GeV
- 2 jets with $E_T(j1) > 30$ and $E_T(j2) > 15$ GeV
- removal of events with $76 < M_{ee} < 110$ GeV/c²
- $E_T(j1) + E_T(j2) > 85$ GeV && $E_T(e1) + E_T(e2) > 85$ GeV
- $\sqrt{((E_T(j1) + E_T(j2)))^2 + (E_T(e1) + E_T(e2))^2)} > 200$ GeV

0 events observed

25% increase in the cross section
 ~factor 1/3 less luminosity
 acceptances slightly higher

$M(LQ) > 230$ GeV/c² @ 95% CL
 (Run I 220 GeV/c²)



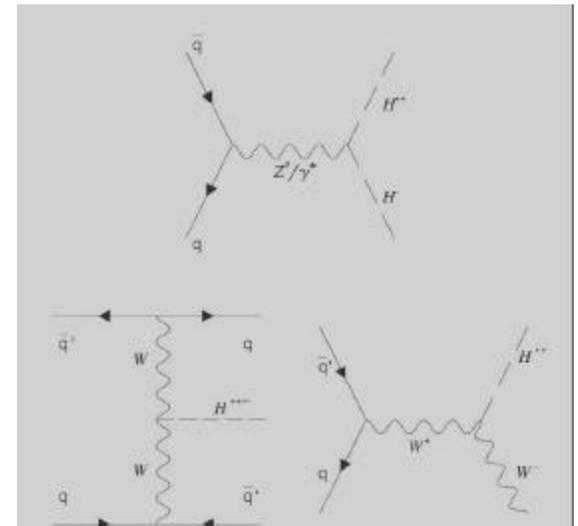
Search for doubly charged Higgs

- Doubly charged Higgs are members of Higgs triplets occurring in several types of models:
 - extensions of the Higgs sector of the SM
 - left-right symmetric models
 - SUSY left-right symmetric models
- responsible for symmetry breaking of $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \times U(1)_{B-L}$ down to $SU(2) \times U(1)_{EM}$
- Light neutrino masses naturally predicted (via seesaw mechanism)
- masses in the range of 1 TeV
 - LEP limit up to $100 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ (prompt and long lived)

At the TeVatron doubly charged Higgs can be paired-produced (Z exchange) or singly produced (WW fusion)
 x-section $\sim O(\text{fb})$

signature:

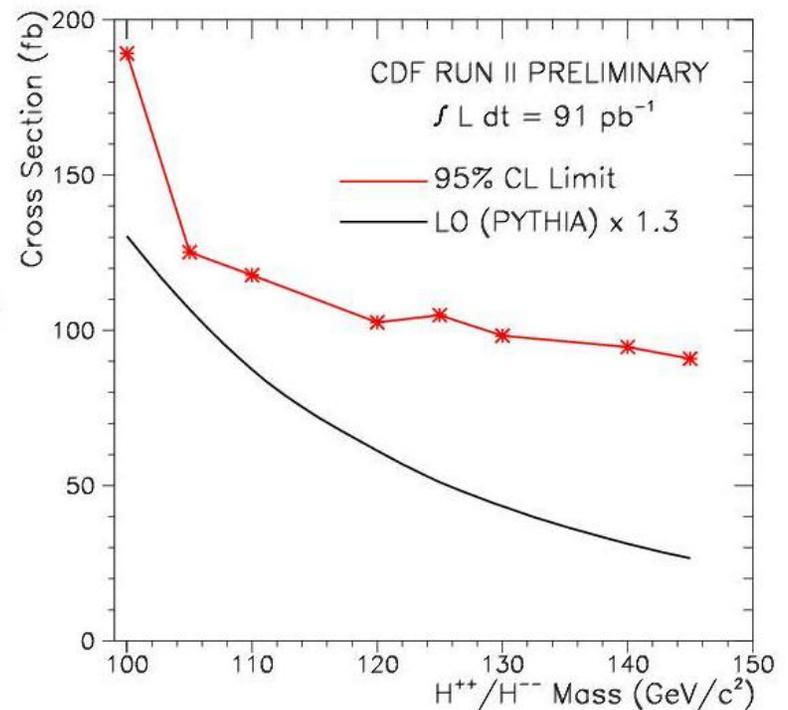
same sign leptons



Search for doubly charged Higgs

- Same sign dielectron mass distribution is used to search for doubly charged Higgs of a given mass
 - search region defined as of $\pm 10\%$ of Higgs mass
 - signal region above the Z mass
 - low mass region as control region
- Very low background
 - W/Z + misidentified jet
 - WZ production
 - opposite signed mis-measured electron

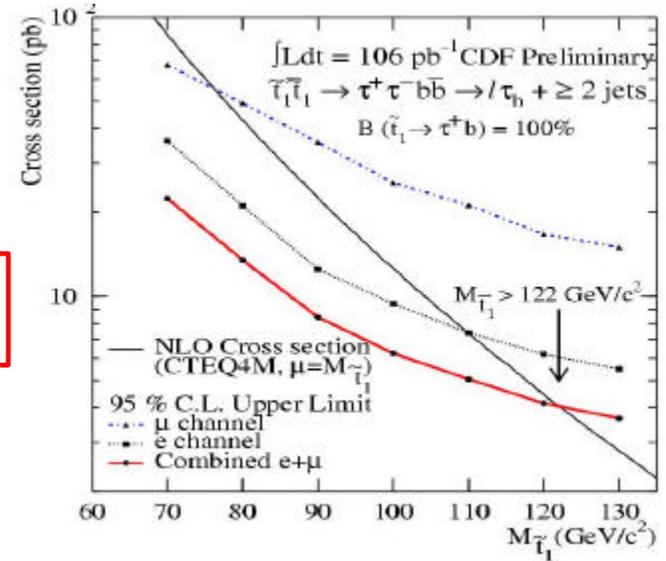
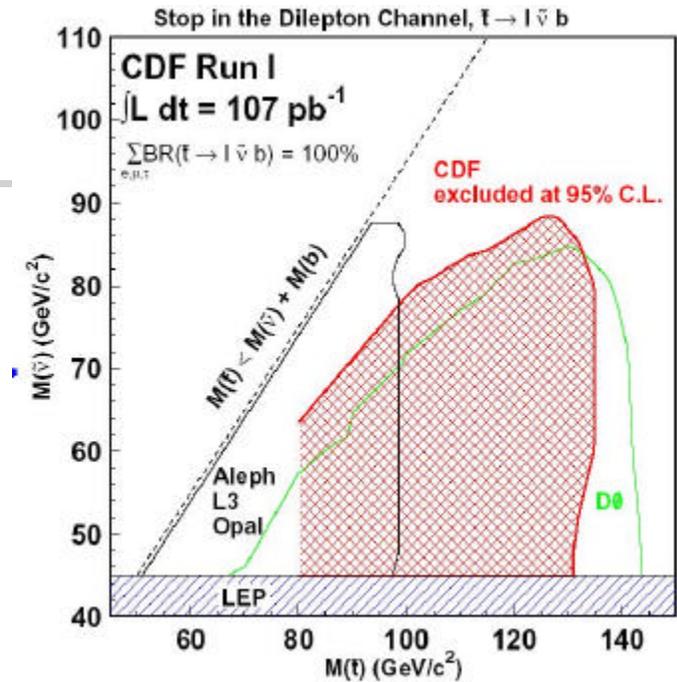
0 events observed



SUSY

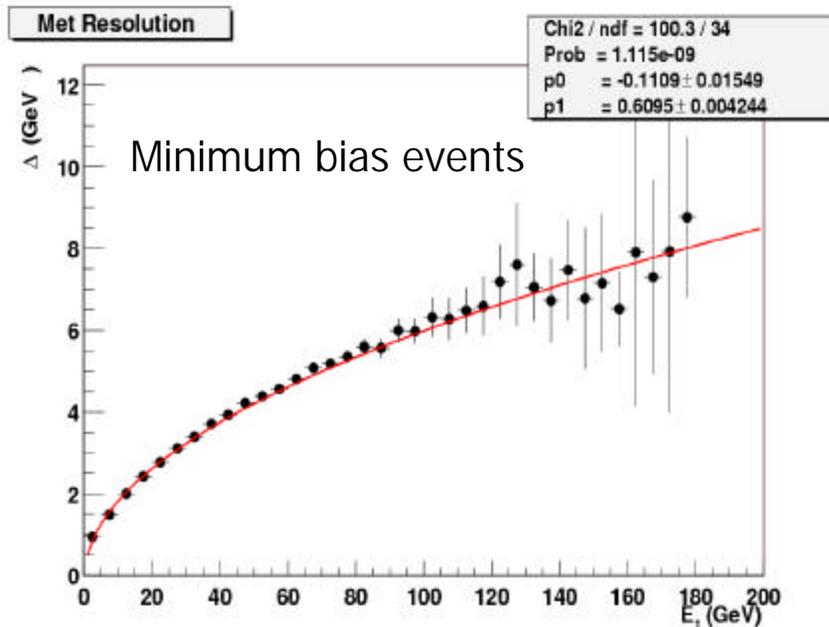
- Run II statistics still too low to allow for extraction of signal from background
 - understanding of the main datasets is still in progress - results expected for APS
- Latest Run I results
 - Direct production of stop
 - assumes $\text{Br}(\text{stop} \rightarrow l \tilde{\nu} b) = 100\%$
 - 2 l^+l^- isolated pair
 - ≥ 1 jet and significant MET
 - main background:
 - tt, bb, VV, DY
 - RPV stop
 - assumes $\text{Br}(\text{stop} \rightarrow t b) = 100\%$
 - consider τ -lepton (μ, e) final state

3rd generation

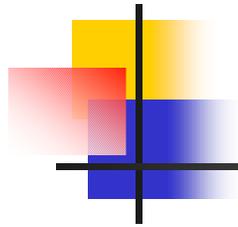


Exotic Triggers

- Several new triggers have been implemented and are currently used and/or validated
 - Missing E_T
 - Missing E_T + heavy flavors
 - trigger for Higgs
 - Several Photons triggers
 - Inclusive photons, di-photons,
 - photon + leptons
 - photon + dijet
 - photon + heavy flavor
 - SUSY dileptons (low p_t threshold)



Run I: $0.53/\sqrt{\Sigma E_t}$ with forward cal. Use $|\eta| < 4.2$
Run II: $0.60/\sqrt{\Sigma E_t}$ with plug only $|\eta| < 3.6$
With miniplug $|\eta| < 5.5$

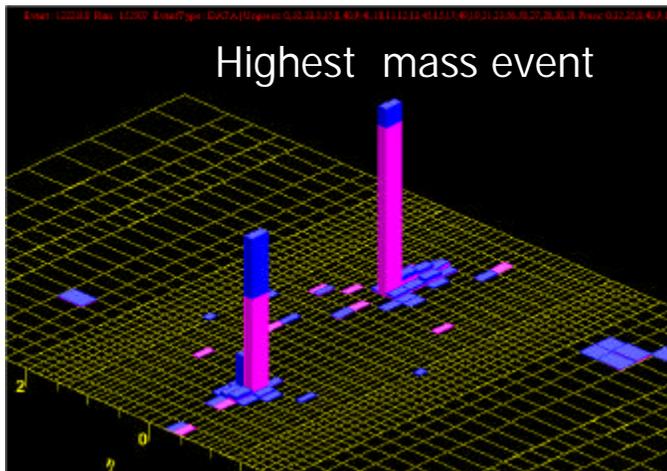


Signature-Based Searches

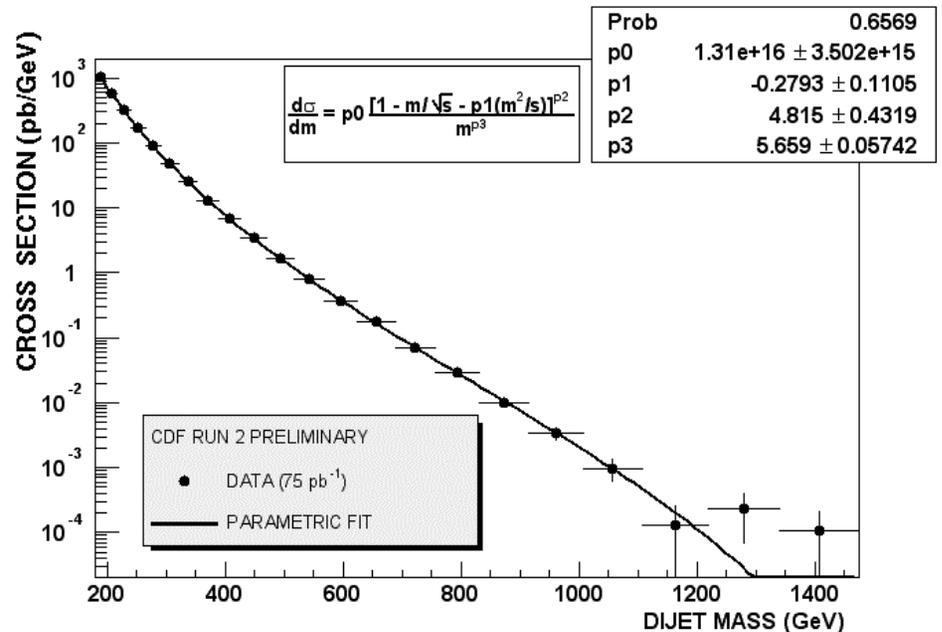
- Searches for mass bumps in the dijet spectrum
- Searches for CHArged Massive ParticleS
- Search for new physics involving photons

Search for Mass Bumps in Dijets

- Inclusive jet samples
- $MET/\sqrt{\Sigma E_T} < 6$ and $\Sigma E < 2.2$ TeV
- 2 highest E_T jets selected
- fit of the mass spectrum with a simple background parameterization and search for bumps comparable with the mass resolution.



Run 152507 event 1222318
 Dijet Mass = 1364 GeV/c²
 $\cos \theta^* = 0.30$
 z vertex = -25 cm



no significant evidence for a new particle signal

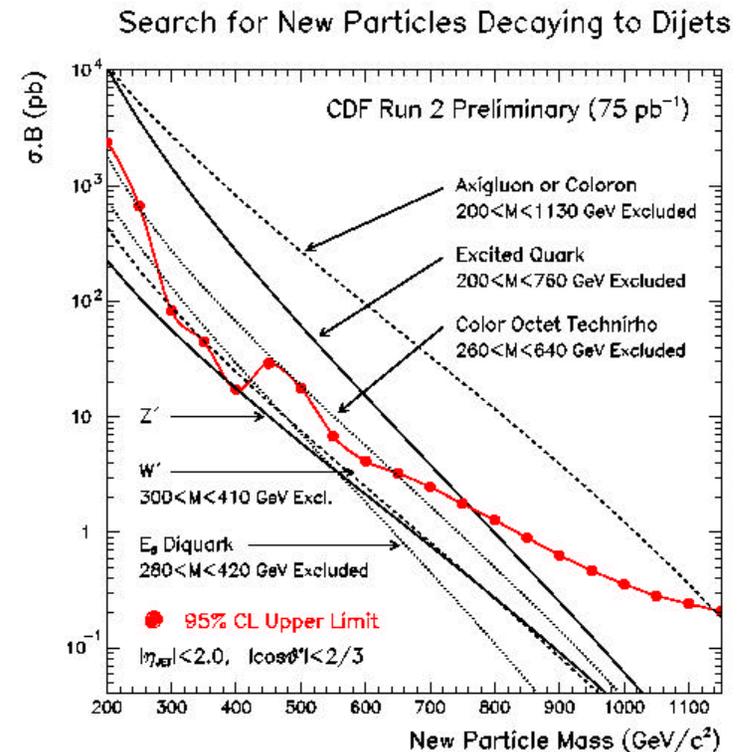
Calibration still in progress

Search for Mass Bumps in Dijets

Model	Particle	Production/Decay	$J^P(\text{color})$ & $\Gamma/2$
Chiral Color $SU(3)_L \times SU(3)_R$	Axigluon A		$1^+(8)$.05 M
Extended Technicolor	Coloron C		$1^-(8)$.05 M
Composite Fermions	Excited Quark q^*		$1/2^+(3)$.02 M
Superstring Inspired E6 Models	Diquarks D, D^c		$0^+(3)$.004 M

Excluded

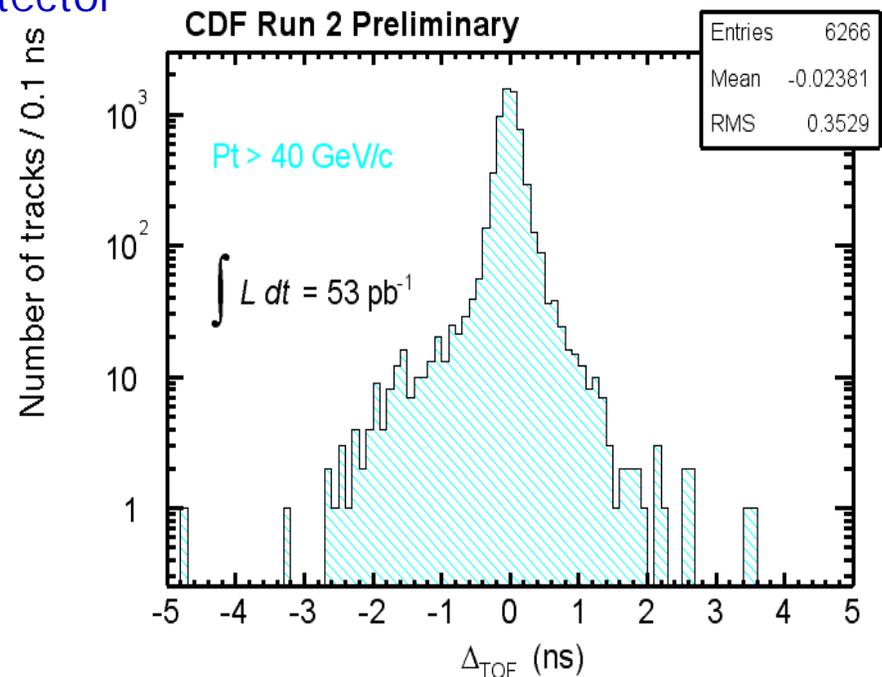
- Axigluons or flavor universal colorons
 - $200 < m < 1130 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- Excited quarks
 - $200 < m < \text{and } 760 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- Color octet technirhos
 - $260 < m < 640 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- E6 diquarks $280 < m < 420 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- W' $300 < m < 410 \text{ GeV}/c^2$



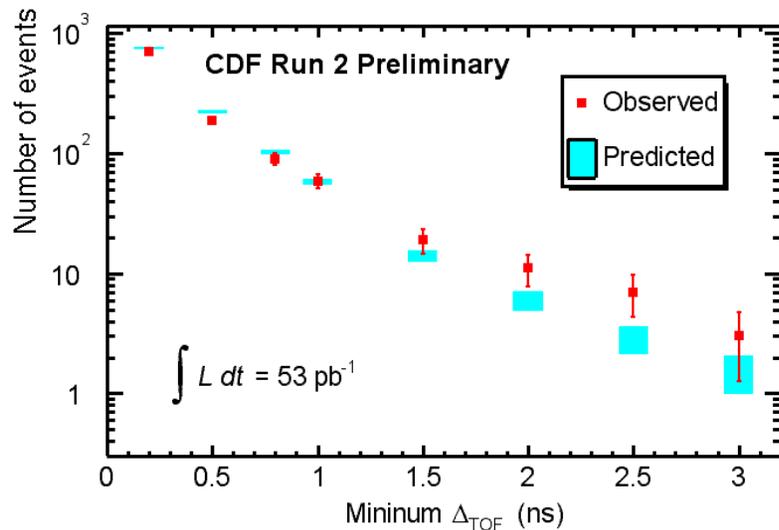
Results improved in
respect to CDF Run I

CHARGED Massive Particles

- Long lived particles escaping the CDF detector
 - looking at high p_t muon trigger
- Isolated, slow moving
 - $p_t > 40$ GeV/c to have full tracking efficiency
 - long time of flight through the detector
- TOF measurement
 - RunII TOF system provides sensitivity to higher $\beta\gamma$ than dE/dx (LEP searches)
 - event t_0 from tracks with $P_T > 20$ GeV/c
 - tested with W electron sample
 - Looking for tracks with high $TOF_{\text{tracks}} - t_0$



CHArged Massive ParticleS



Predicted/observed events in the signal region (statistical uncertainties only).
 The counting experiment required $\Delta(\text{TOF}) > 2.5$ ns.
 This point has a background prediction of
 2.9 ± 0.7 (stat) ± 3.1 (sys), with 7 observed.

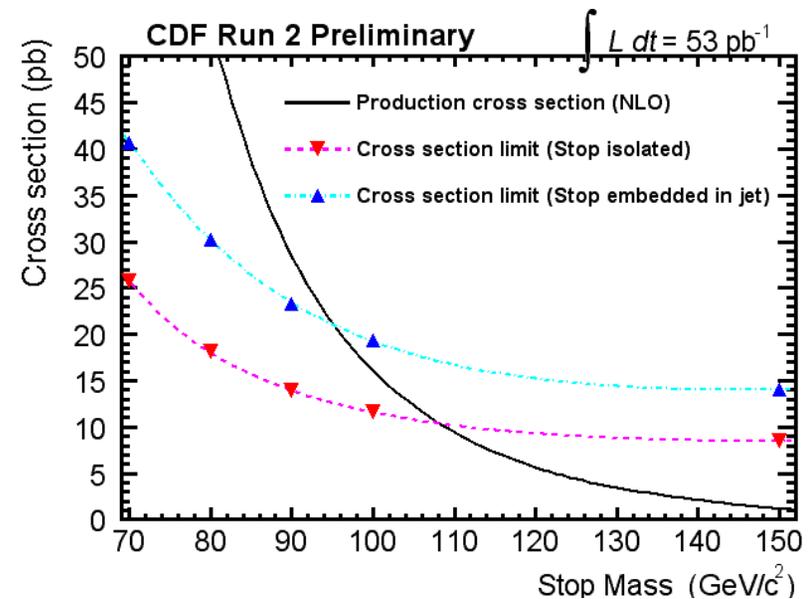
Backgrounds:
 instrumental
 cosmic rays (negligible for $\Delta(\text{TOF}) > 2.5$)

Interesting NLSP cases in GMSB

stop or stau as the lightest SM partners

stop - strongly interacting

stau - weakly interacting



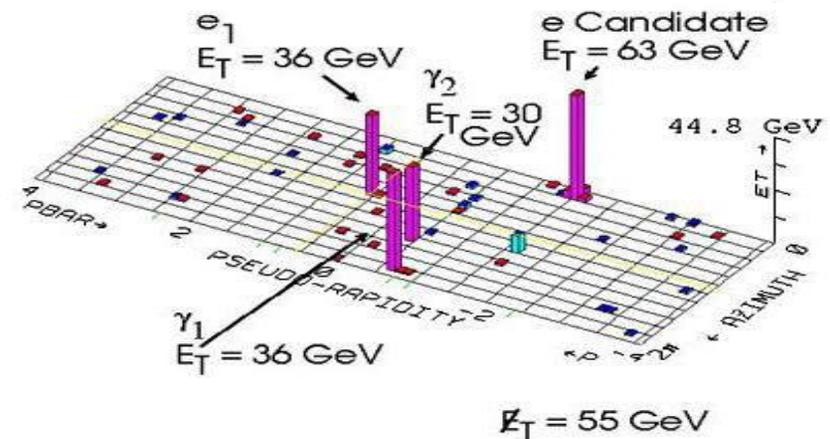
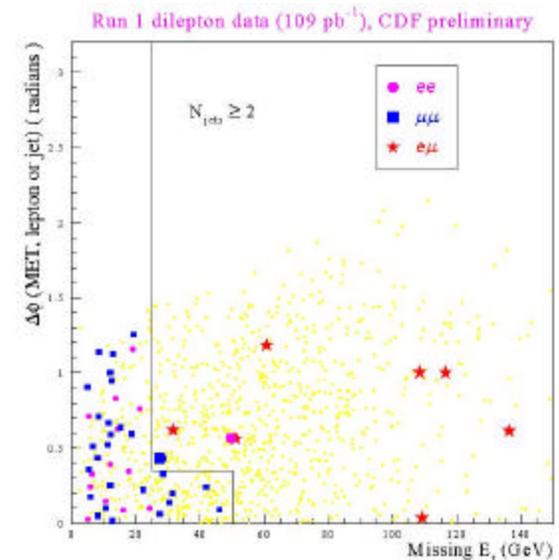
$M(\text{stop}) > 108$ GeV at 95% CL. (isolated stop)
 $M(\text{stop}) > 95$ GeV at 95% CL. (non isolated stop)

LEP $m(\text{stop}) > 95$ GeV/c^2

Follow Up on Run I Anomalies

See P. Kohen's talk

- Top sample:
 - Excess of $e\mu$ candidates with large MET in dileptons
 - Kinematical distributions of $t\bar{t}$ system
- Excess of soft leptons tags in $W + 2/3$ jets events
- Photons-leptons anomalies:
 - $e\gamma\gamma$ Met candidate event

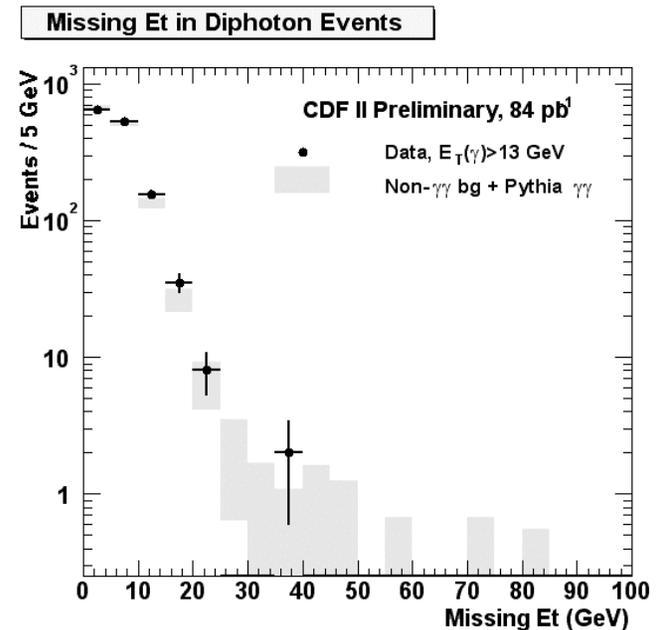
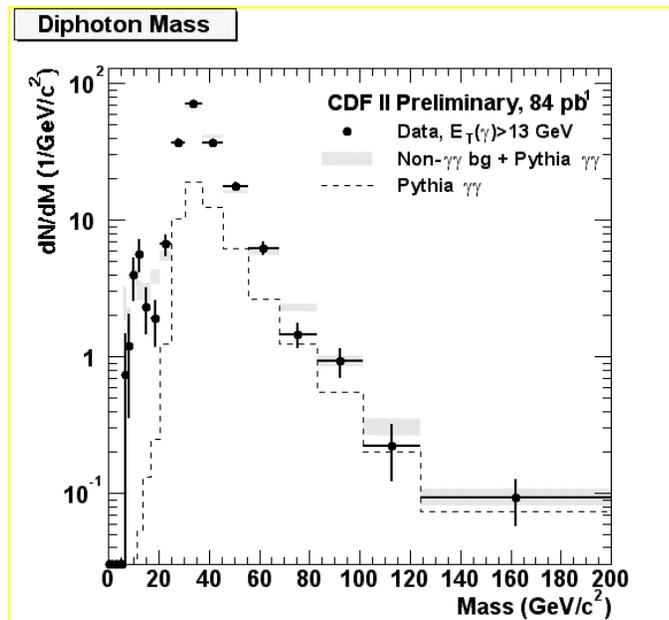


Follow Up on Run I Anomalies

Searches for new physics in the diphoton sample

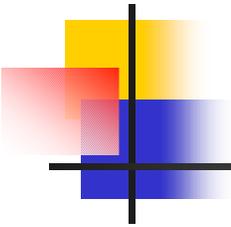
Sample selection (84 pb^{-1})

- 2 central photons $E_T > 13 \text{ GeV}$
- cosmic rays and beam halo rejection
- Observed 1365 events (95 events with $E_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$)



Diphoton + Lepton Events

	Obs.	Exp. $E_T^\gamma > 13 \text{ GeV}$	Exp. $E_T^\gamma > 25 \text{ GeV}$
$e\gamma\gamma$	0	$0.27 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.14$	$0.04 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.02$
$\mu\gamma\gamma$	0	$0.04 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.02$	$0.007 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.004$



Conclusions



- CDF is taking data actively and it is producing its first results on searches for new physics
 - signature based approach
 - model based results
- Some of the results are already better than Run I, due to the increase in the \sqrt{s}
 - Z'
 - Leptoquarks
 - Dijets mass bumps
- Some of the results have been obtained using new features of the CDF II detector
 - CHAMPS

Stay Tuned!