

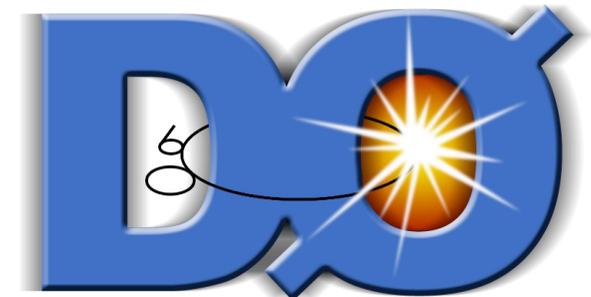
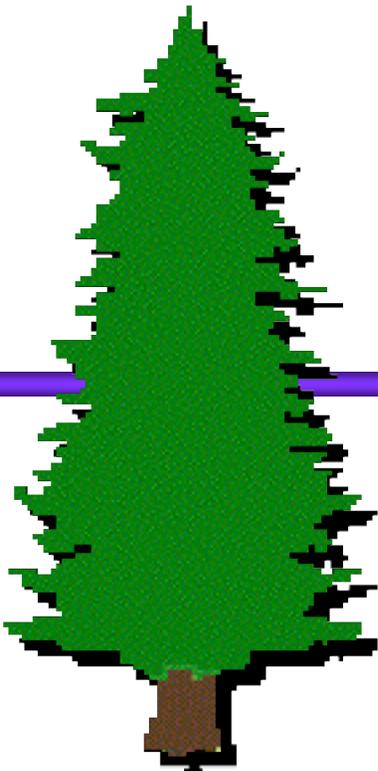
Hadron Collider Physics 2007

Tevatron searches for Higgs bosons beyond the standard model

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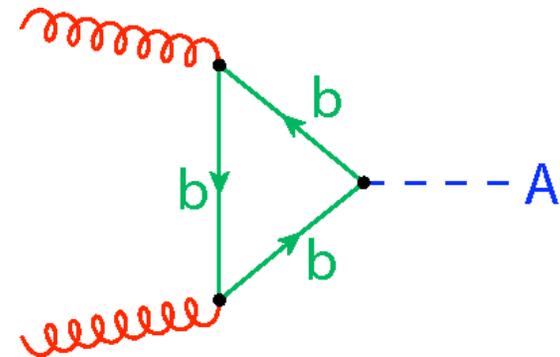
What lies beyond the Standard Model?

Consider adding a second Higgs doublet (2HDM)

Minimal Supersymmetric Model: framework for gauge unification with stable electroweak energy scale

- 5 physical Higgs bosons h, H, A, H^+, H^-
- parameterized fully at tree level by $\tan \beta, m_A$
- radiative corrections depend on value of stop mixing

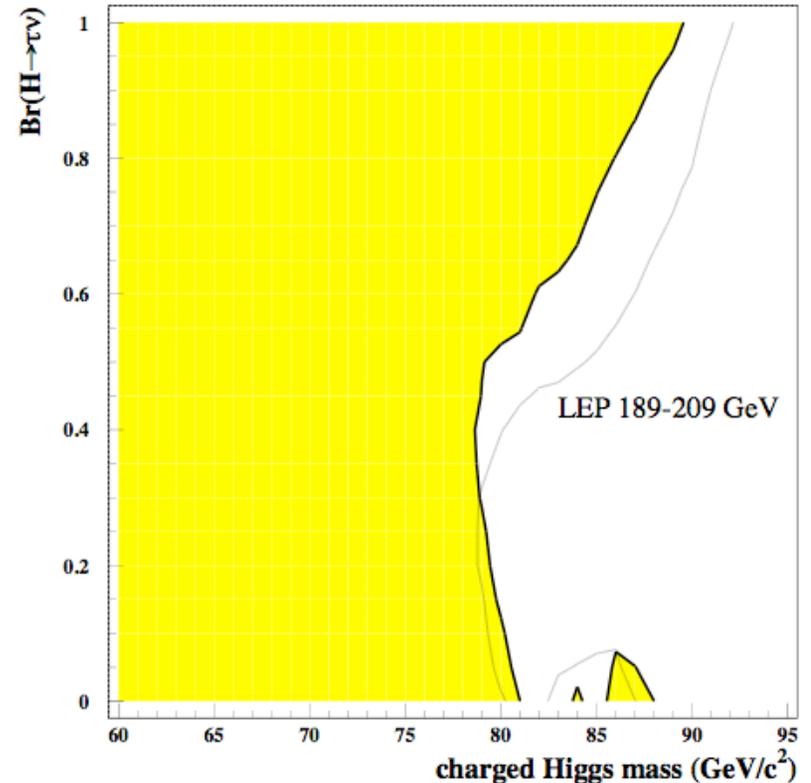
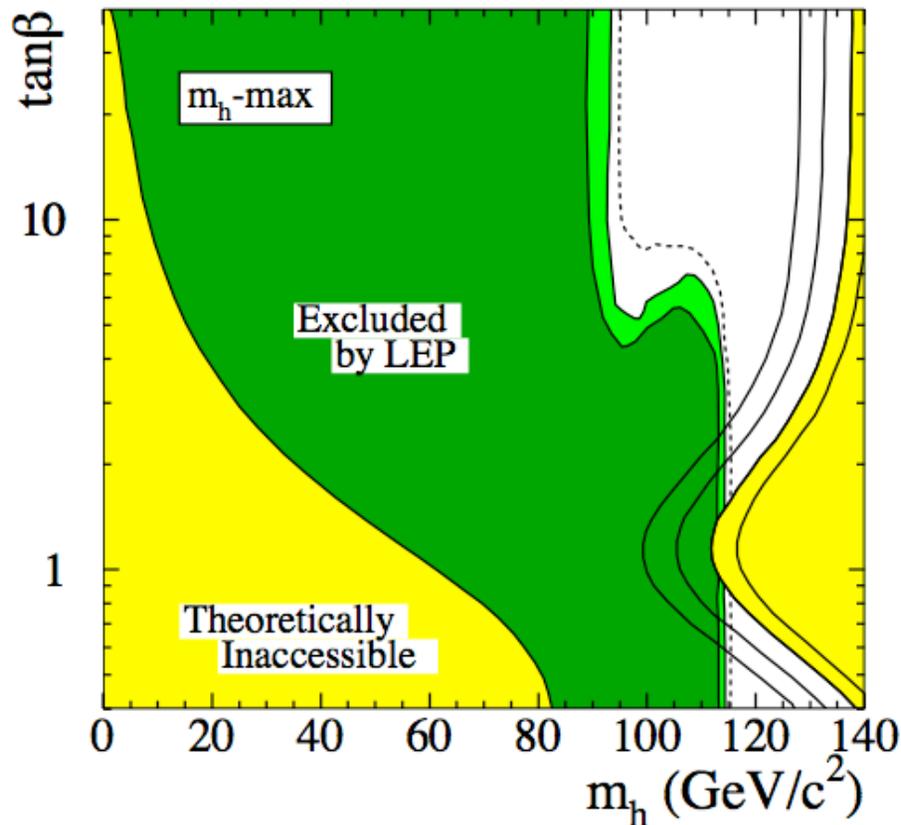
In large $\tan \beta$ regime, enhanced $\phi^0 b b$ and $\phi^0 \tau \tau$ couplings give rise to large Higgs boson production rates at hadron colliders



Most BSM Higgs results interpreted in MSSM framework with CP-conserving Higgs sector

Experimental results before Run 2

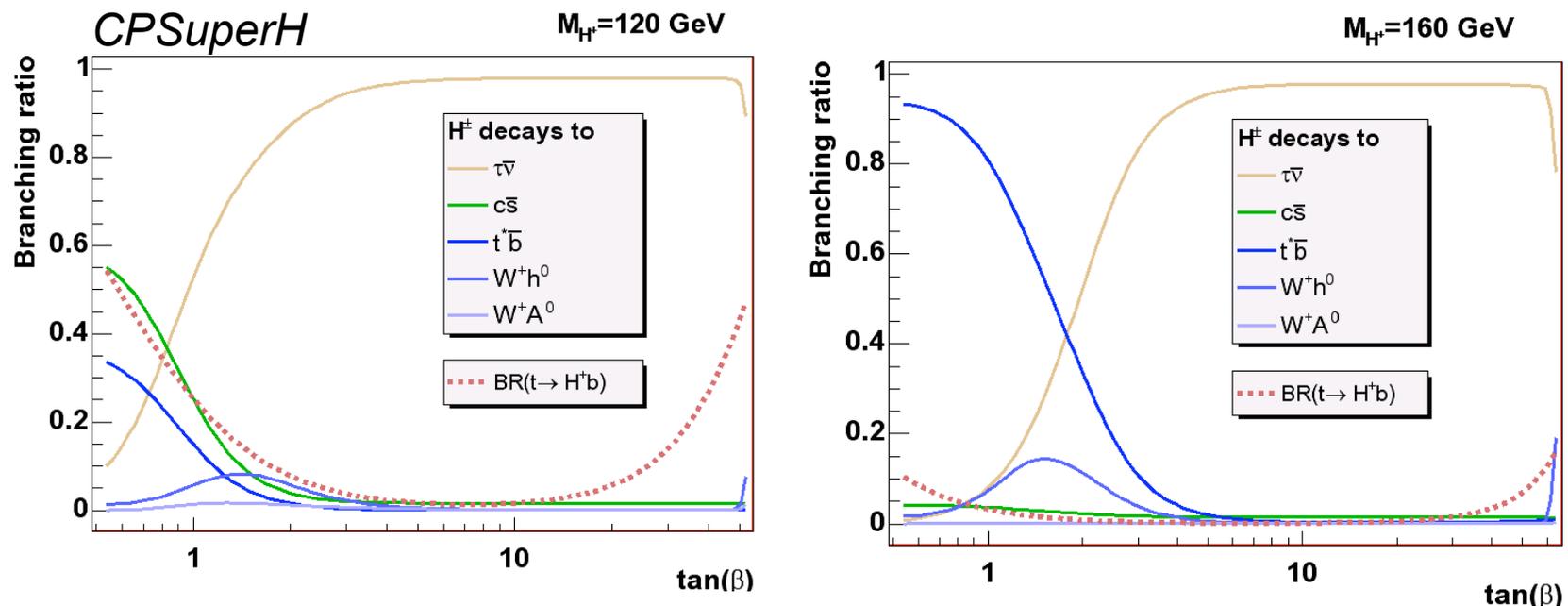
- LEP Higgs Working Group combined channels of 4 experiments
- neutral Higgs bosons are produced via $e^+e^- \rightarrow hA$ or hZ



(Point with $m_h=100$, $m_A=100$ not excluded at 95% C.L.)

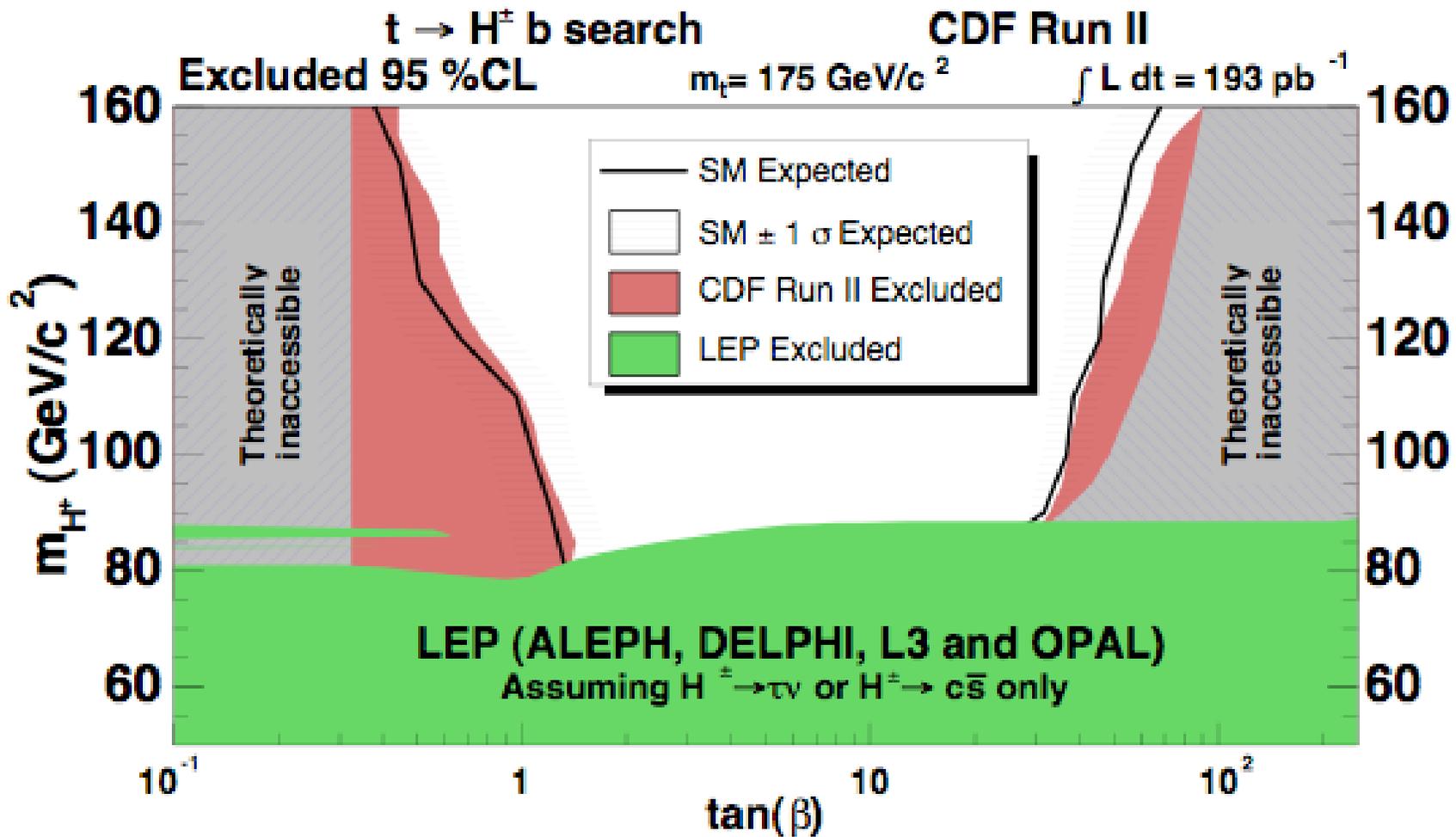
Charged Higgs searches in top decays

Current limits on H^+ mass allow top quark decay to bH^+ for certain values of $\tan \beta$:



Charged Higgs decays to $\tau\nu$ or cs modify final state ratios expected from simple Wb decays

- taus vs e/μ ; dilepton vs. lepton + jets



$$M_{\text{SUSY}} = 1000 \text{ GeV}/c^2, \quad \mu = -200 \text{ GeV}/c^2, \quad A_t = A_b = \sqrt{6} M_{\text{SUSY}} + \mu/\tan(\beta), \quad A_\tau = 500 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

$$M_1 = 0.498 M_2, \quad M_2 = 200 \text{ GeV}/c^2, \quad M_3 = 800 \text{ GeV}/c^2, \quad M_0 = M_U = M_D = M_E = M_L = M_{\text{SUSY}}$$

Search for $l\nu\tau\nu bj$ in 335 pb^{-1} sets limits on $\text{Br}(t \rightarrow H^+ b) \cdot \text{Br}(H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu)$

- excludes values less than 0.5 for $80 < m_{H^+} < 125 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

Fermiophobic Higgs Decaying to 3γ

If $h_f VV$ is very weak, then LEP2 limits from $e^+e^- \rightarrow h_f Z$ fail

Alternative production mechanism is unique to hadron collider

$$p\bar{p} \rightarrow h_F H^\pm \rightarrow h_F h_F W^\pm \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\gamma(\gamma) + X$$

Viable at Tevatron as long as m_{H^\pm} is not too large!

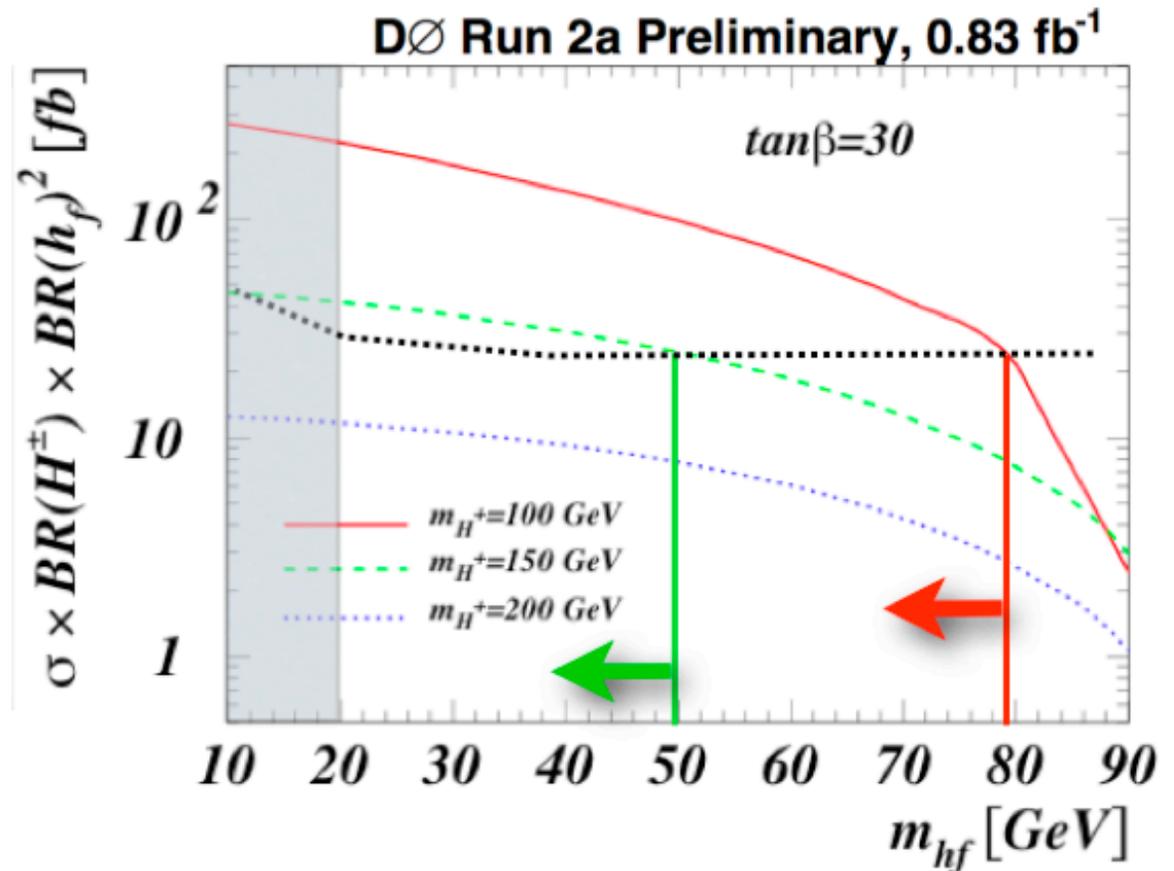
Background rates in 3γ final state are very low

- fakes from $Z\gamma$ or $W\gamma\gamma$ estimated using measured fake rates
- **real tri-photon production** extrapolated from di-photon sample

Fermiophobic Higgs search results

Final 25 GeV cut on photonic vector H_T cut rejects background

Process	Events
3γ direct	0.9 ± 0.2
3γ fake	0.3 ± 0.05
Observed	0

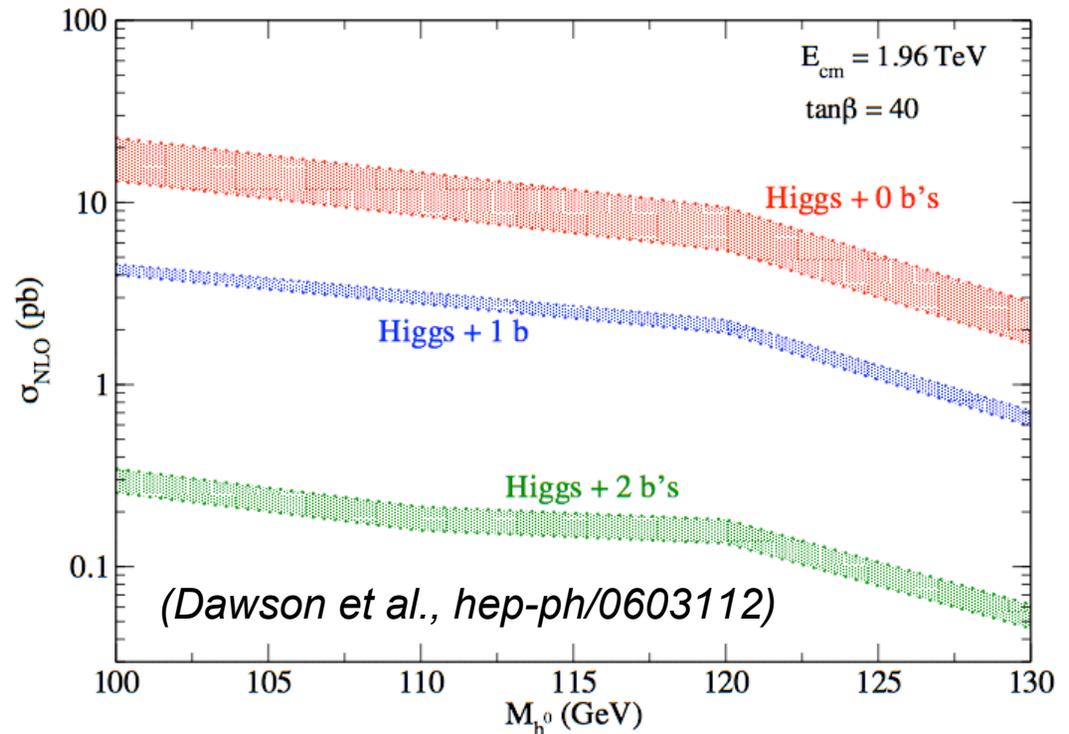
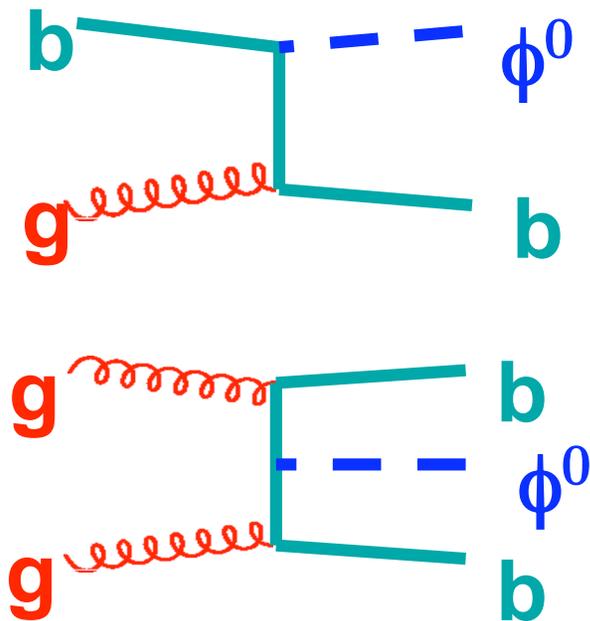


LEP2 limits of 108 GeV/c² assumed SM coupling h_fVV

MSSM Higgs bosons decaying to bb

$\text{BR}(H \rightarrow bb) \approx 90\%$ but overwhelmed by non-resonant production

Associated Higgs production has smaller QCD background



Expect 3 b-tagged jets, look for peak in dijet mass spectrum

- trigger on high- Q^2 events with b-tagging at Level 3
- **trick is estimating $bbb(b)$ background entirely from data**

Estimating triple-tag background

Starting from large double-tagged sample (270K events)

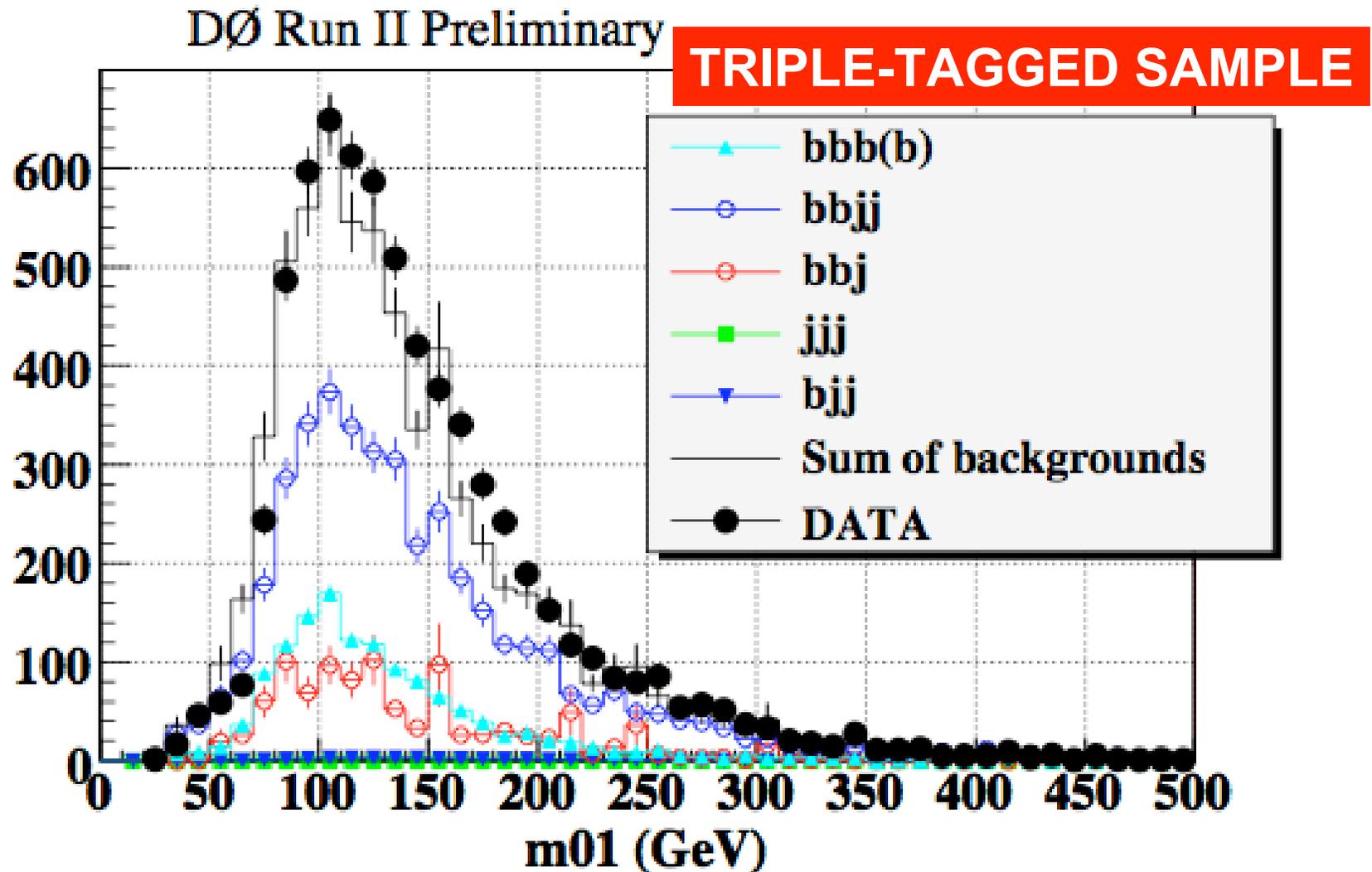
- estimate “tag rate” to tag a third jet as a function of jet E_T
- measure for jets outside of dijet mass signal region
- apply tag rate to all events in the dijet mass distribution
- renormalize prediction to data outside of signal region

How to check such a data-driven method?

Use ALPGEN Monte Carlo program to calculate backgrounds

- apply measured b-tagging efficiencies for light- and b-jets
- add contributions from $bbb(b)$ and $bbj(j)$ using ALPGEN ratio
- normalization taken from data: 2.7 times generator xsec

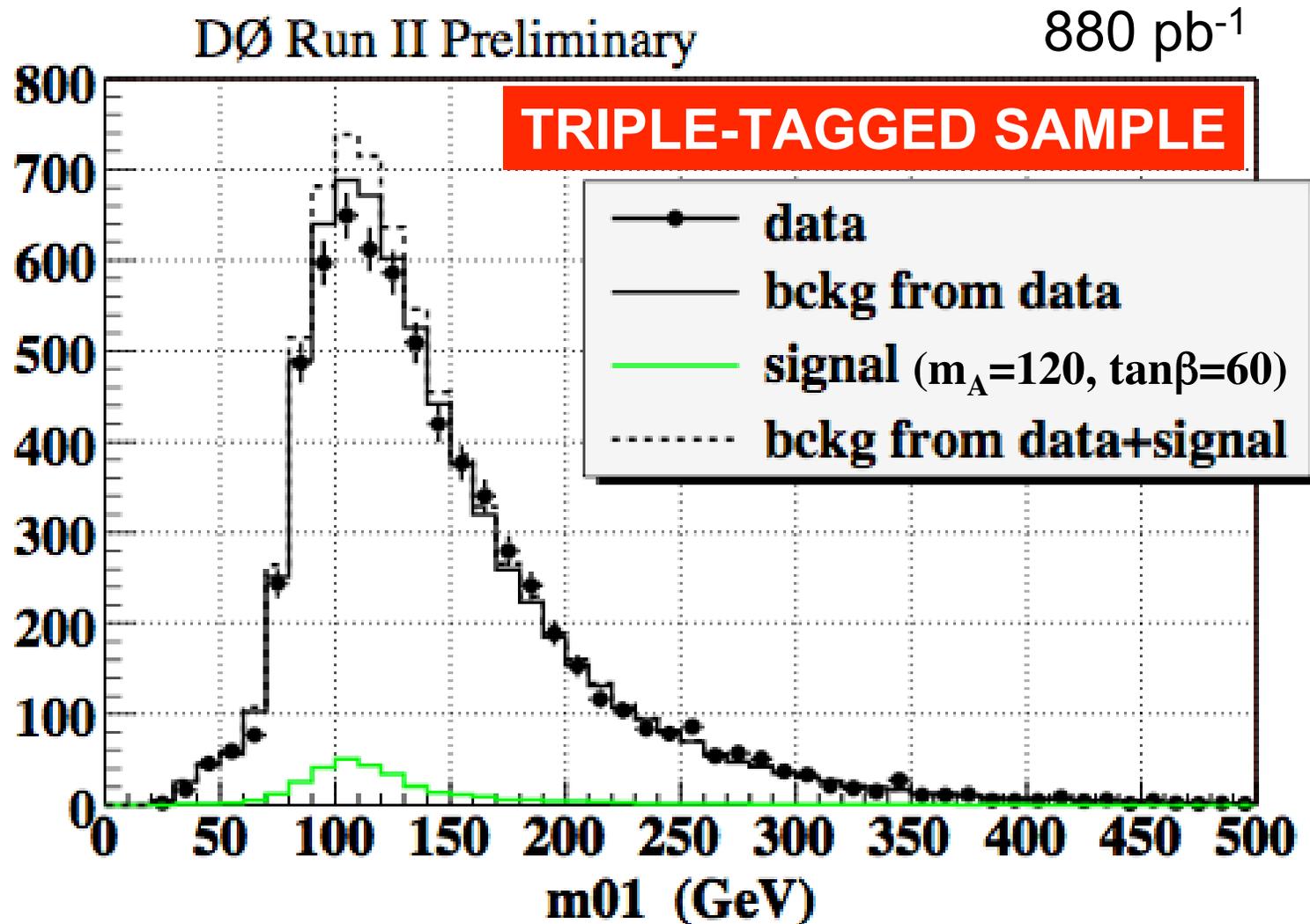
Cross-check triple-tag background estimate



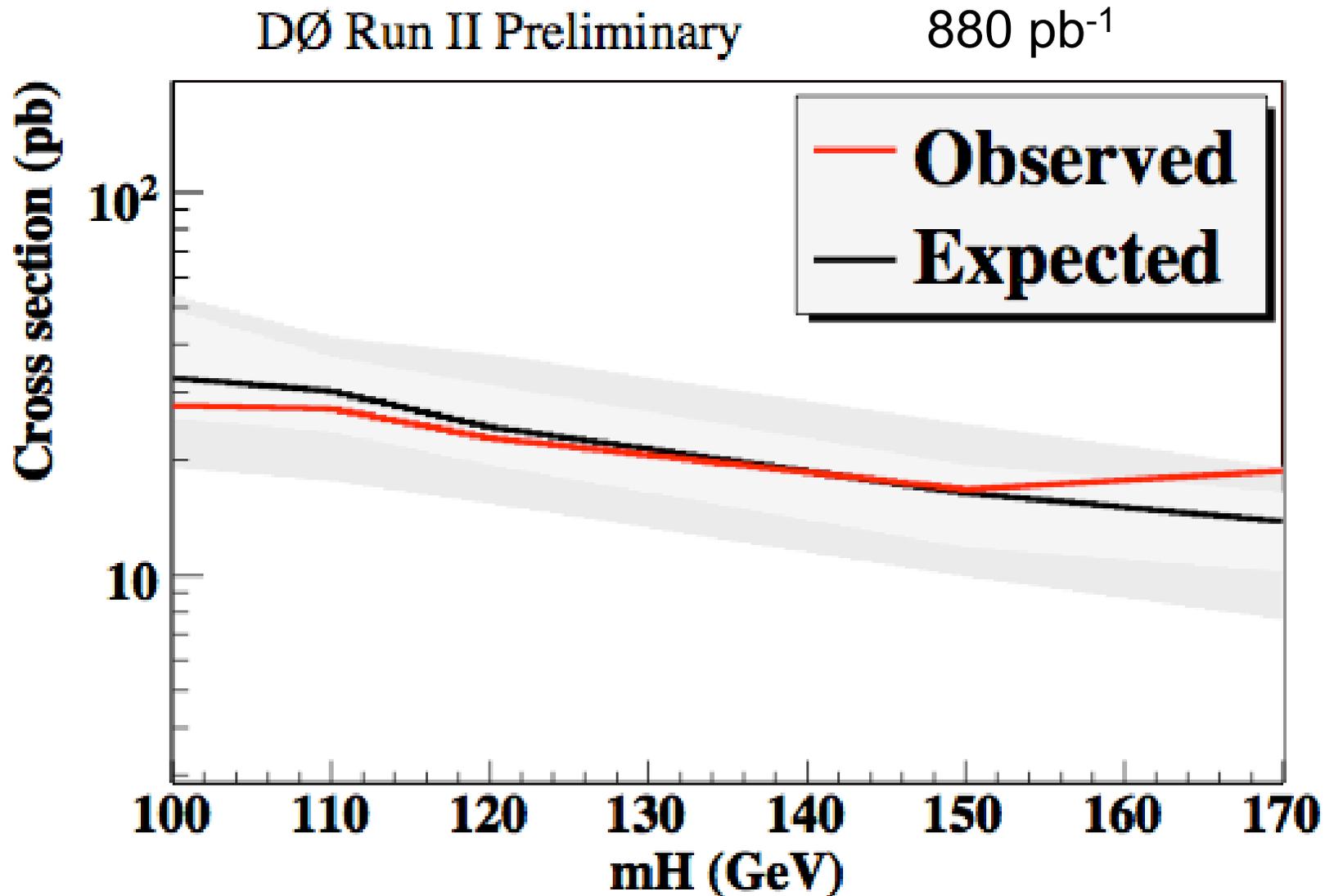
Ratios of jet cross sections calculated with ALPGEN MC

Results from DØ

After normalizing background to data outside signal region:



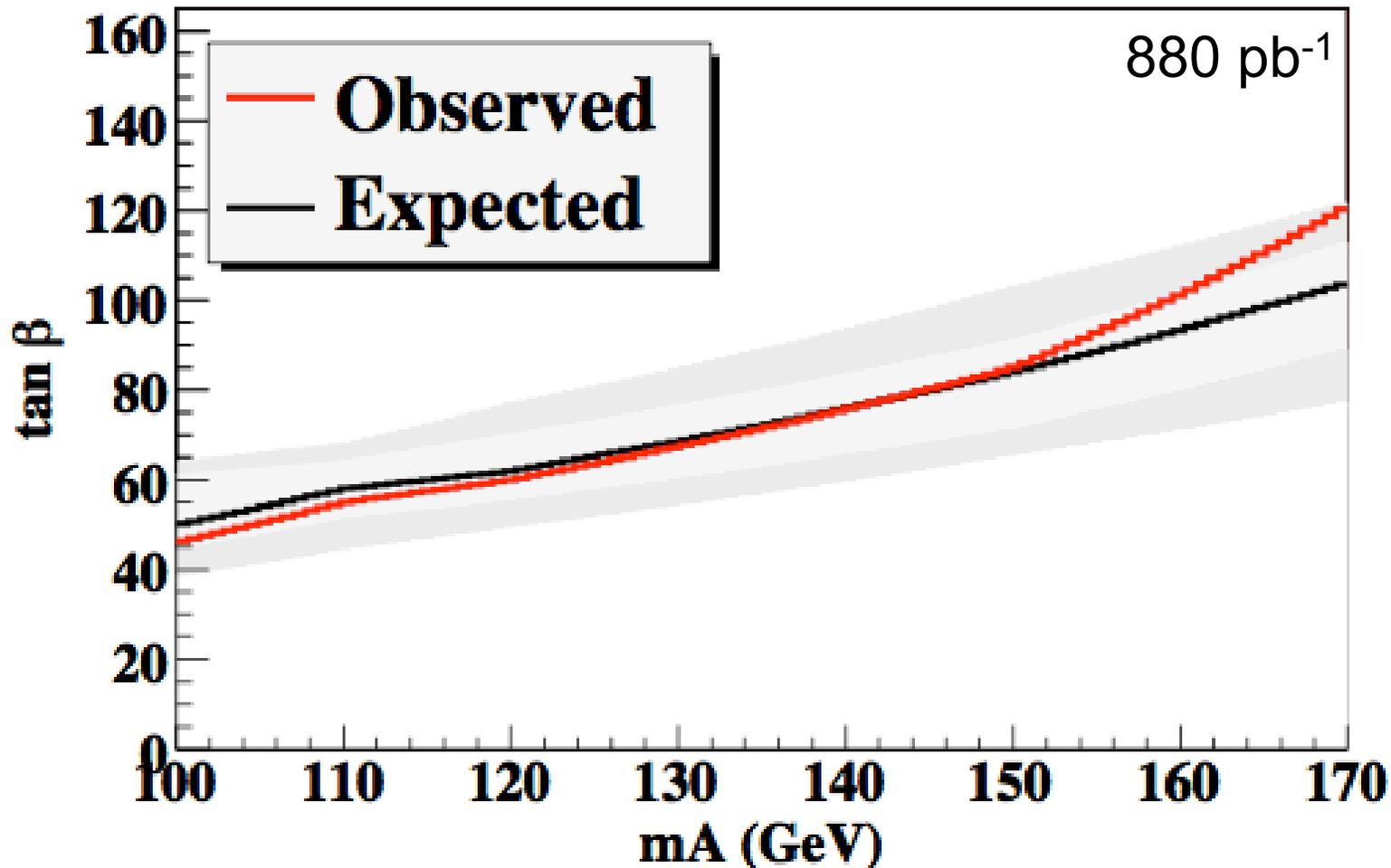
$\phi b(b)$ production cross section exclusion



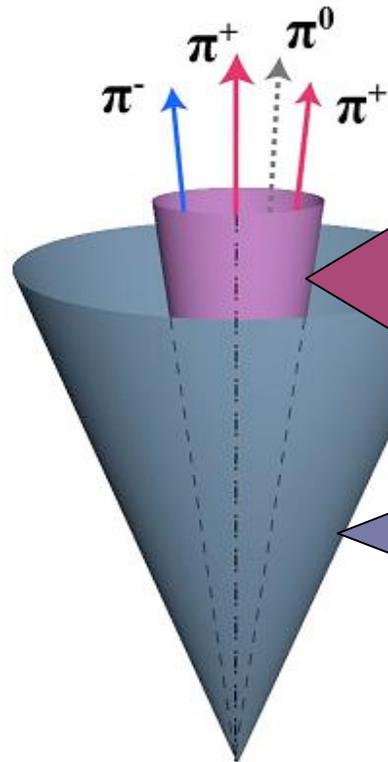
Exclusion in MSSM parameter space

Uses tree-level scaling of cross section by $\tan^2\beta$

DØ Run II Preliminary



MSSM Higgs bosons decaying to $\tau\tau$



CDF two-cone algorithm reconstruction

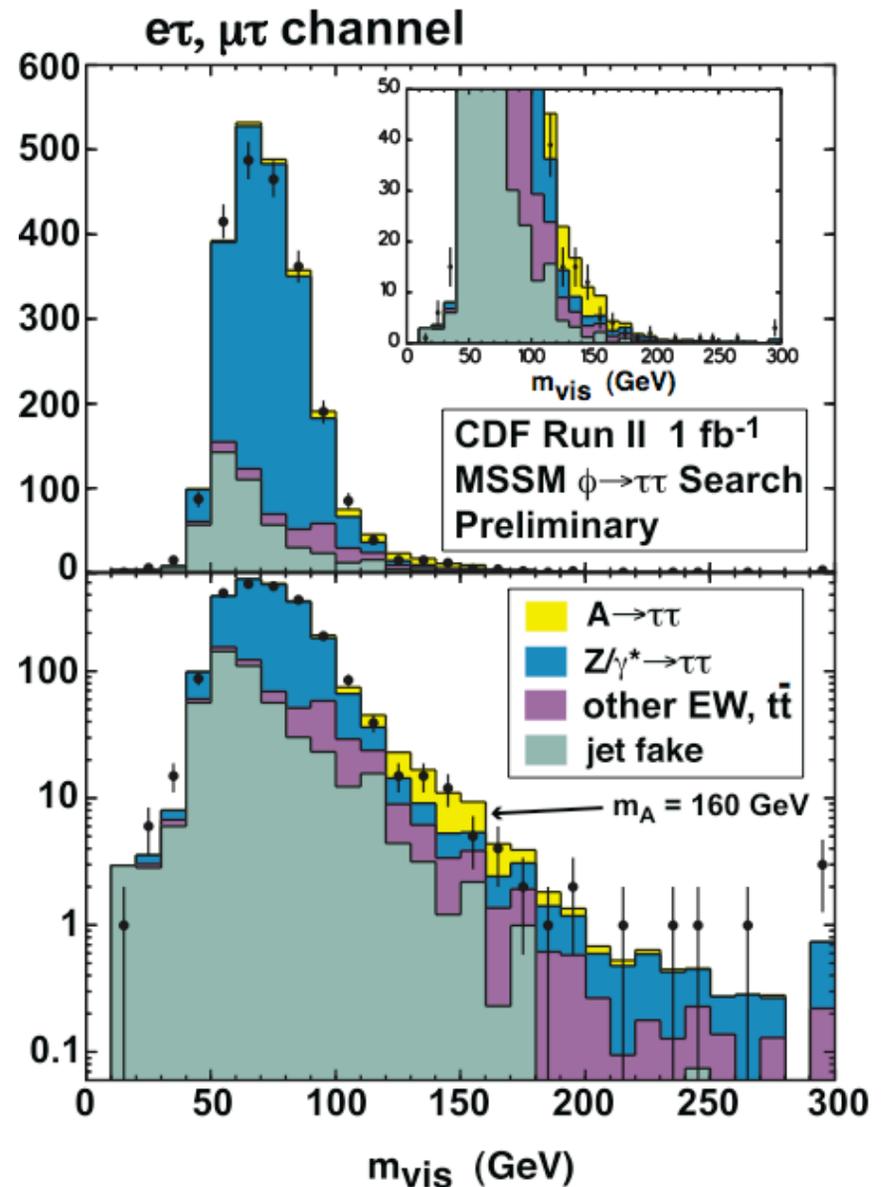
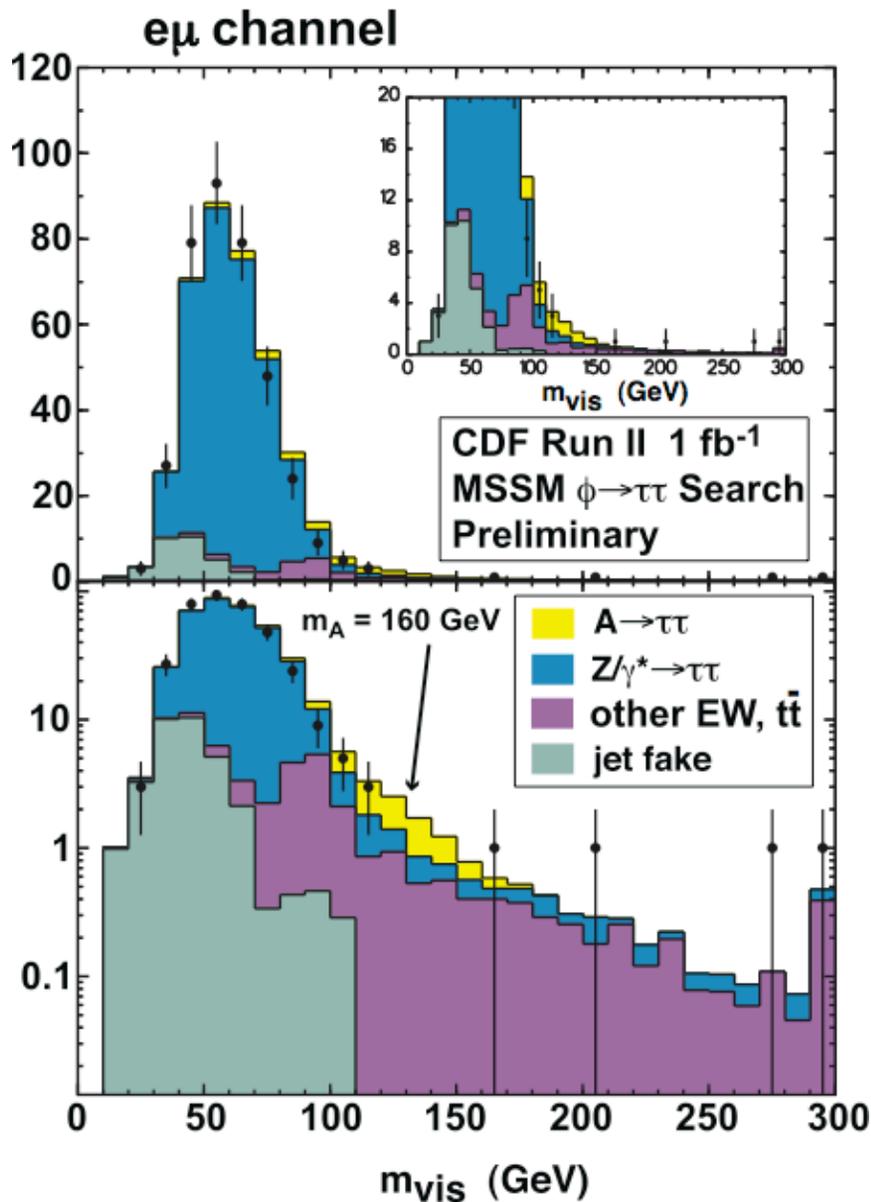
Count 1 or 3 tracks inside inner cone
Axis defined by a seed track $p_T > 6$ GeV/c

Isolation annulus used for jet veto

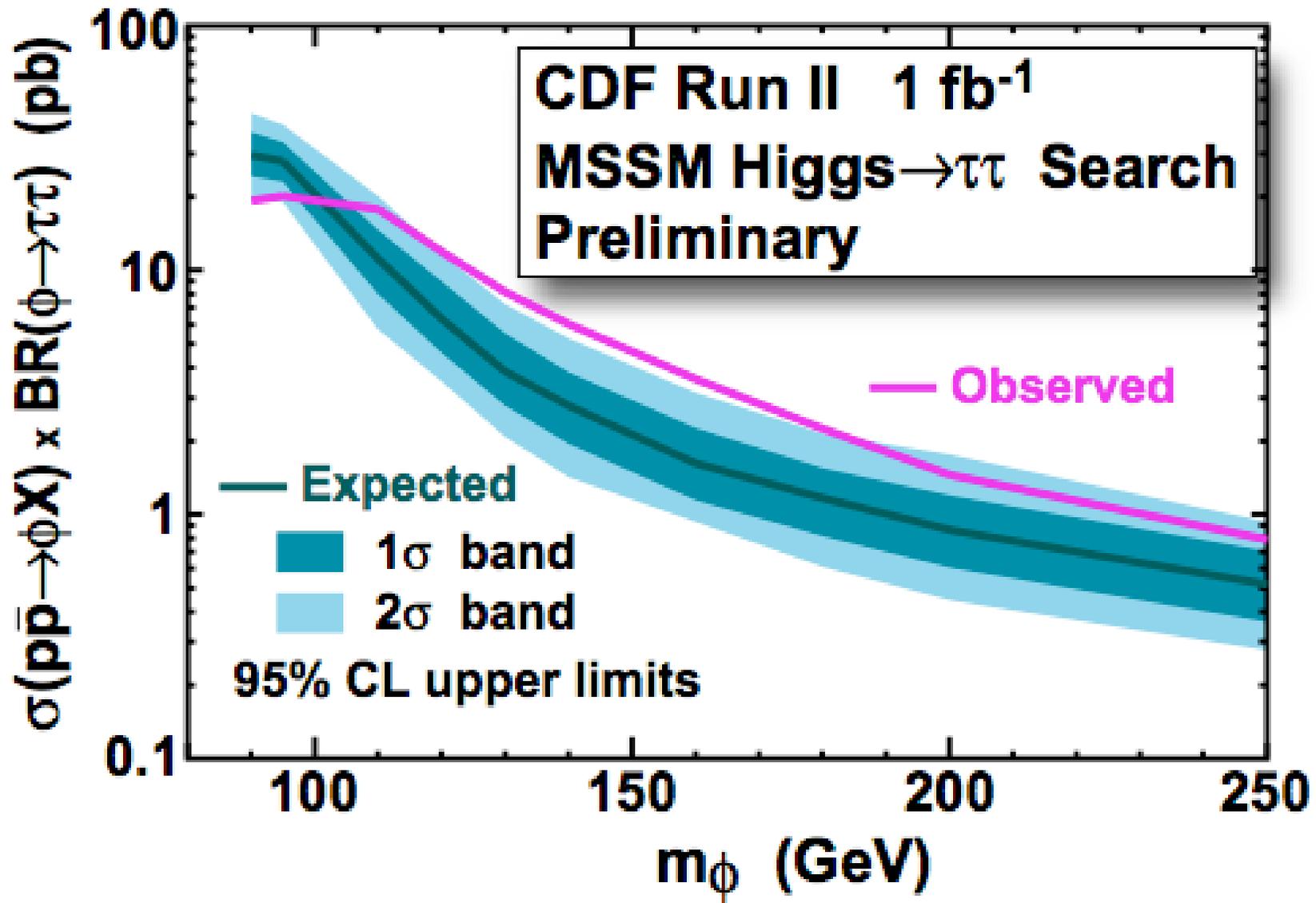
Avoid like-flavor τ pair decays which have large Z bkgd

Visible mass $m_{vis} = \sqrt{p_{\tau_1}^{vis} + p_{\tau_2}^{vis} + p_T}$ is handle against $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$

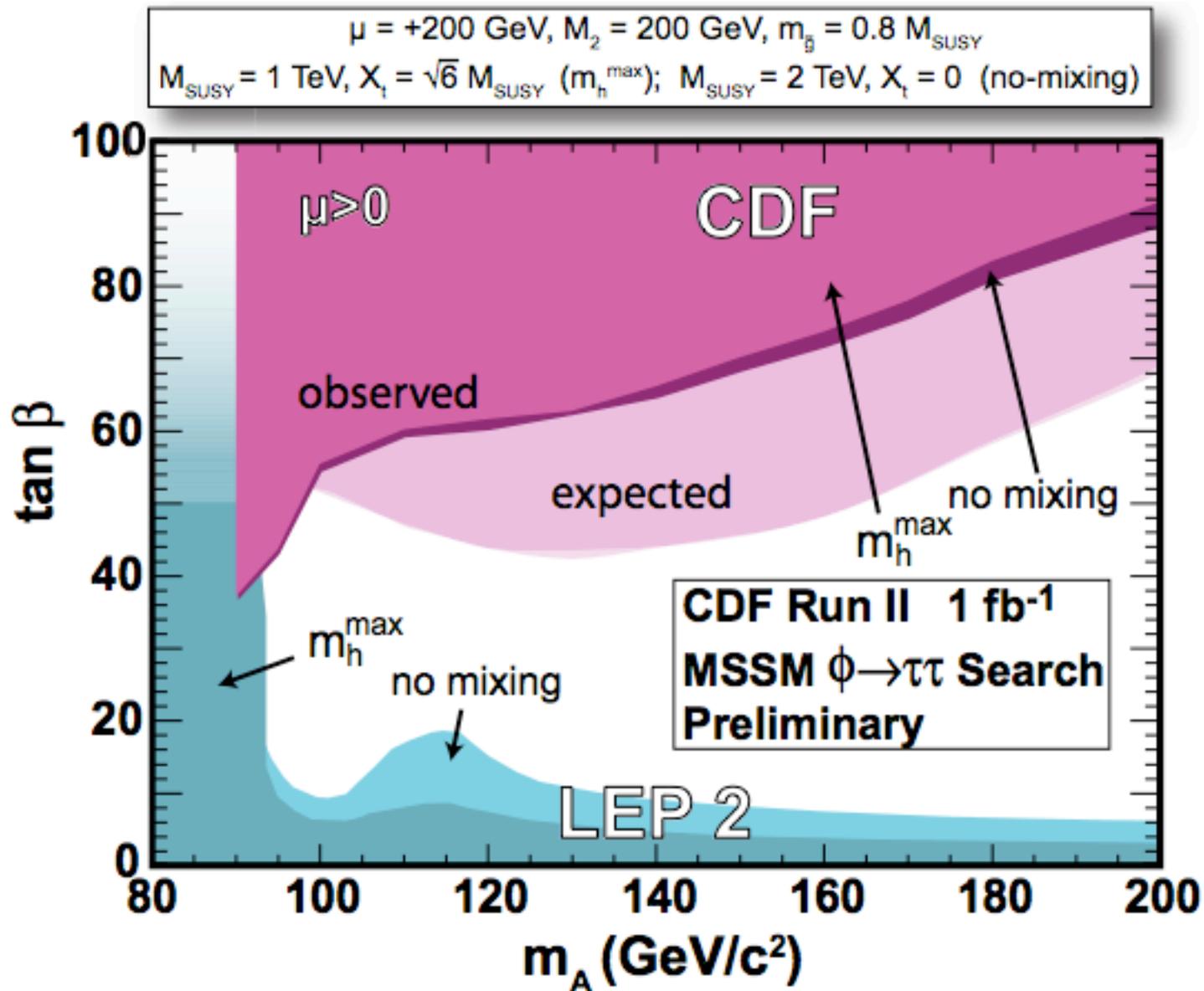
Reconstructed mass spectra at CDF



Limit on total $\tau\tau$ production rate

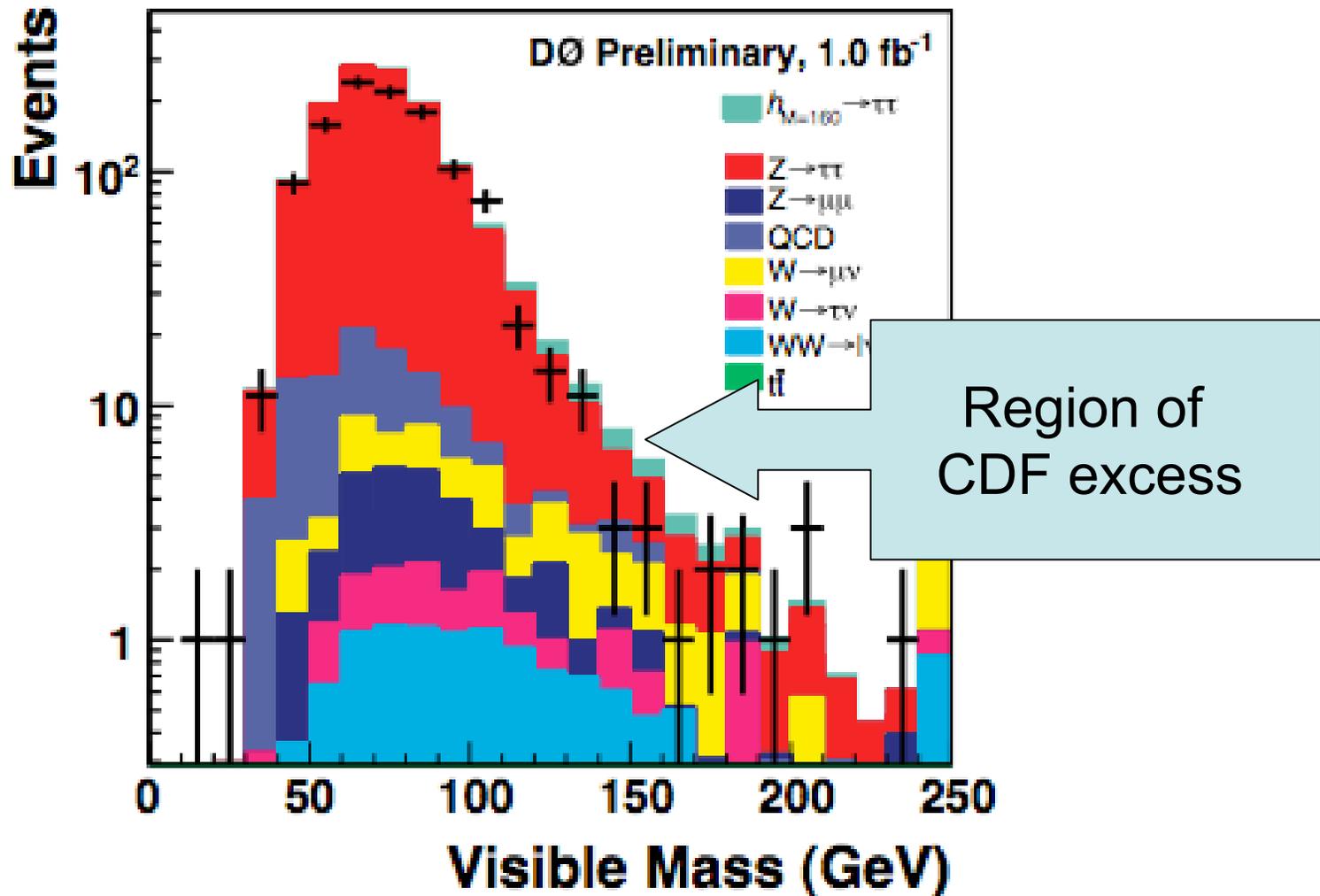


Exclusion in MSSM parameter space

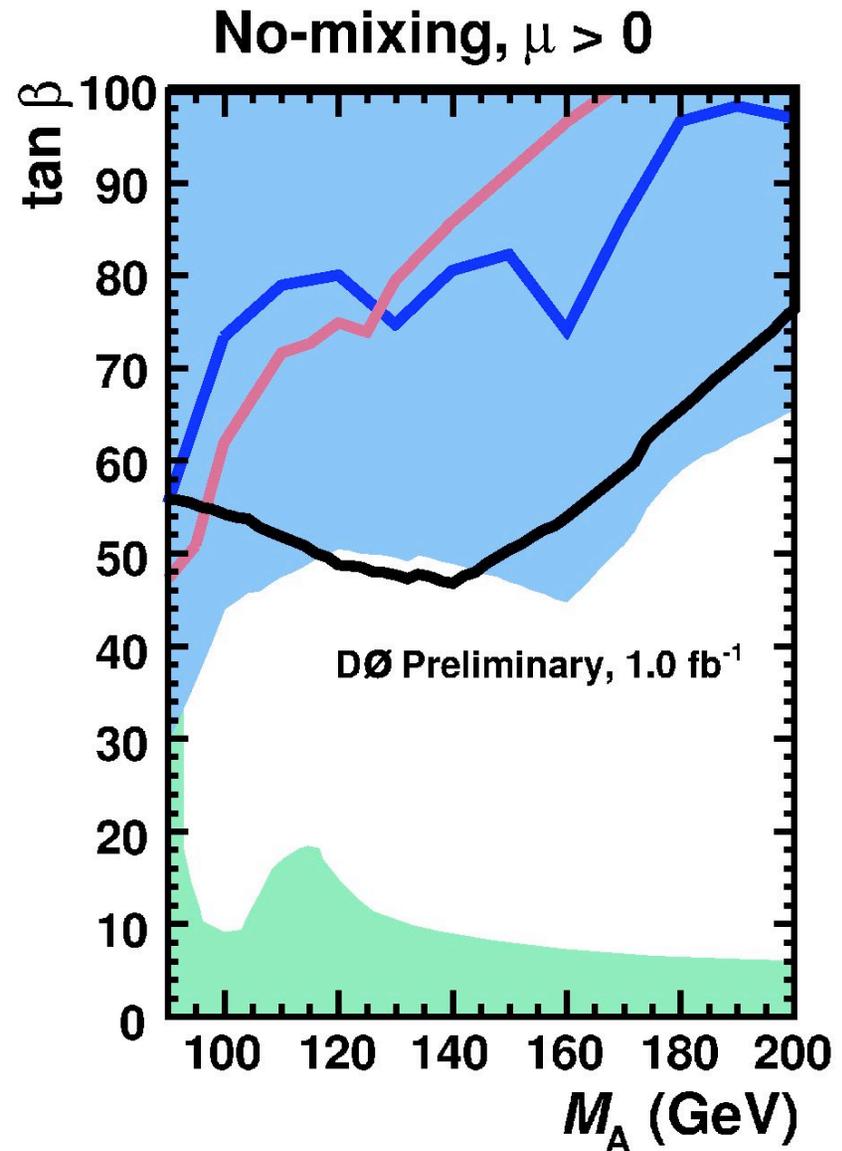
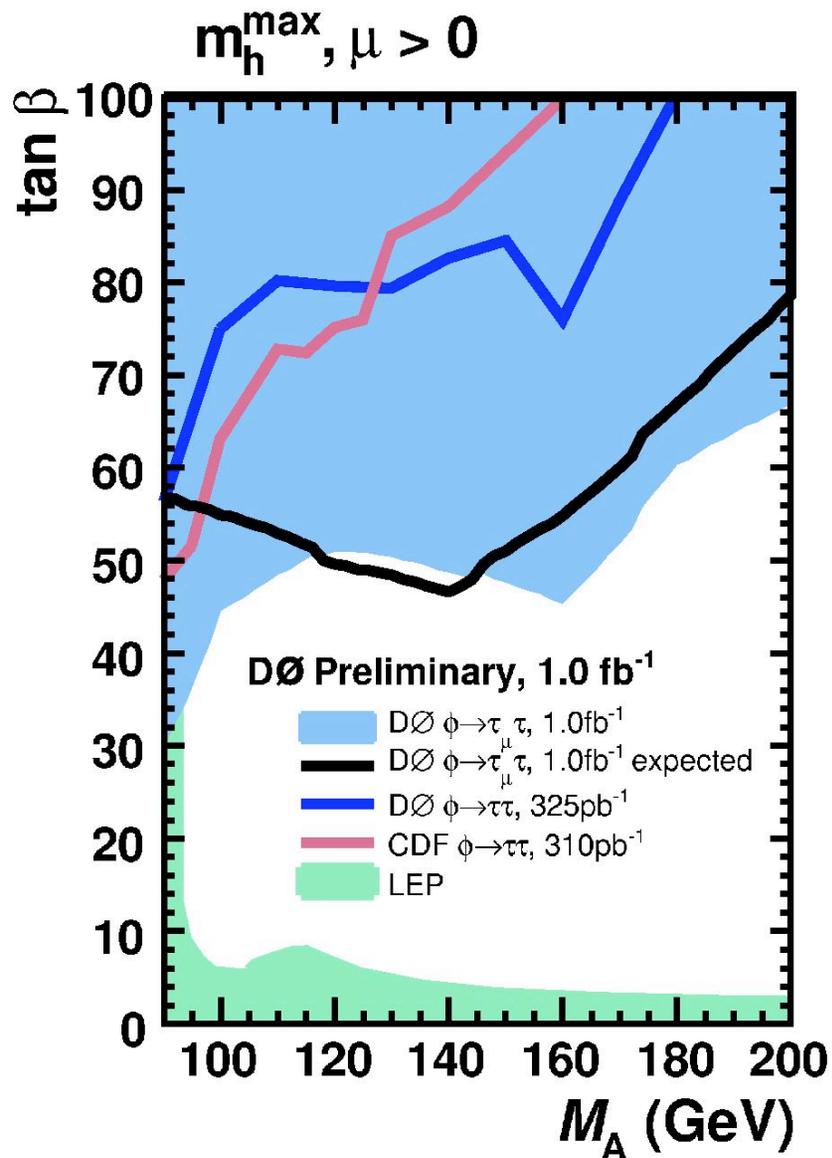


Results from DØ

Neural network tau ID operates on tau “minijets”



Results from DØ

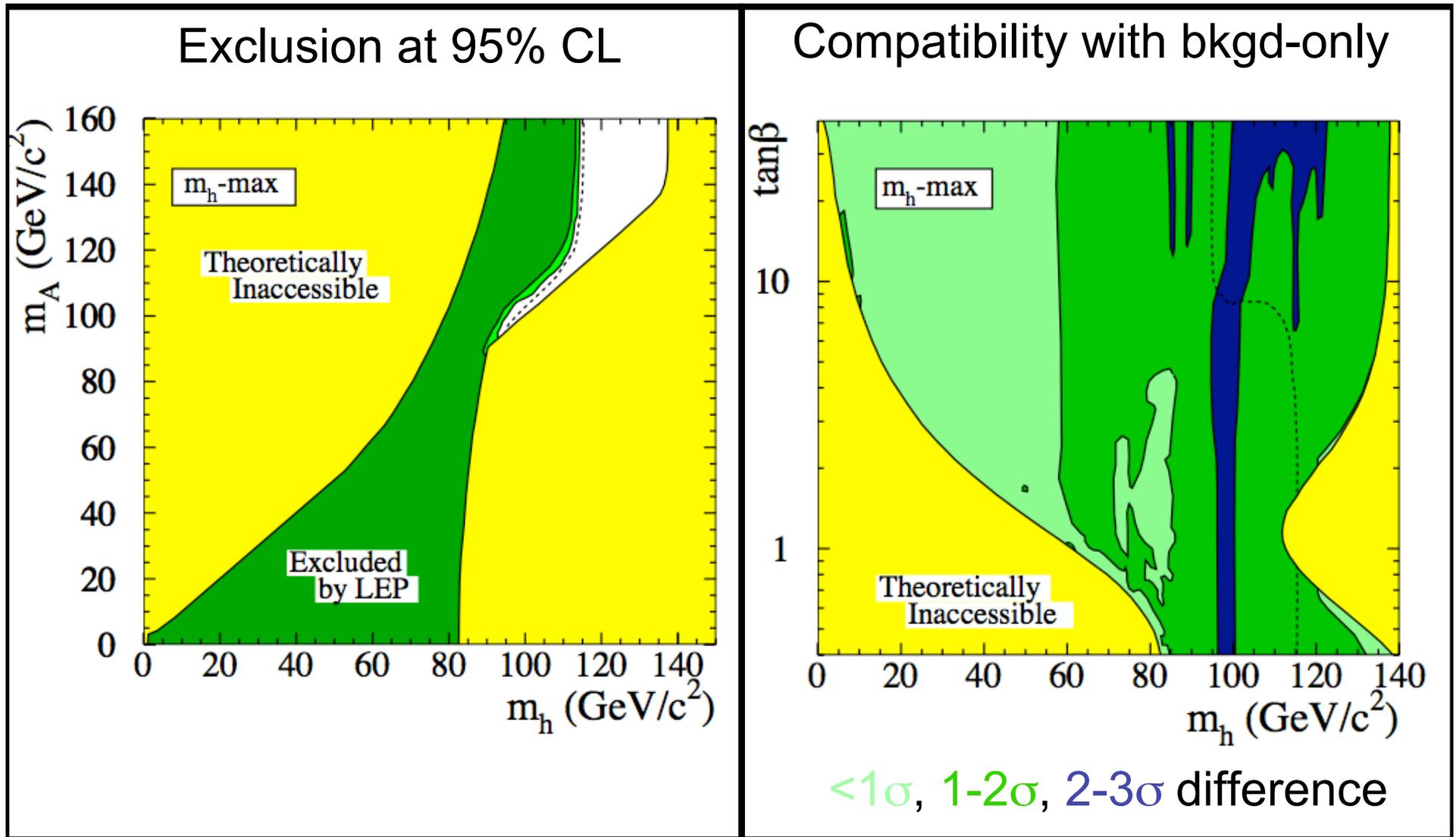


Summary

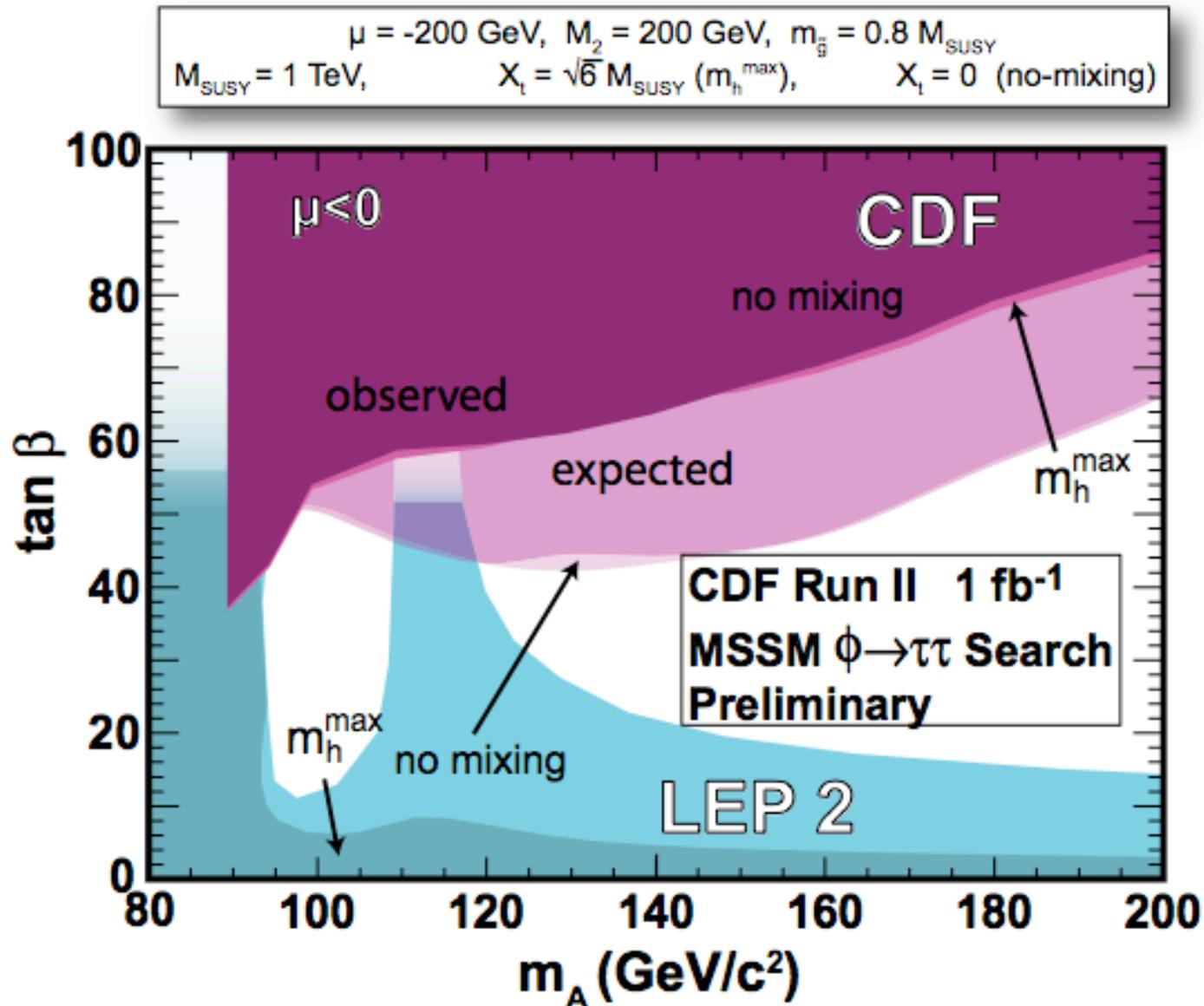
- Tevatron BSM Higgs searches cover basic CP-conserving MSSM benchmarks
 - Exclusions limited to high values of $\tan \beta$
- No discoveries reported yet!
- Neutral Higgs boson searches show worse observed limits than expected for Higgs masses around $160 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
 - Given expected resolution, likely to be fluctuations
- New results soon from 2.0 fb^{-1} Tevatron dataset on tape



Open points in LEP MSSM Higgs exclusion

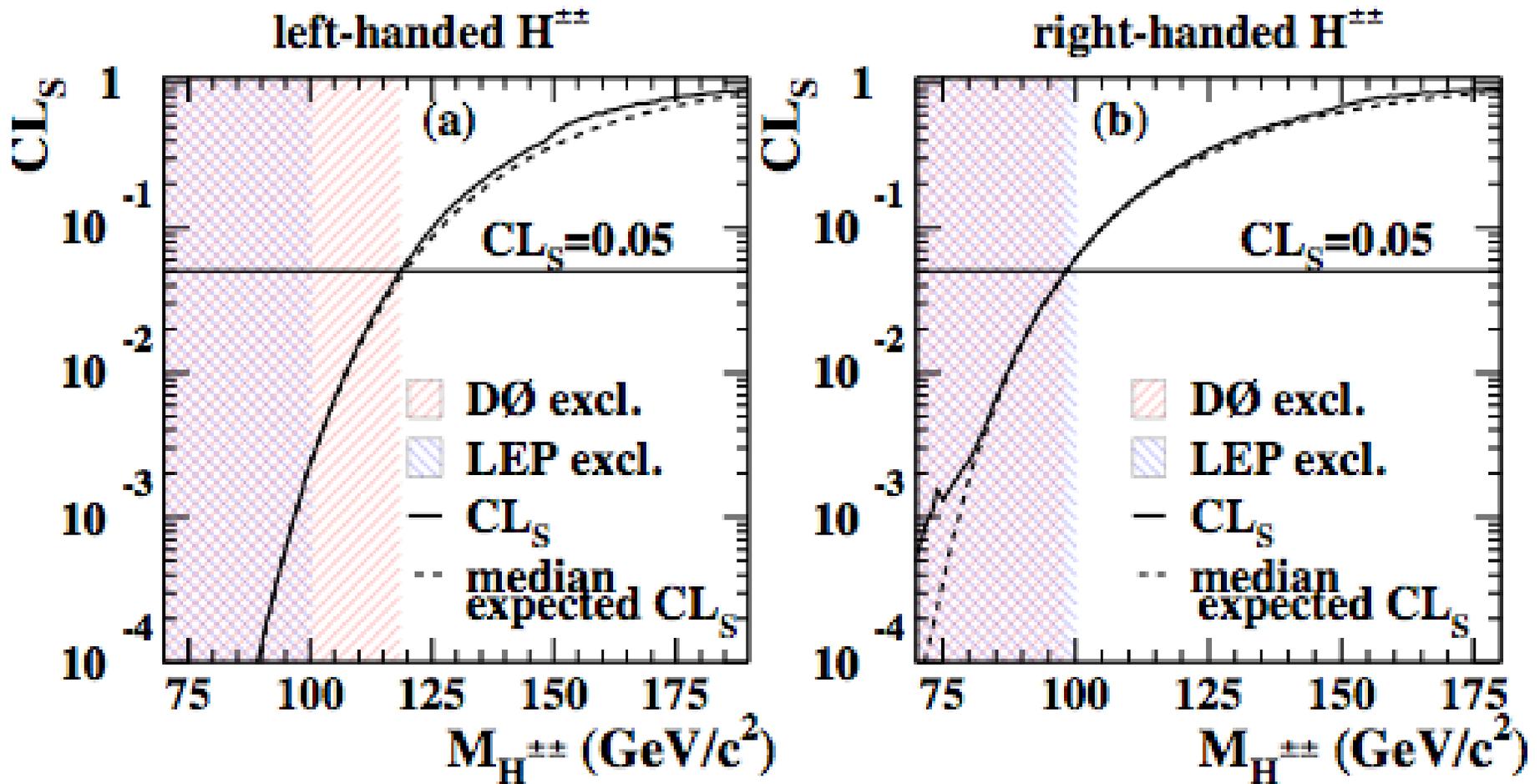


CDF MSSM exclusion for negative μ

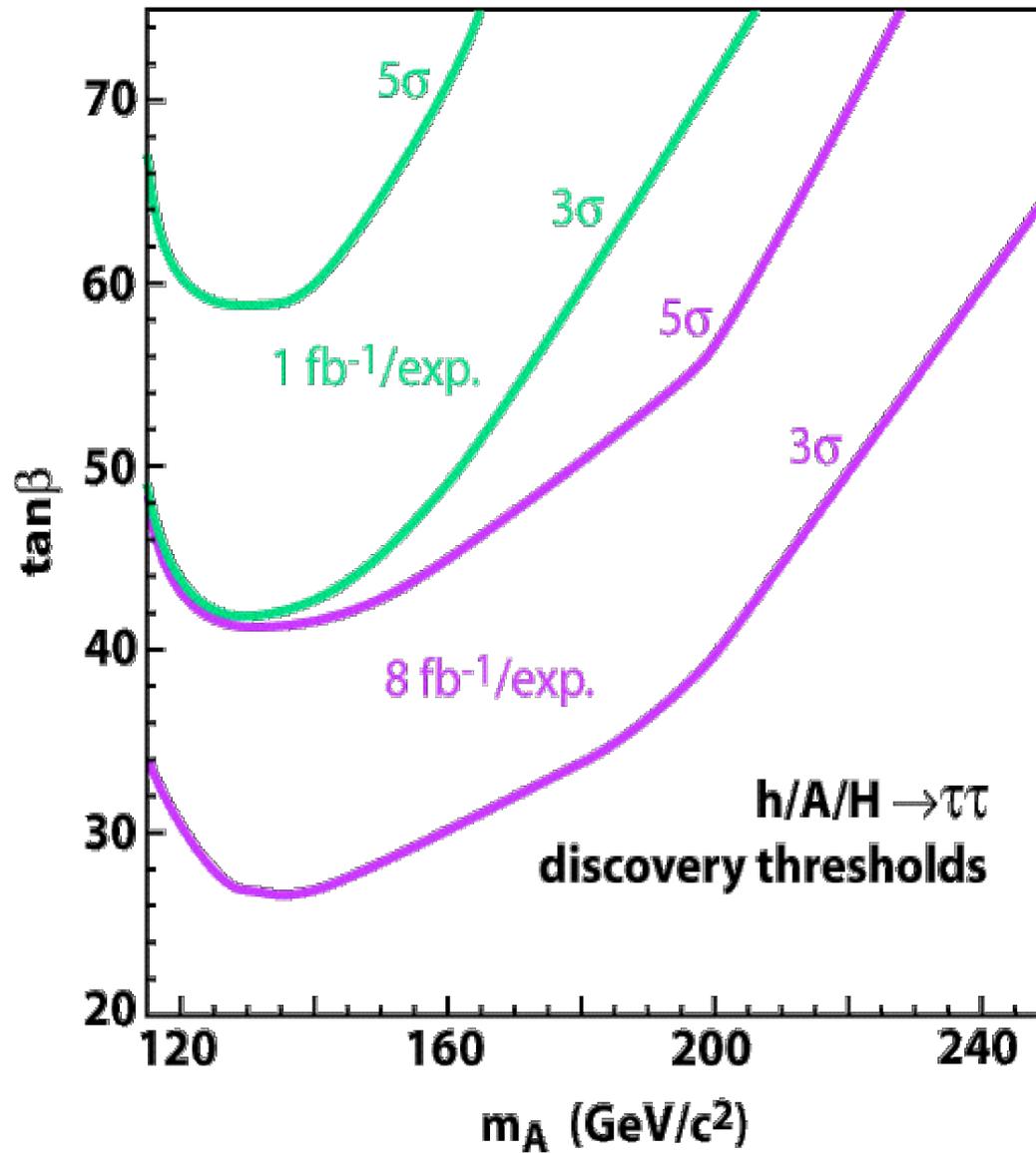


Doubly-charged Higgs search results

Search in 4μ channel at DØ using 113 pb^{-1} dataset



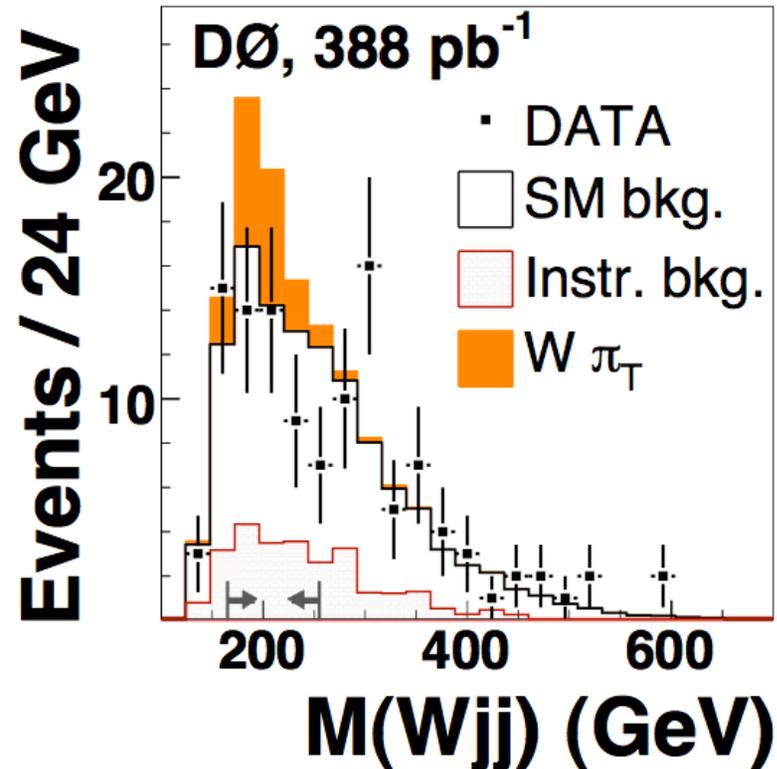
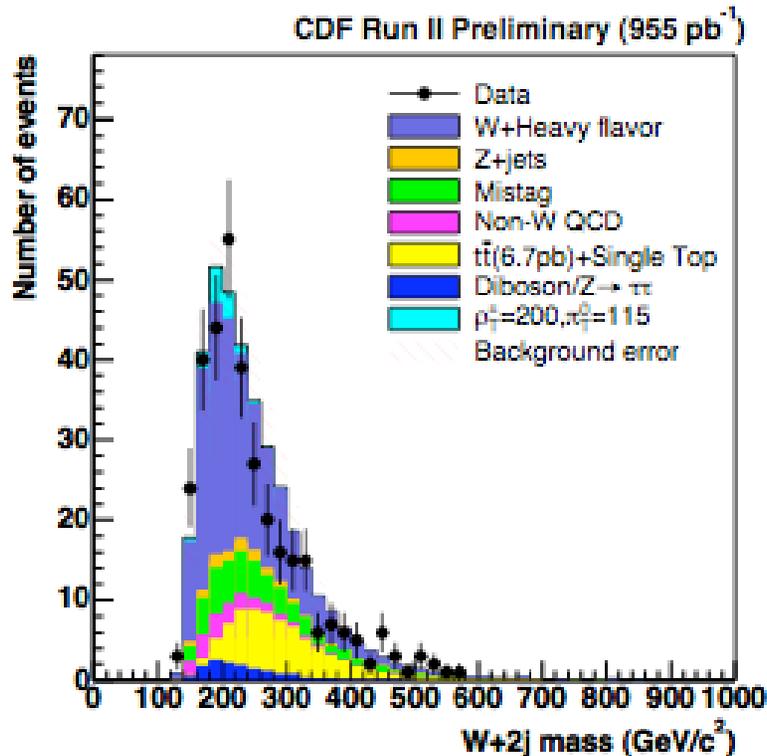
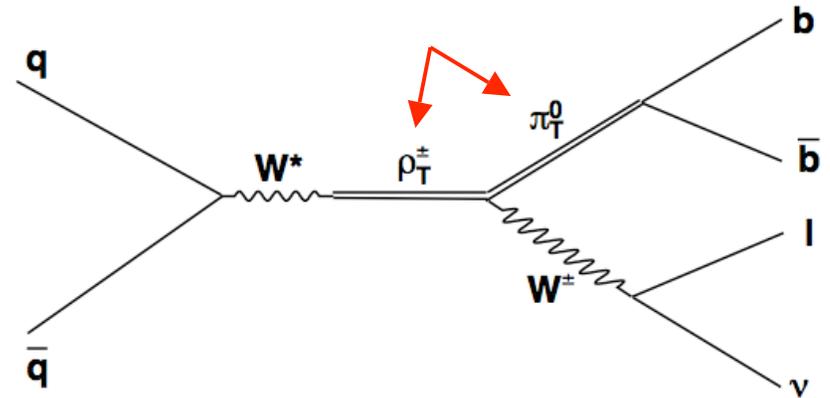
Evidence/discovery reach in $\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$



Technicolor searches at CDF & DØ

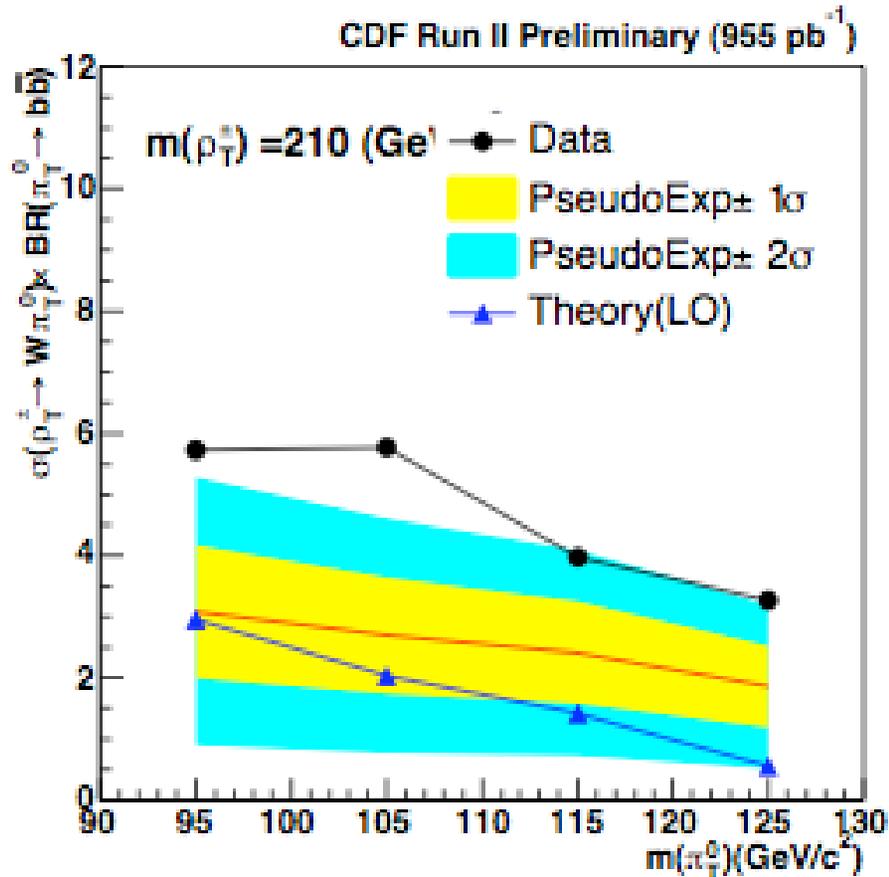
“Technically” not “Higgs”, but offers alternative EWSB

Technicolor Straw Man model predicts low-mass technimesons

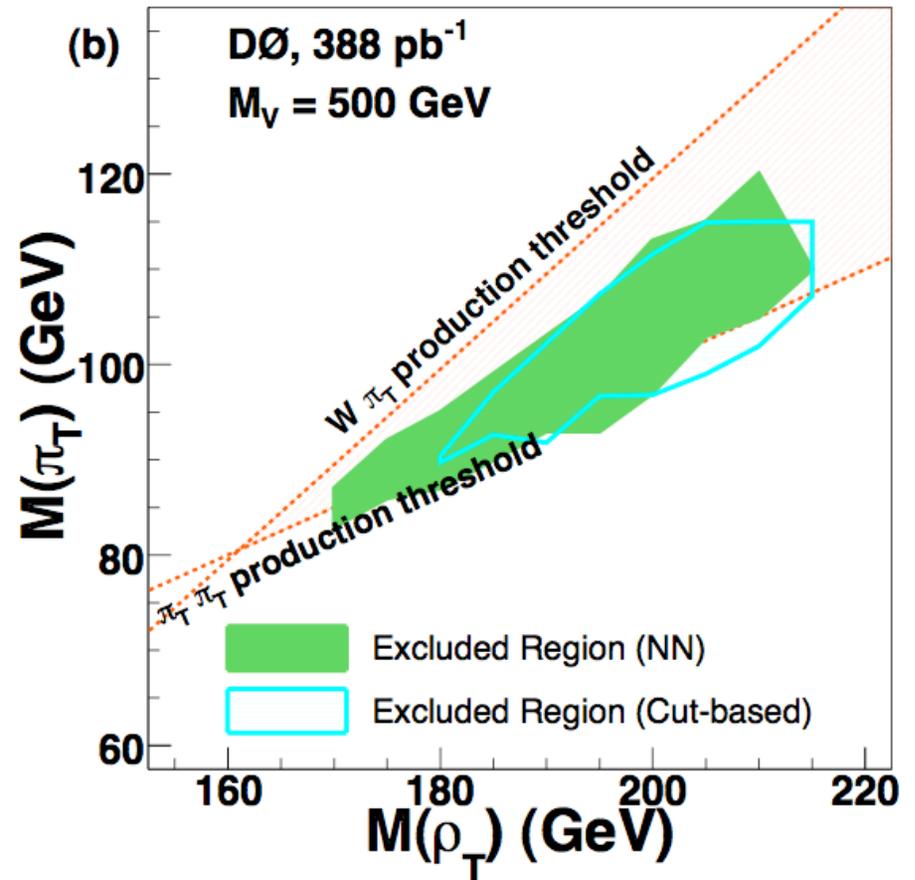


Technicolor exclusions

CDF/ANAL/EXOTIC/PUBLIC/8566



FERMILAB-PUB-06-450-E



Still leaves room for TCSM having $M(\rho_T)=230$, $M(\pi_T)=115$