

Global Search for New Physics at CDF

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SLAC

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Goal

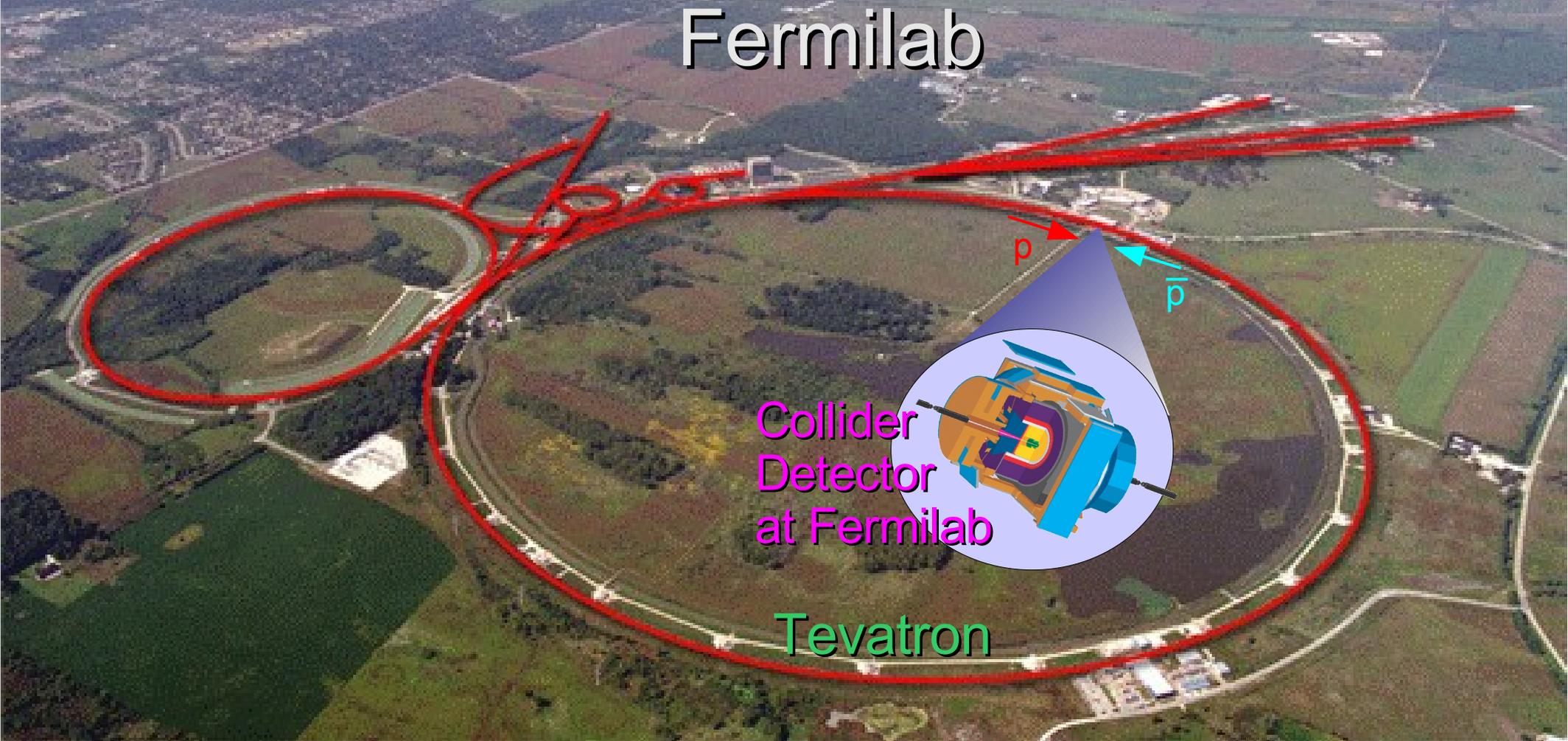
Search for significant discrepancies with the Standard Model

Scope

All high- p_T data

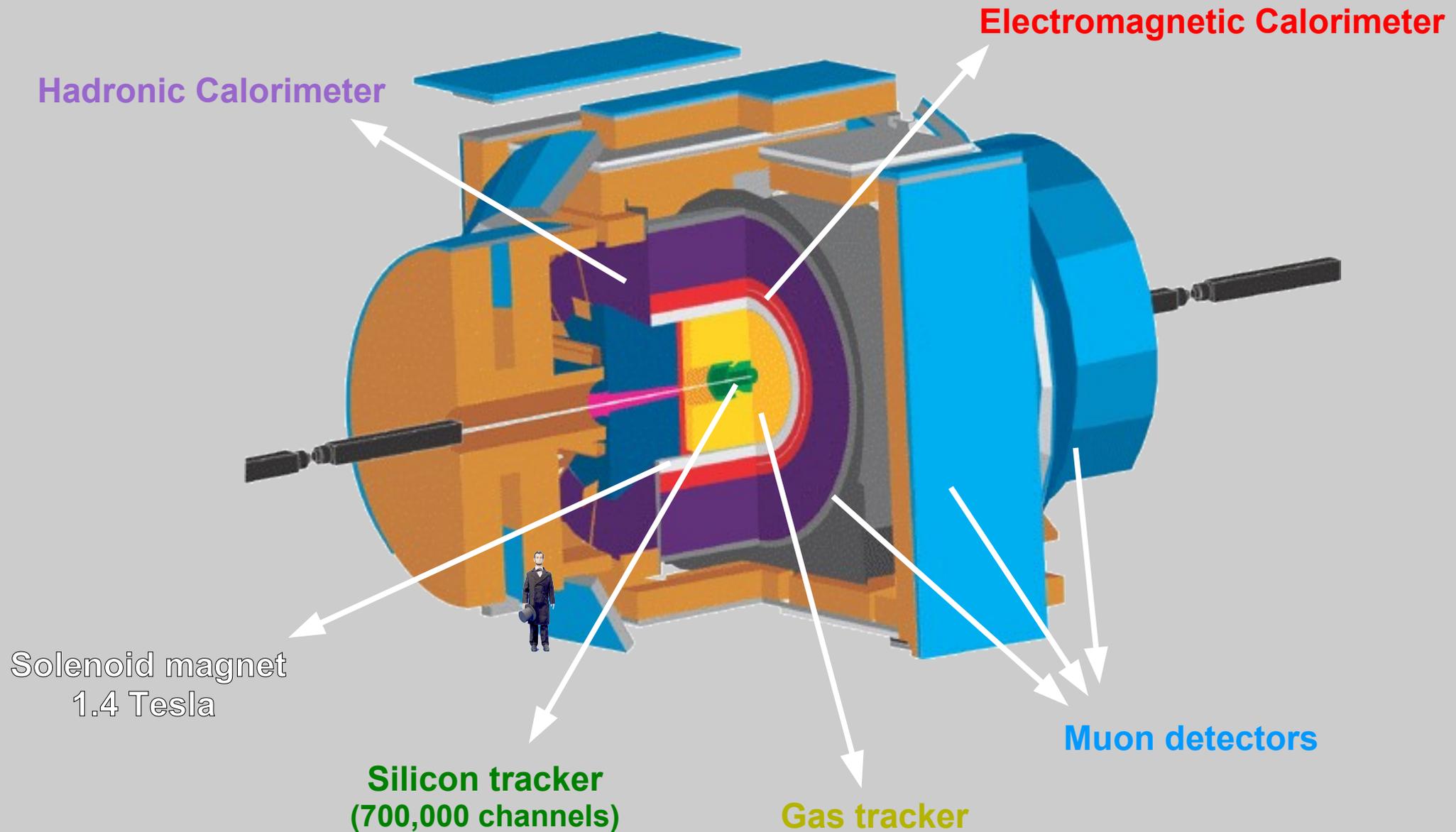
All kinematic quantities

Fermilab

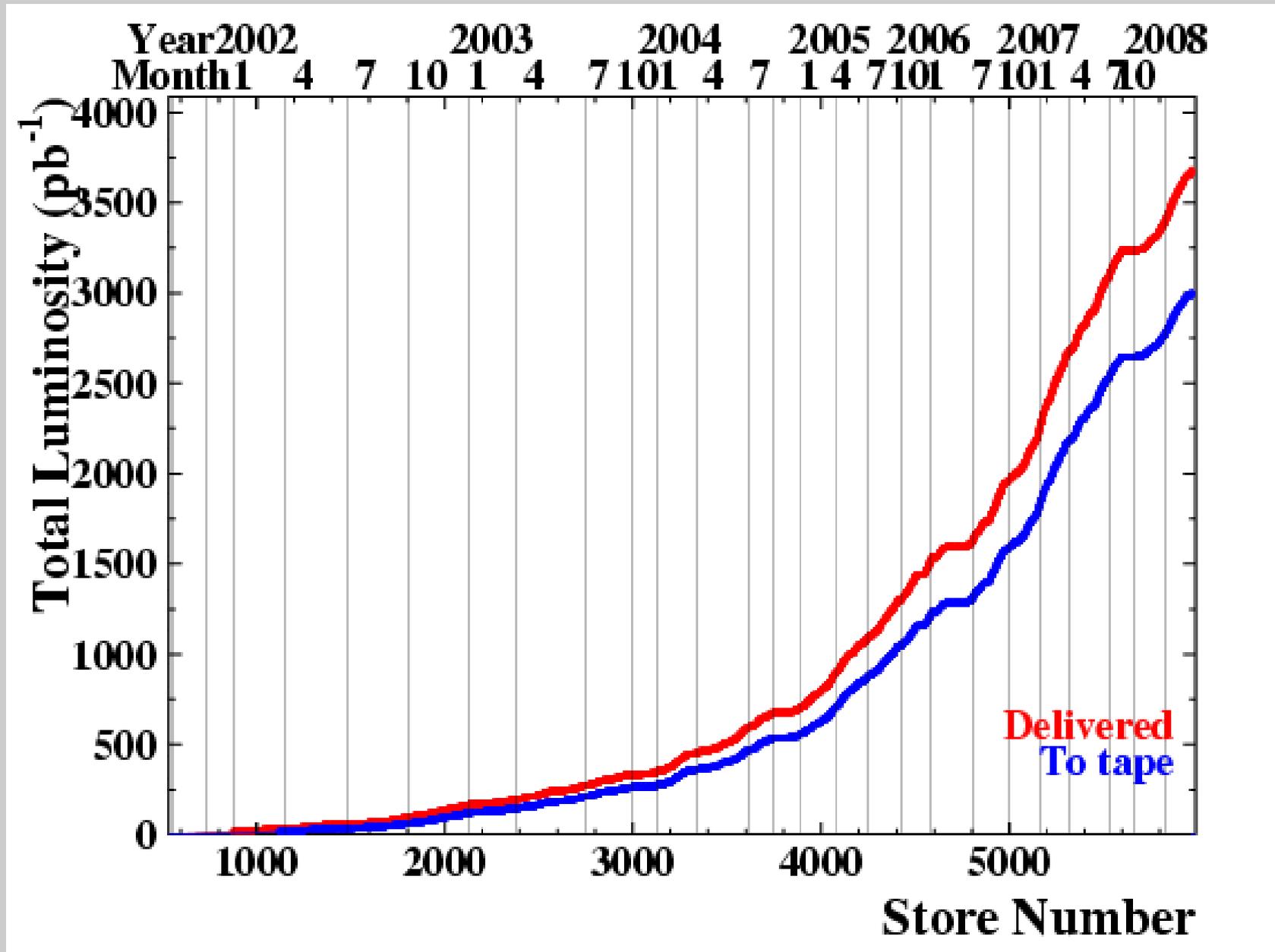


Energy = 1.96 TeV

CDF anatomy



CDF Integrated Luminosity



Brief History

- First embryonic version: DØ Run I, Fermilab
- “General Search” in H1, DESY
- Currently work underway in CMS, ATLAS, and DØ Run II

- CDF Run II global search:
 - 2007: 1 fb⁻¹
 - **2008: 2 fb⁻¹**

Bibliography (CDF Run II, 1 fb⁻¹)

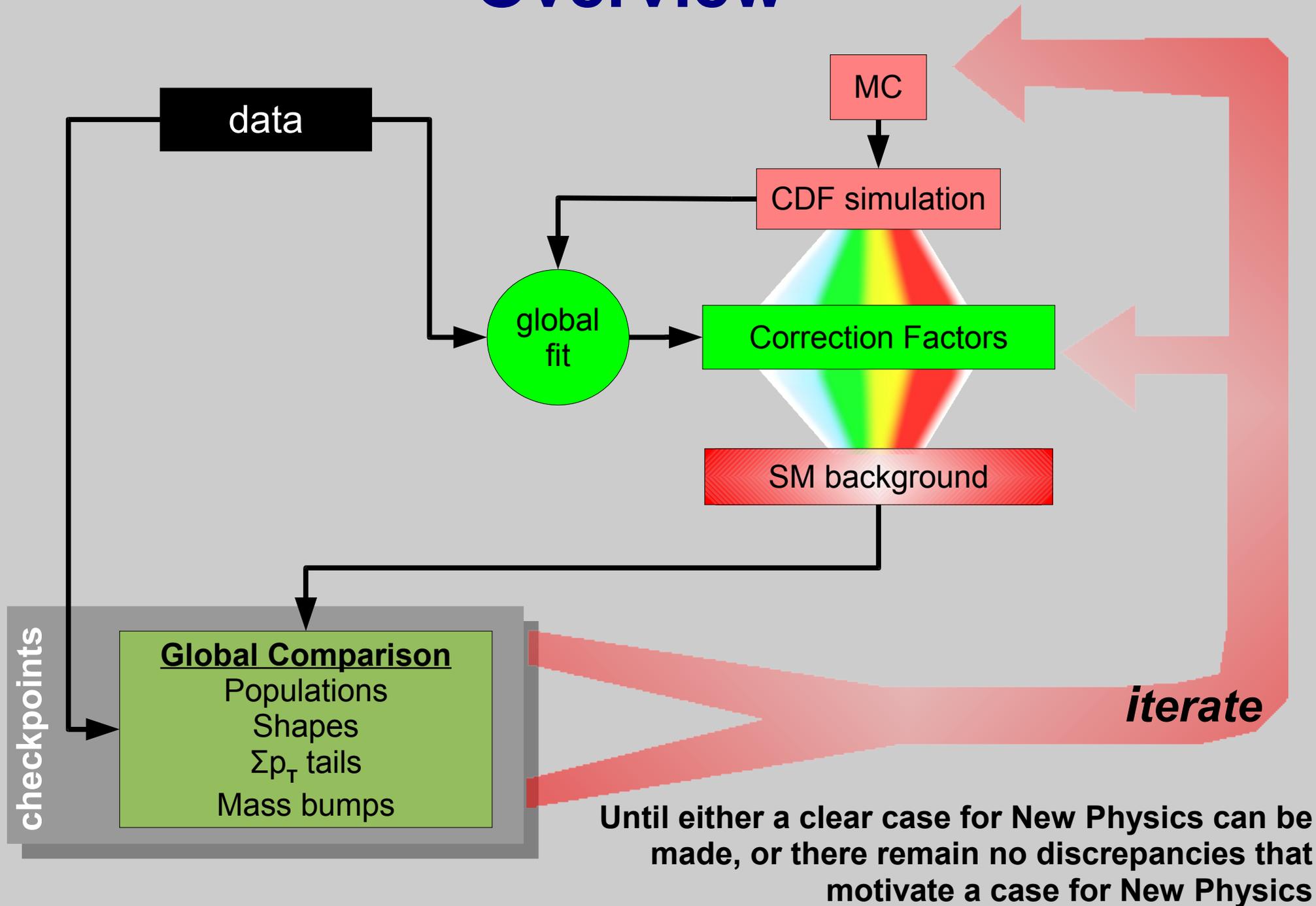
<http://arxiv.org/abs/0712.2534> (PRL)

<http://arxiv.org/abs/0712.1311> (PRD)

<http://arxiv.org/abs/0710.2372> (SUSY07, Eur.Phys.J.C)

<http://arxiv.org/abs/0710.2378> (SUSY07, Eur.Phys.J.C)

Overview



Correction factors (2 fb⁻¹)

CDF Run II Preliminary (2.0 fb⁻¹)

Code	Category	Explanation	Value	Error	Error(%)
0001	luminosity	CDF integrated luminosity	1990	50	2.6
0002	k-factor	cosmic_ph	0.83	0.05	6.0
0003	k-factor	cosmic_j	0.192	0.006	3.1
0004	k-factor	1 γ 1j photon+jet(s)	0.92	0.04	4.4
0005	k-factor	1 γ 2j	1.26	0.05	4.0
0006	k-factor	1 γ 3j	1.61	0.08	5.0
0007	k-factor	1 γ 4j+	1.94	0.16	8.3
0008	k-factor	2 γ 0j diphoton(+jets)	1.6	0.08	5.0
0009	k-factor	2 γ 1j	2.99	0.17	5.7
0010	k-factor	2 γ 2j+	1.2	0.09	7.5
0011	k-factor	W0j W (+jets)	1.38	0.03	2.2
0012	k-factor	W1j	1.33	0.03	2.3
0013	k-factor	W2j	1.99	0.05	2.5
0014	k-factor	W3j+	2.11	0.09	4.3
0015	k-factor	Z0j Z (+jets)	1.39	0.028	2.0
0016	k-factor	Z1j	1.23	0.04	3.2
0017	k-factor	Z2j+	1.02	0.04	3.9
0018	k-factor	2j $\hat{p}_T < 150$ dijet	1.003	0.027	2.7
0019	k-factor	2j $150 < \hat{p}_T$	1.34	0.03	2.2
0020	k-factor	3j $\hat{p}_T < 150$ multijet	0.941	0.025	2.7
0021	k-factor	3j $150 < \hat{p}_T$	1.48	0.04	2.7
0022	k-factor	4j $\hat{p}_T < 150$	1.06	0.03	2.8
0023	k-factor	4j $150 < \hat{p}_T$	1.93	0.06	3.1
0024	k-factor	5j low	1.33	0.05	3.8
0025	k-factor	1b2j $150 < \hat{p}_T$	2.22	0.11	5.0
0026	k-factor	1b3j $150 < \hat{p}_T$	2.98	0.15	5.0
0027	misId	p(e \rightarrow e) central	0.978	0.006	0.6
0028	misId	p(e \rightarrow e) plug	0.966	0.007	0.7
0029	misId	p($\mu\rightarrow\mu$) CMUP+CMX	0.888	0.007	0.8
0030	misId	p($\gamma\rightarrow\gamma$) central	0.949	0.018	1.9
0031	misId	p($\gamma\rightarrow\gamma$) plug	0.859	0.016	1.9
0032	misId	p(b \rightarrow b) central	0.978	0.021	2.1
0033	misId	p($\gamma\rightarrow$ e) plug	0.06	0.003	5.0
0034	misId	p(q \rightarrow e) central	7.09×10^{-5}	1.9×10^{-6}	2.7
0035	misId	p(q \rightarrow e) plug	0.000766	1.2×10^{-5}	1.6
0036	misId	p(q $\rightarrow\mu$)	1.14×10^{-5}	6×10^{-7}	5.2
0037	misId	p(b $\rightarrow\mu$)	3.3×10^{-5}	1.1×10^{-5}	33.0
0038	misId	p(j \rightarrow b) $25 < p_T$	0.0183	0.0002	1.1
0039	misId	p(q $\rightarrow\tau$)	0.0052	0.0001	1.9
0040	misId	p(q $\rightarrow\gamma$) central	0.000266	1.4×10^{-5}	5.3
0041	misId	p(q $\rightarrow\gamma$) plug	0.00048	6×10^{-5}	12.6
0042	trigger	p(e \rightarrow trig) plug, $p_T > 25$	0.86	0.007	0.8
0043	trigger	p($\mu\rightarrow$ trig) CMUP+CMX, $p_T > 25$	0.916	0.004	0.4

The Global Fit

Minimize:

$$\chi^2(\vec{s}) = \left(\sum_{k \in \text{bins}} \chi_k^2(\vec{s}) \right) + \chi_{\text{constraints}}^2(\vec{s})$$

\vec{s} = set of correction factors

e.g. theoretical estimation of k-factors

$$\chi_k^2(\vec{s}) = \frac{(\text{Data}[k] - \text{SM}[k])^2}{\sqrt{\text{SM}[k]^2 + \delta\text{SM}[k]^2}}$$

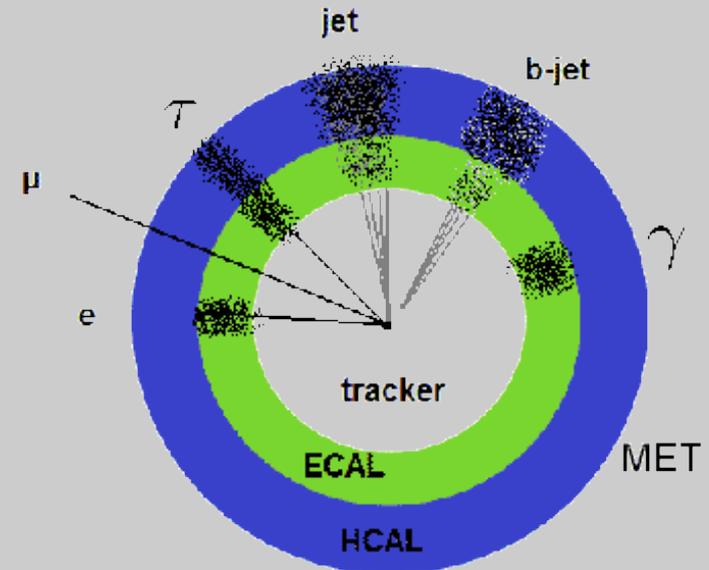
SM = Integrated Luminosity × Acceptance ×
{ σ_{LO} × k-factors} ×
{ID and misID probabilities} ×
{Trigger Efficiencies}

- All the data are used during the fit, and all the correction factors are found simultaneously.

Object and Event selection

Physics Objects

- $e, \mu, \tau, \text{jet}, \text{b-jet}, \gamma, \text{Missing } E_T$
- Consider objects of $p_T > 17 \text{ GeV}$

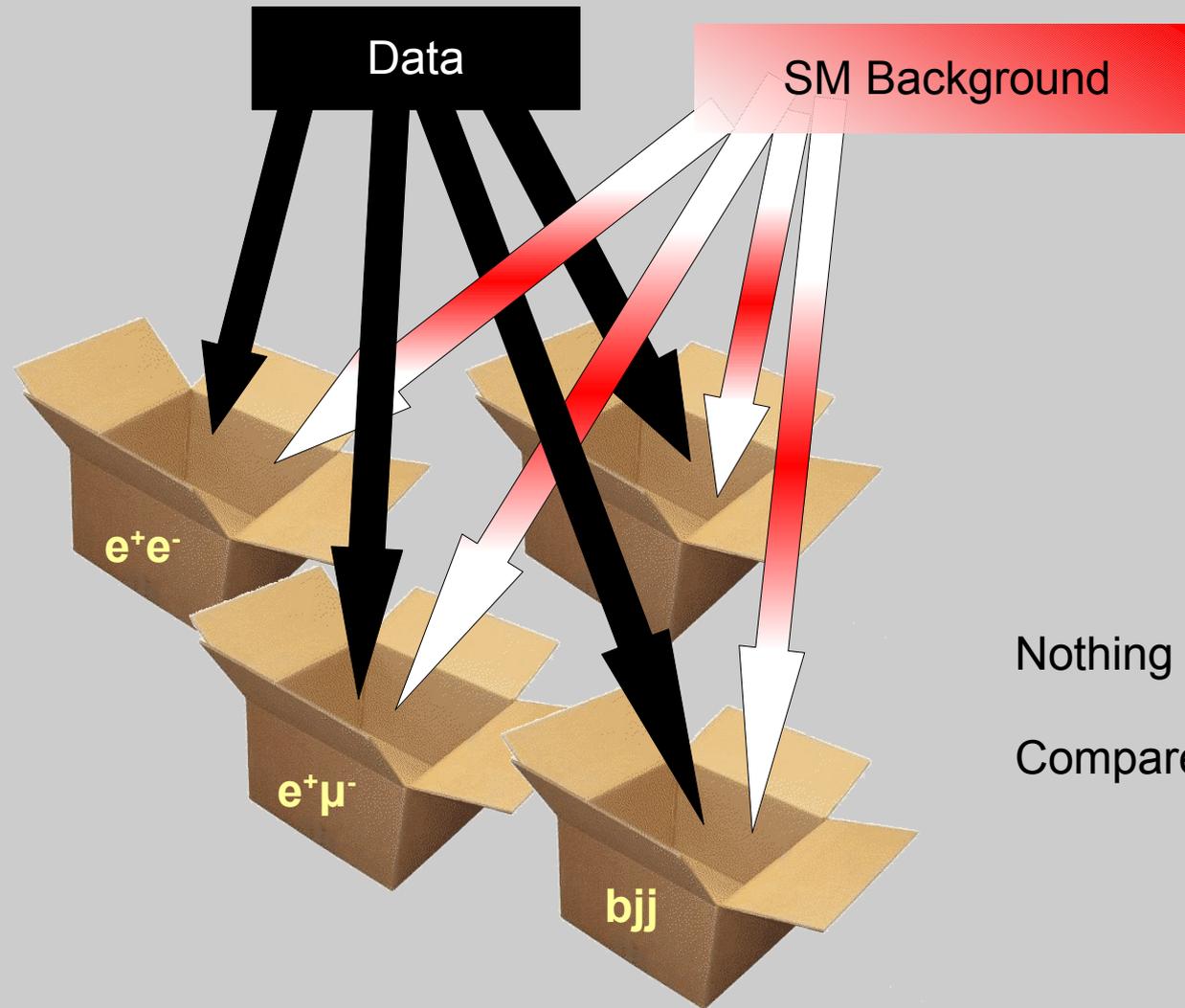


Event selection

- $e, p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- $\mu, p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- $\gamma, p_T > 60 \text{ GeV}$
- $\text{jet}, p_T > 40 \text{ GeV}$
- additional two-object triggers

4.3×10^6 events

Partition in Exclusive Final States



Nothing dropped

Compare "apples to apples"

399 final states; a lot of information

CDF Run II Preliminary (2.0 fb⁻¹)
The calculation of σ accounts for the trials factor

Final State	Data	Background	σ	Final State	Data	Background	σ	Final State	Data	Background	σ
be [±] μ [±] ν [±]	690	817.7 ± 9.2	-2.7	2jμ [±] high-Σp _T	87	80.9 ± 6.8	0	jμ [±] μ [±] ν [±]	32	32.2 ± 10.9	0
γτ [±]	1371	1217.6 ± 13.3	+2.2	2jμ [±] low-Σp _T	114	79.5 ± 100.8	0	jμ [±] μ [±] ν [±] γ	14	11.5 ± 2.6	0
μ [±] τ [±]	63	35.2 ± 2.8	+1.7	2jμ [±] ν [±]	18	13.2 ± 2.2	0	jμ [±] μ [±] ν [±] τ [±]	4852	4271.2 ± 185.4	0
b2jμ [±] high-Σp _T	255	327.2 ± 8.9	-1.7	2jγτ [±]	142	144.6 ± 5.7	0	jμ [±]	77689	76987.5 ± 930.2	0
2jτ [±] low-Σp _T	574	670.3 ± 8.6	-1.5	2jγν [±]	908	980.3 ± 63.7	0	e [±] 4jμ [±]	903	830.6 ± 13.2	0
3jτ [±] low-Σp _T	148	199.8 ± 5.2	-1.4	2jγ	71364	73021.4 ± 595.9	0	e [±] 4jγ	25	29.2 ± 3.6	0
e [±] μ [±] ν [±]	36	17.2 ± 1.7	+1.4	2jμ [±] τ [±]	16	19.3 ± 2.2	0	e [±] 4j	15750	16740.4 ± 390.5	0
2jτ [±] τ [±]	33	62.1 ± 4.3	-1.3	2jμ [±] ν [±]	17927	18340.6 ± 201.9	0	e [±] 3jτ [±]	15	21.1 ± 2.2	0
e [±] j	741710	764832 ± 6447.2	-1.3	2jμ [±] γν [±]	31	27.7 ± 7.7	0	e [±] 3jμ [±]	4054	4077.2 ± 63.6	0
j2τ [±]	105	150.8 ± 6.3	-1.2	2jμ [±] γ	57	58.2 ± 13	0	e [±] 3jγ	108	79.3 ± 5	0
e [±] 2j	256946	249148 ± 2201.5	+1.2	2jμ [±] μ [±] ν [±]	11	7.8 ± 2.7	0	e [±] 3j	60725	60409.3 ± 723.3	0
2bj low-Σp _T	279	352.5 ± 11.9	-1.1	2jμ [±] μ [±] τ [±]	956	924.9 ± 61.2	0	e [±] 2jγ	41	34.2 ± 2.6	0
jτ [±] low-Σp _T	1385	1525.8 ± 15	-1.1	2jμ [±]	22461	23111.4 ± 366.6	0	e [±] 2jτ [±]	37	47.2 ± 2.2	0
2b2j low-Σp _T	108	153.5 ± 6.8	-1	2e [±] j	14	13.8 ± 2.3	0	e [±] 2jτ [±]	109	95.9 ± 6.8	0
bμ [±] ν [±]	528	613.5 ± 8.7	-0.9	2e [±] e [±]	20	17.5 ± 1.7	0	e [±] 2jμ [±]	25725	25403.1 ± 209.4	0
μ [±] γν [±]	523	611 ± 12.1	-0.8	2e [±]	32	49.2 ± 3.4	0	e [±] 2jγν [±]	30	31.8 ± 4.8	0
2bγ	108	70.5 ± 7.9	+0.1	2b high-Σp _T	666	689 ± 9.4	0	e [±] 2jγ	398	342.8 ± 15.7	0
8j	14	13.1 ± 4.4	0	2b low-Σp _T	323	313.2 ± 10.3	0	e [±] 2jμ [±] ν [±]	22	14.8 ± 1.9	0
7j	103	97.8 ± 12.2	0	2b3j low-Σp _T	53	57.4 ± 6.5	0	e [±] 2jμ [±] τ [±]	23	15.8 ± 2	0
6j	653	659.7 ± 37.3	0	2b2j high-Σp _T	718	803.3 ± 12.7	0	e [±] τ [±]	437	387 ± 5.3	0
5j	3157	3178.7 ± 67.1	0	2b2jμ [±] high-Σp _T	15	21.8 ± 2.8	0	e [±] τ [±]	1333	1266 ± 12.3	0
4j high-Σp _T	88546	89096.6 ± 935.2	0	2b2jγ	32	39.7 ± 6.2	0	e [±] μ [±] ν [±] τ [±]	109	106.1 ± 2.7	0
4j low-Σp _T	14872	14809.6 ± 186.3	0	2b2jμ [±] ν [±]	14	17.3 ± 1.9	0	e [±] μ [±] ν [±]	960826	956579 ± 3077.7	0
4j2γ	46	46.4 ± 3.9	0	2b2jμ [±]	22	21.8 ± 2	0	e [±] γν [±]	497	496.8 ± 10.3	0
4jτ [±] high-Σp _T	29	26.6 ± 1.7	0	2bμ [±] ν [±]	11	14.4 ± 2.1	0	e [±] γ	3578	3589.9 ± 24.1	0
4jτ [±] low-Σp _T	43	63.1 ± 3.3	0	2bj high-Σp _T	891	967.1 ± 13.2	0	e [±] μ [±] ν [±]	31	29.9 ± 1.6	0
4jν [±] high-Σp _T	1064	1012 ± 62.9	0	2bjμ [±] high-Σp _T	25	31.3 ± 3.1	0	e [±] μ [±] ν [±]	109	99.4 ± 2.4	0
4jγτ [±]	19	10.8 ± 2	0	2bjγ	71	54.5 ± 7.1	0	e [±] μ [±] τ [±]	45	28.5 ± 1.8	0
4jγν [±]	62	104.2 ± 22.4	0	2bjμ [±] ν [±]	12	10.7 ± 1.9	0	e [±] μ [±] τ [±]	350	313 ± 5.4	0
4jγ	7962	8271.2 ± 245.1	0	2be [±] 2jμ [±]	30	27.3 ± 2.2	0	e [±] j2γ	13	16.1 ± 3.9	0
4jμ [±] ν [±]	574	590.5 ± 13.6	0	2be [±] 2j	72	66.5 ± 2.9	0	e [±] jτ [±]	386	418 ± 18.9	0
4jμ [±] τ [±]	38	48.4 ± 6.2	0	2be [±] ν [±]	22	19.1 ± 2.2	0	e [±] jτ [±]	160	162.8 ± 3.5	0
4jμ [±]	1363	1350.1 ± 37.7	0	2be [±] μ [±] ν [±]	19	19.4 ± 2.2	0	e [±] jμ [±] τ [±]	48	44.6 ± 3.3	0
3j high-Σp _T	159926	159143 ± 1061.9	0	2be [±] j	63	63 ± 3.4	0	e [±] jμ [±] ν [±]	11	8.3 ± 1.5	0
3j low-Σp _T	62681	64213.1 ± 496	0	2be [±]	96	92.1 ± 4.1	0	e [±] jν [±]	121431	121023 ± 747.6	0
3j2γ	151	177.5 ± 7.1	0	τ [±] τ [±]	856	872.5 ± 19	0	e [±] jγν [±]	159	192.6 ± 10.9	0
3jτ [±] high-Σp _T	68	76.9 ± 3	0	γν [±]	3793	3770.7 ± 127.3	0	e [±] jγ	1389	1368.9 ± 38.9	0
3jν [±] high-Σp _T	1706	1899.4 ± 77.6	0	μ [±] τ [±]	381	440.9 ± 7.3	0	e [±] jμ [±] ν [±] τ [±]	42	33 ± 2.9	0
3jμ [±] high-Σp _T	42	36.2 ± 5.7	0	μ [±] ν [±] τ [±]	60	75.7 ± 3.4	0	e [±] jμ [±] ν [±]	16	9.2 ± 1.9	0
3jγτ [±]	39	37.8 ± 3.6	0	μ [±] ν [±] τ [±]	15	12 ± 2	0	e [±] jμ [±] τ [±]	62	63.8 ± 3.2	0
3jγν [±]	204	249.8 ± 24.4	0	μ [±] ν [±]	734290	734296 ± 4897.8	0	e [±] jμ [±]	13	8.2 ± 2	0
3jγ	24639	24899.4 ± 372.4	0	μ [±] γ	475	469.8 ± 12.5	0	e [±] e [±] 4j	148	159.1 ± 7	0
3jμ [±] ν [±]	2884	2971.5 ± 52.1	0	μ [±] μ [±] ν [±]	169	198.5 ± 8.2	0	e [±] e [±] 3j	717	743.6 ± 24.4	0
3jμ [±] γν [±]	10	3.6 ± 1.9	0	μ [±] μ [±] τ [±]	83	60 ± 3.1	0	e [±] e [±] 2jμ [±]	32	41.4 ± 5.6	0
3jμ [±] γ	15	7.9 ± 2.9	0	μ [±] μ [±] τ [±] γ	25283	25178.5 ± 86.5	0	e [±] e [±] 2jγ	10	11.4 ± 2.9	0
3jμ [±] τ [±]	175	177.8 ± 16.2	0	j2γν [±]	36	30.4 ± 4.2	0	e [±] e [±] 2j	3638	3566.8 ± 72	0
3jμ [±]	5032	4989.5 ± 108.9	0	j2γ	1822	1813.2 ± 27.4	0	e [±] e [±] τ [±]	18	16.1 ± 1.7	0
3b2j	23	28.9 ± 4.7	0	jτ [±] high-Σp _T	52	56.2 ± 2.5	0	e [±] e [±] ν [±]	822	831.8 ± 13.6	0
3bj	82	82.6 ± 5.7	0	jτ [±] τ [±]	203	252.2 ± 8.7	0	e [±] e [±] γ	191	221.9 ± 5.1	0
3b	67	85.6 ± 7.7	0	jν [±] high-Σp _T	4432	4431.7 ± 45.2	0	e [±] e [±] ν [±] μ [±]	155	170.8 ± 12.4	0
2τ [±]	498	512.7 ± 14.2	0	jγτ [±]	526	476 ± 9.3	0	e [±] e [±] jγ	48	45 ± 3.9	0
2γν [±]	128	107.2 ± 6.9	0	jγν [±]	1882	1791.9 ± 72.3	0	e [±] e [±] j	17903	18258.2 ± 204.4	0
2γ	5548	5562.8 ± 40.5	0	jγ	103319	102124 ± 570.6	0	e [±] e [±]	98901	99086.9 ± 147.8	0
2j high-Σp _T	190773	190842 ± 781.2	0	jμ [±] τ [±]	71	98 ± 3.9	0	b6j	51	42.3 ± 3.8	0
2j low-Σp _T	165984	162530 ± 1581	0	jμ [±] τ [±]	15	12 ± 2	0	b5j	237	192.5 ± 7.1	0
2j2τ [±]	22	40.6 ± 3.2	0	jμ [±] ν [±] τ [±]	26	30.8 ± 2.6	0	b4j high-Σp _T	26	23.4 ± 2.6	0
2j2γν [±]	11	8 ± 2.4	0	jμ [±] ν [±]	109081	108323 ± 707.7	0	b4j low-Σp _T	836	821.7 ± 15.9	0
2j2γ	580	581 ± 13.7	0	jμ [±] γν [±]	171	171.1 ± 31	0	b3j high-Σp _T	12081	12071 ± 84.1	0
2jτ [±] high-Σp _T	96	114.6 ± 3.3	0	jμ [±] γ	152	190 ± 39.3	0	b3j low-Σp _T	2974	2873 ± 31	0

- Table including all Vista final states with at least 10 data events
- Background uncertainties are statistical.



Ways to look for discrepancies

Population discrepancies

Shape discrepancies

Mass resonances

High Σp_T excesses

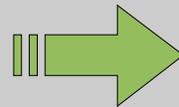
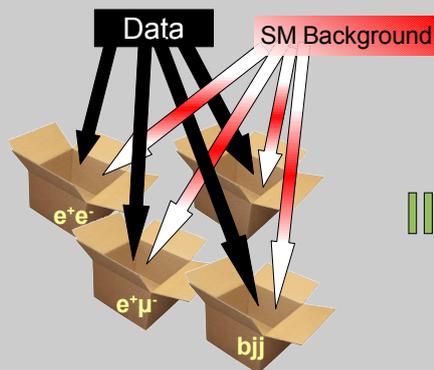
Population discrepancies

Using Poisson statistics

Expected b
Observed d

$$p\text{-val} = \begin{cases} \text{if } d \geq b, & \sum_{n=d}^{\infty} \frac{b^n}{n!} e^{-b} \\ \text{if } d < b, & \sum_{n=0}^d \frac{b^n}{n!} e^{-b} \end{cases}$$

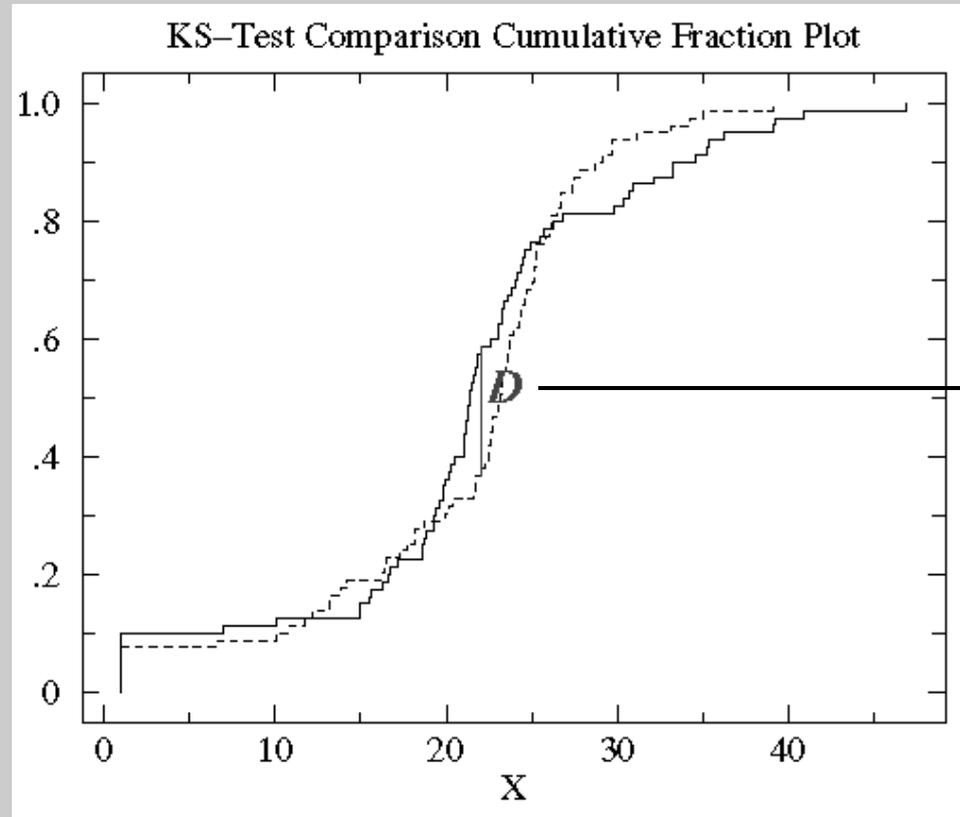
(Not mentioning convolution with uncertainty in b .)



399 final states \rightarrow 399 populations

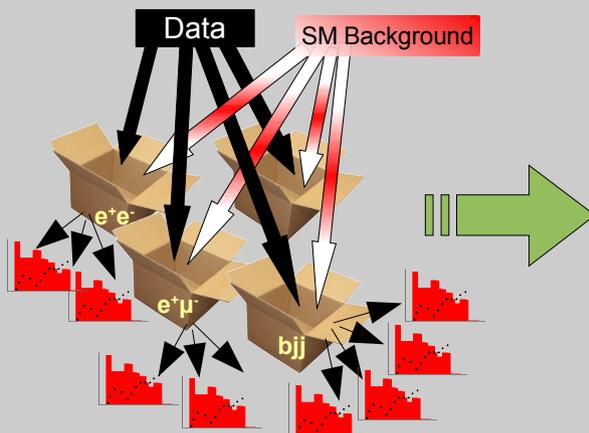
Shape discrepancies

Using Kolmogorov-Smirnov test



D: "KS statistic"

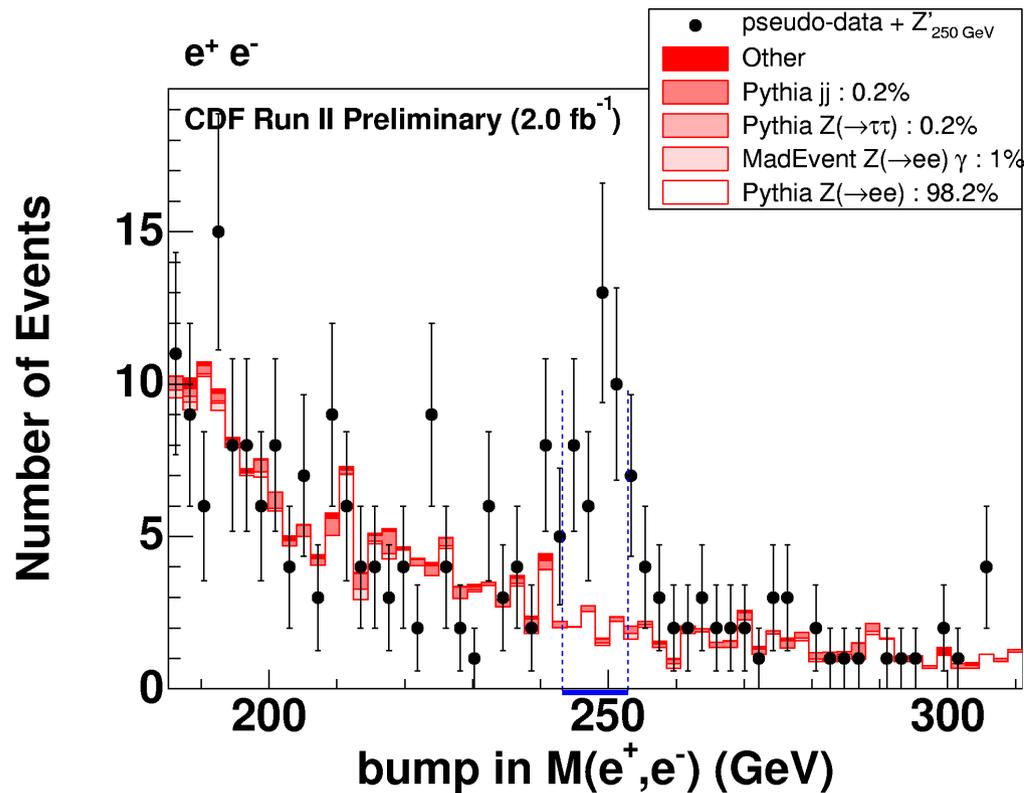
From D we find
KS probability
(that shapes are
consistent)



399 final states \times \sim 49 kinematic distributions each \approx 20,000 shapes

For example: masses, p_T , Σp_T , η , ϕ , ΔR etc.

Mass resonances



Target: Narrow mass resonances

Scan all mass spectra with a window.
 Window size follows mass resolution.
 Sidebands have to agree more than center.

Each bump has a p-value

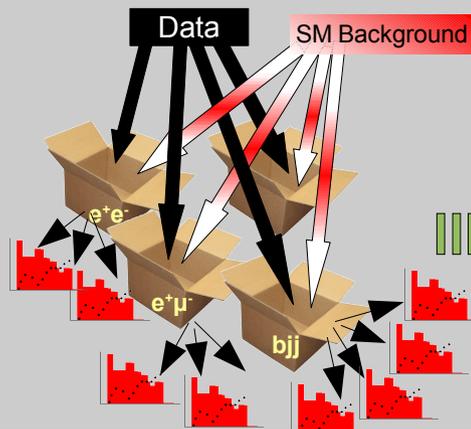
$$\sum_{n=d}^{\infty} \frac{b^n}{n!} e^{-b}$$

Most interesting window : p-val_{min}

Repeat for all mass variables.

Evaluate significance, given trials factor.

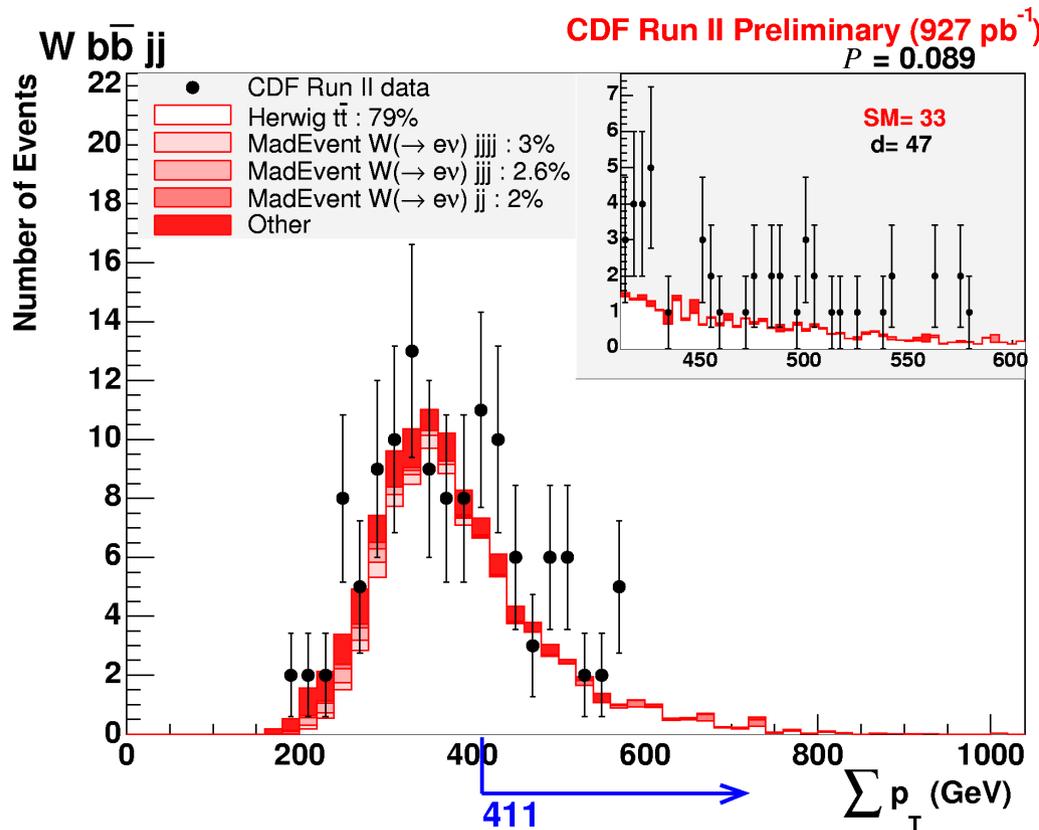
Discovery threshold: 3σ after trials factor.



High- Σp_T excesses

-Why Σp_T ?

- Sensitive: New physics \rightarrow Heavy objects \rightarrow High- Σp_T products
- Universal: Every event has a Σp_T .



In each tail we expect b and observe d .
Find p-val of all tails.

$$\sum_{n=d}^{\infty} \frac{b^n}{n!} e^{-b}$$

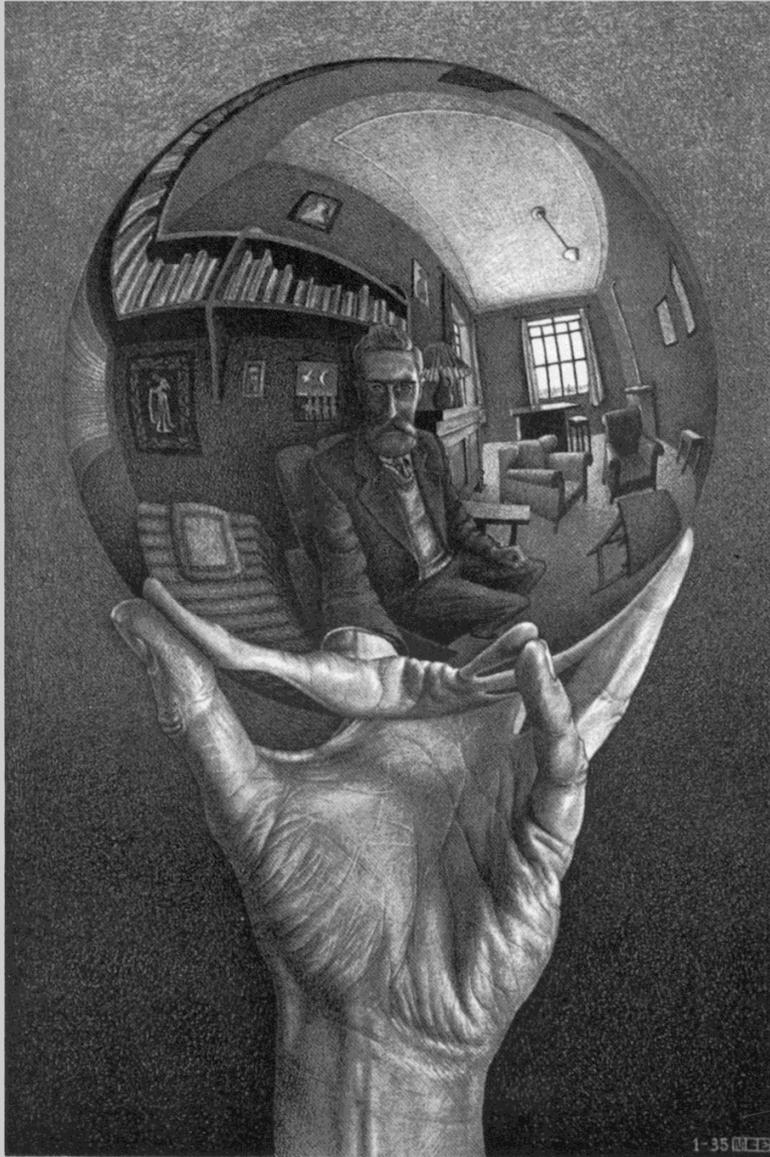
Mark most interesting ($p\text{-val}_{\min}$).

Repeat for all final states.

Evaluate significance, given trials factor.

Discovery threshold: 3σ after trials factor.

We have it all at our fingertips



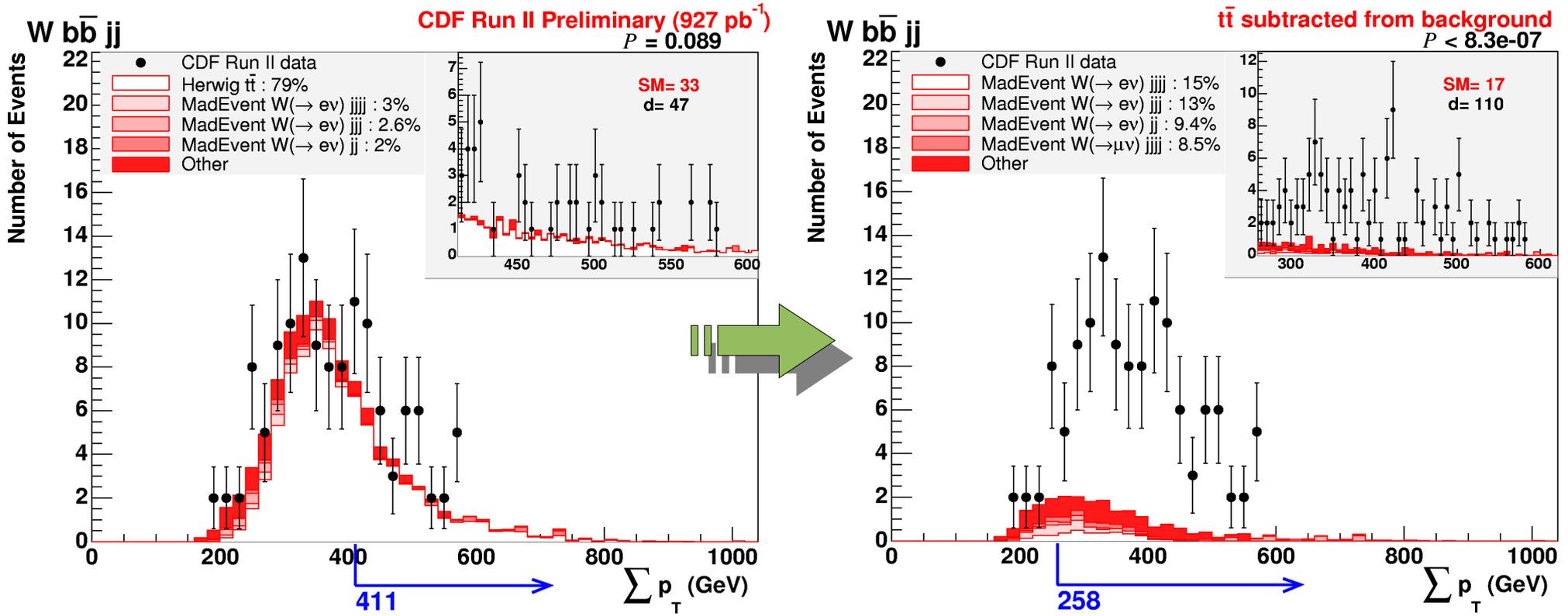
Interesting features are listed first

All plots are 2 clicks away

CDF has a complete view of its
high- p_T data

Would this have found top?

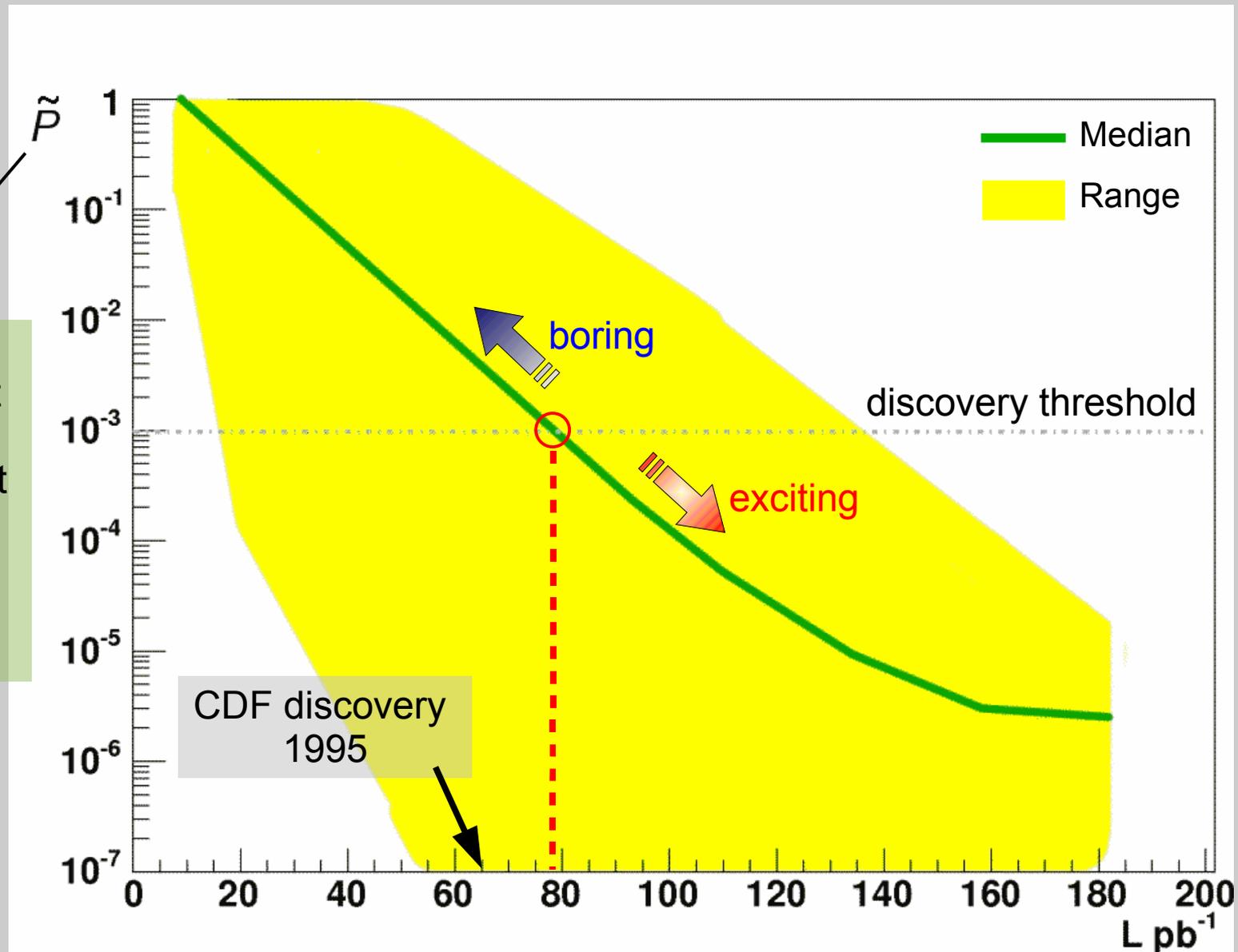
Remove top quark from Standard Model, refit correction factors, search!



Easily finding top in 1 fb⁻¹

How much would it have taken?

Top quark removed from background.
Scale integrated luminosity.

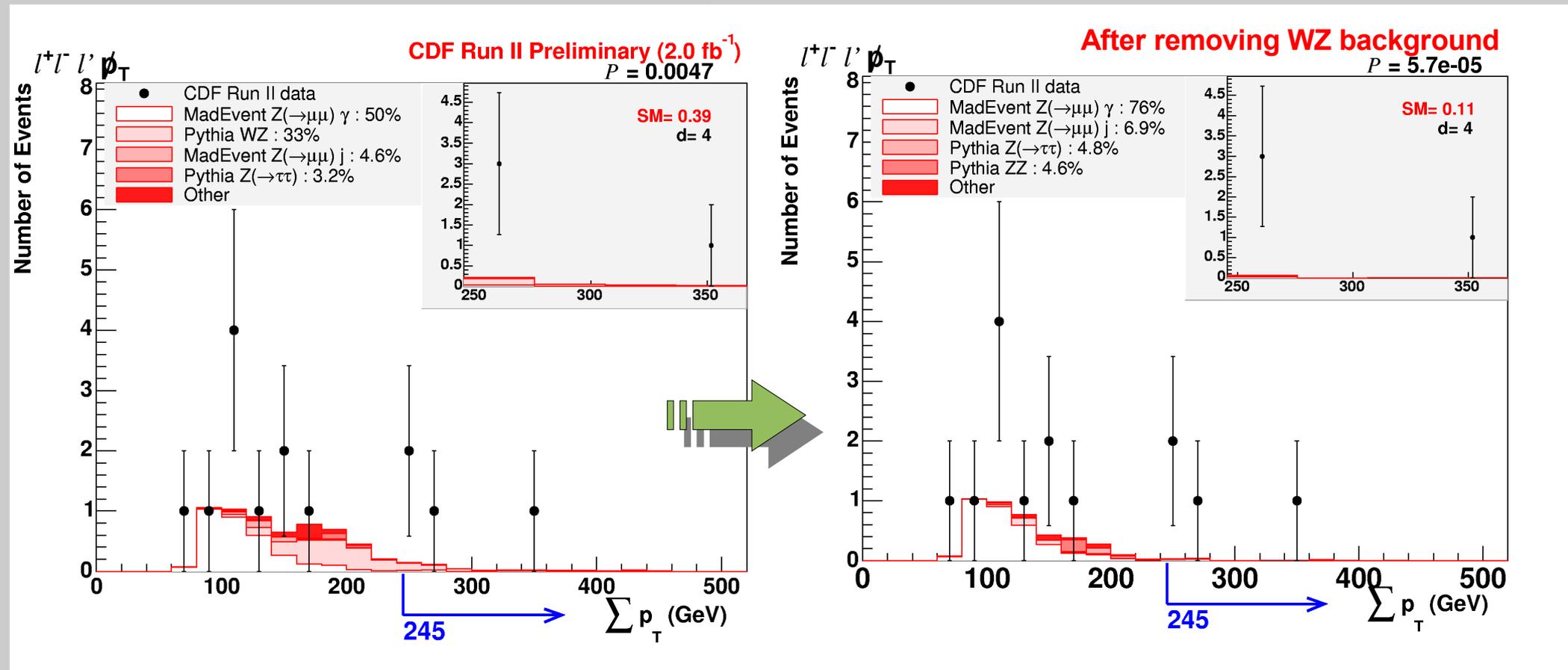


Probability that the most interesting excess is just a fluctuation.

(trials factor included)

WZ

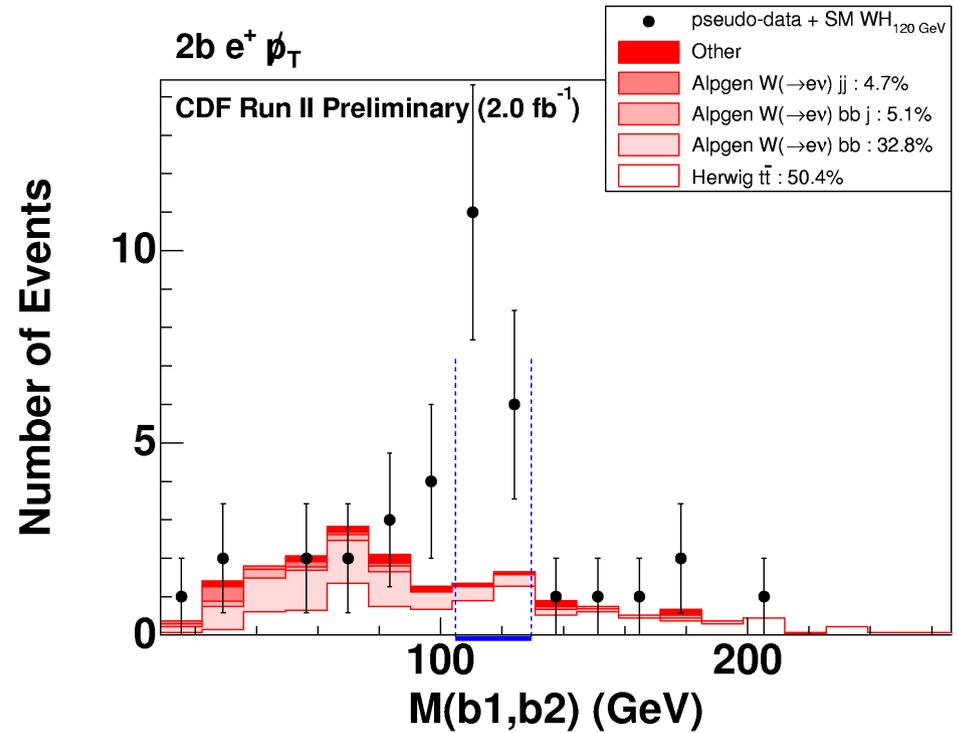
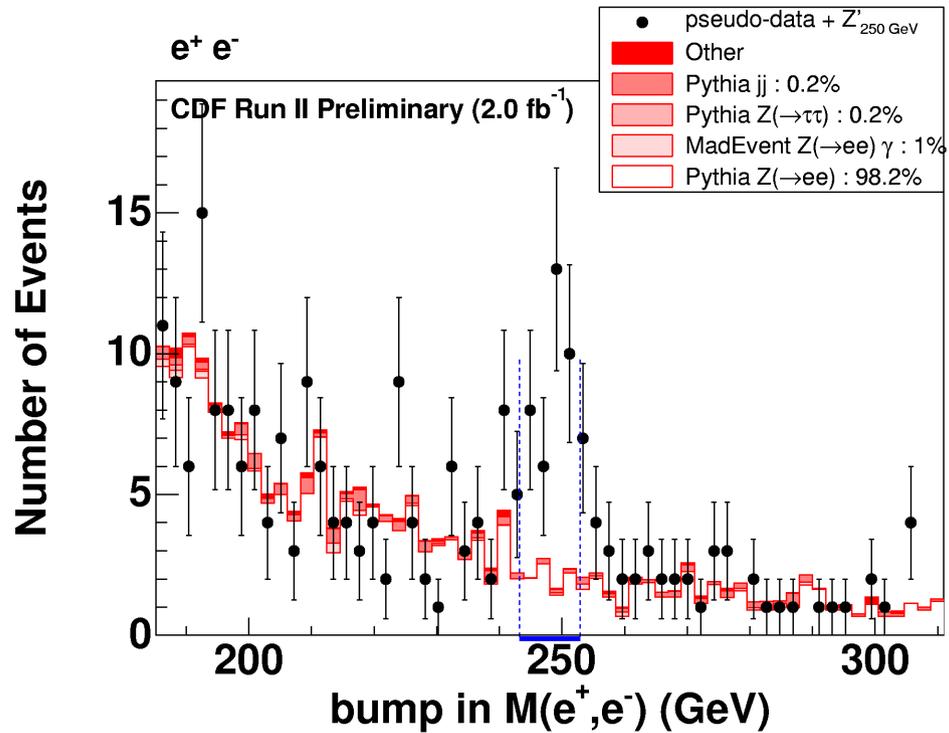
example of a signal we don't see with this analysis



\tilde{P} becomes 1%, corresponding to (only) 2.3 σ effect.

CDF observed WZ (at 6 σ significance) with 1.1 fb⁻¹ [[Phys. Rev. Lett. 98, 161801 \(2007\)](#)].

Sensitivity to bumps?

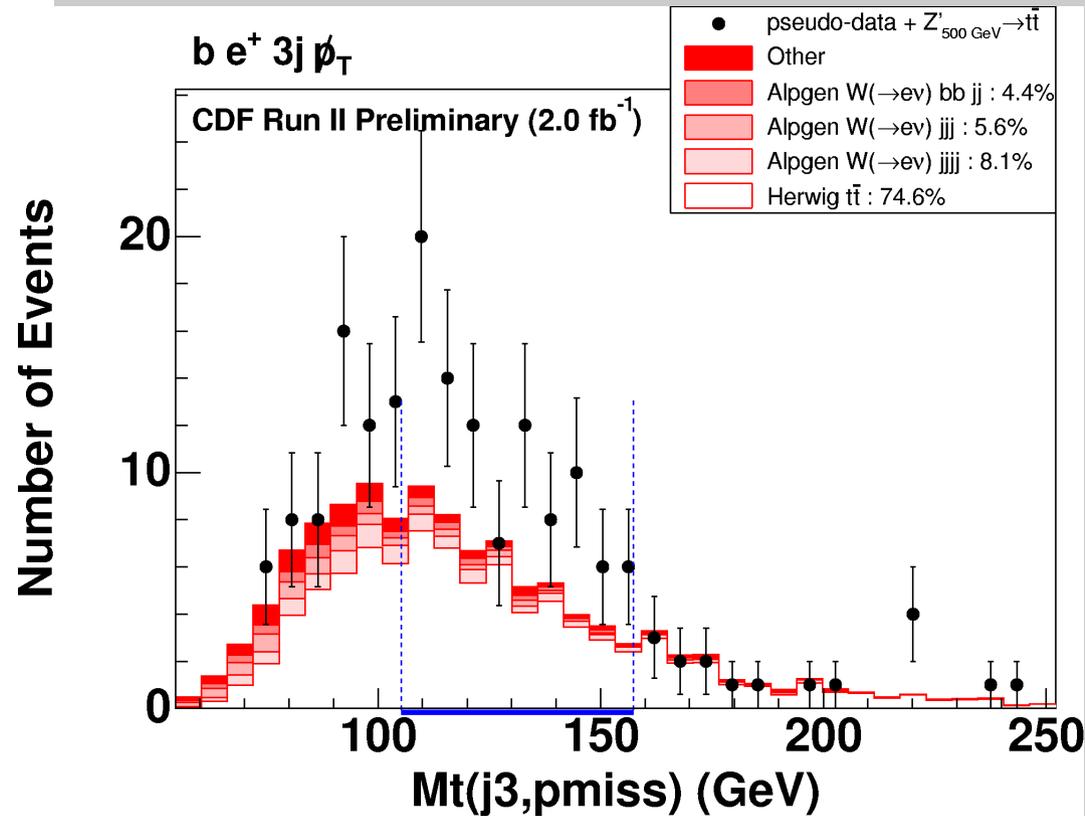
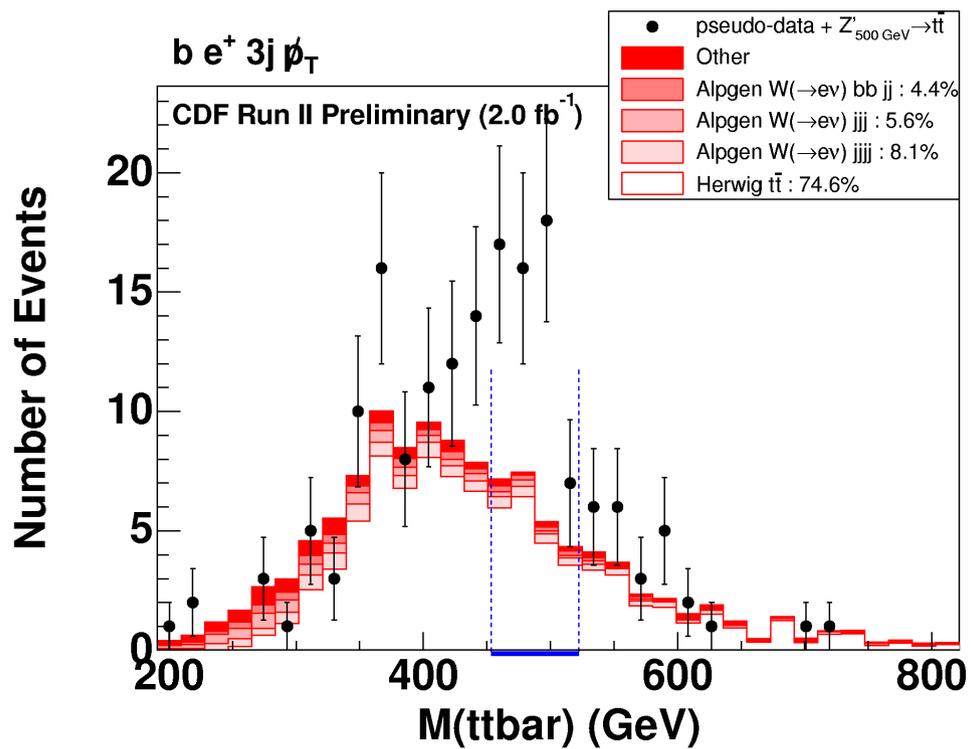


$Z'_{250} \rightarrow$ charged leptons
 5σ discovery if $\sigma \times \text{BR} \approx 0.325$ pb.

$WH_{120} \rightarrow \ell\nu b\bar{b}$
 5σ discovery if $\sigma \approx 14$ pb.

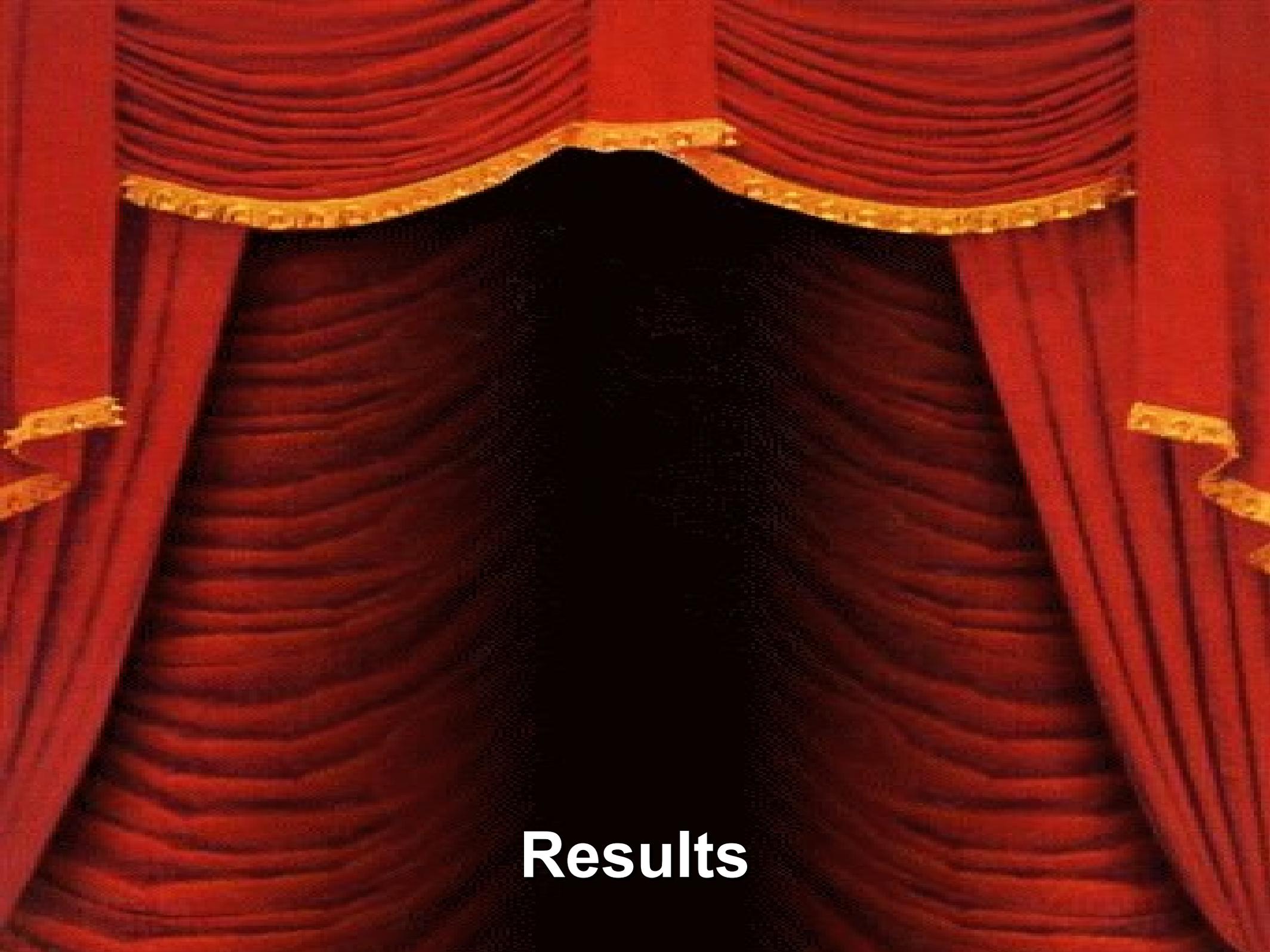
(Standard Model predicts 0.159 pb.)

Z' (500 GeV) \rightarrow $t\bar{t}$



5σ discovery if $\sigma \times BR = 2.2 \text{ pb}$

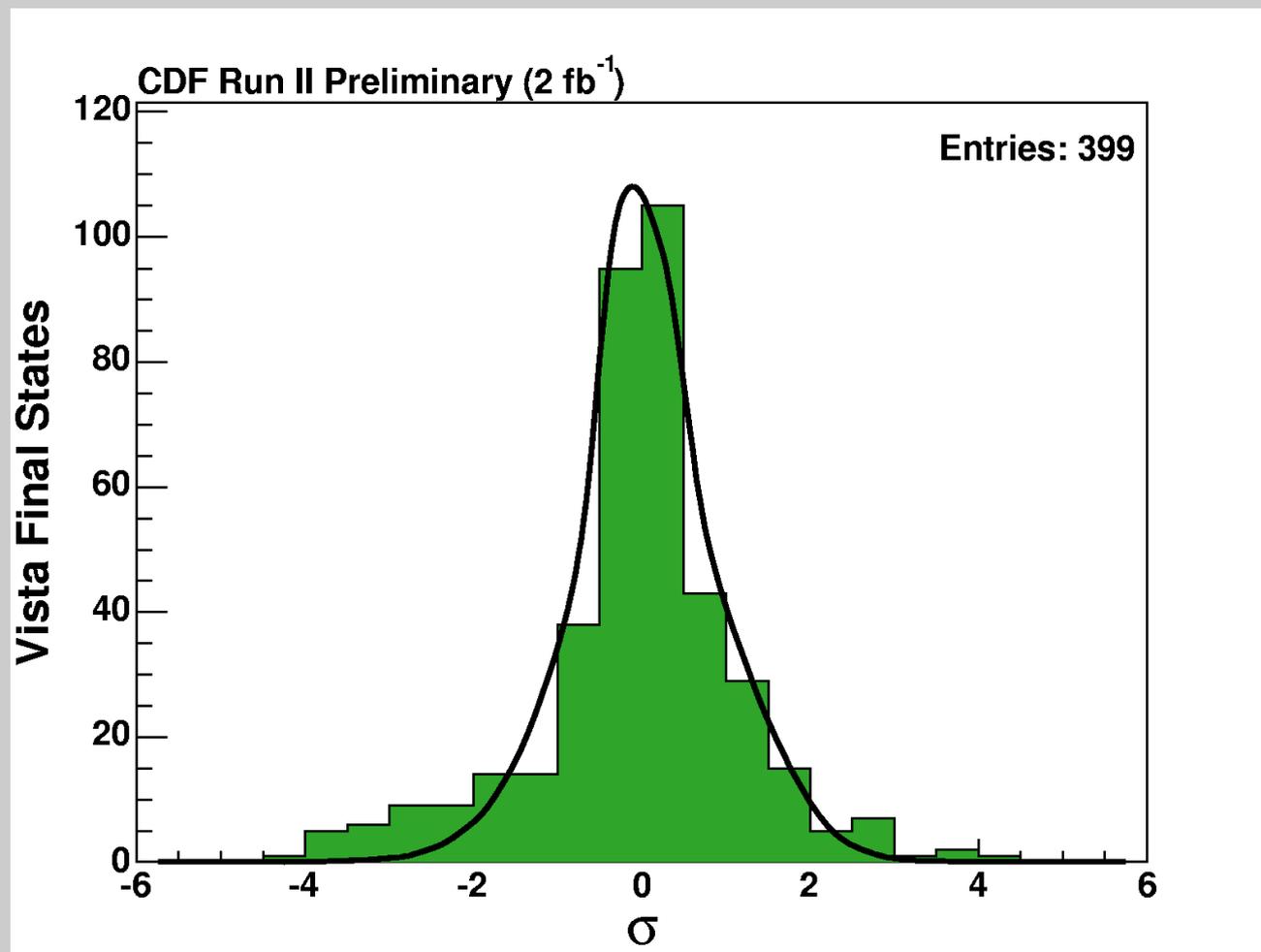
The same signal can appear in different variables.



Results

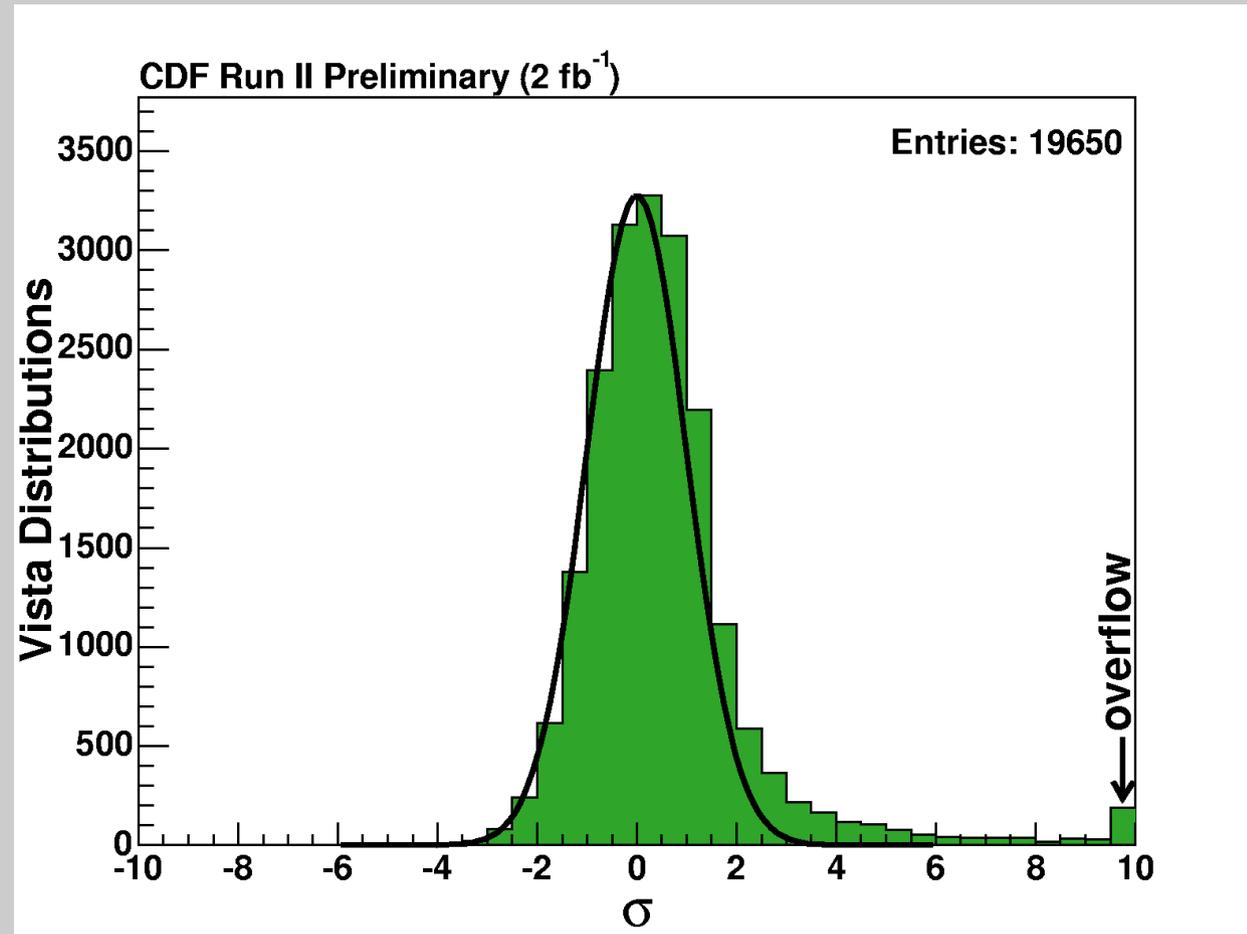
Populations

- The Poisson probability that the SM population in a final state would fluctuate above (or below) the observed population in the data.
- This probability is expressed in units of standard deviation (σ).
- These probabilities plotted do not yet take into account the **trials factor**: We examined 399 final states. Accounting for this reduces the significance of every observed discrepancy.
- After taking into account the trials factor, the greatest population discrepancy is only a **2.7 σ** deficit of data.



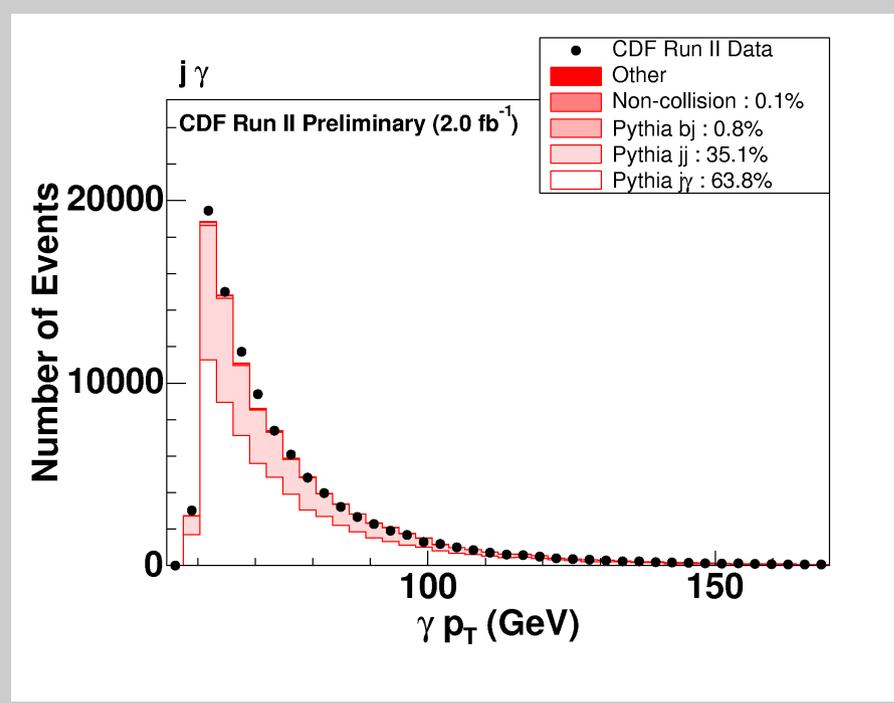
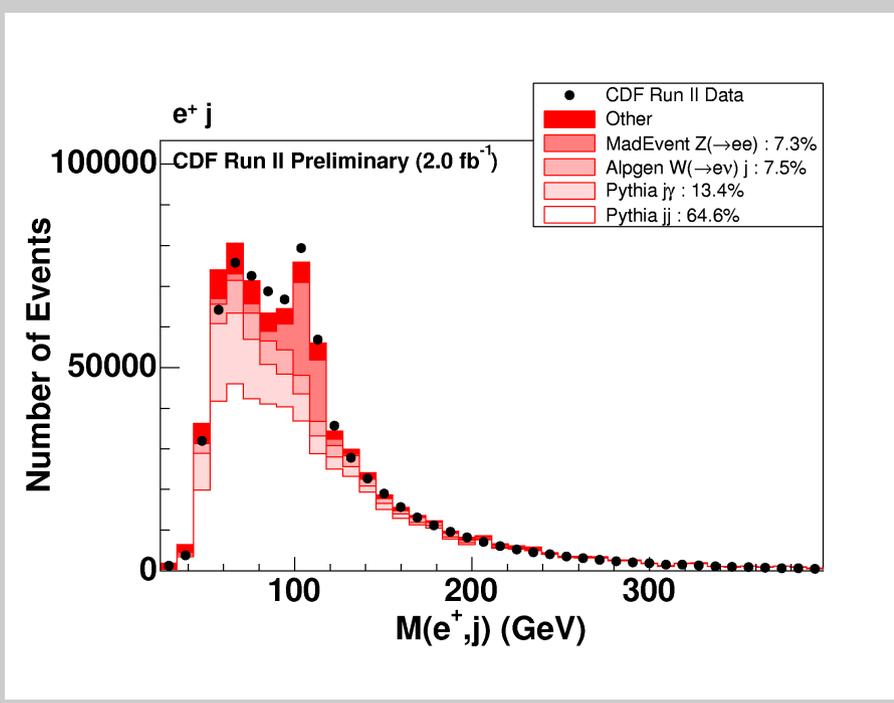
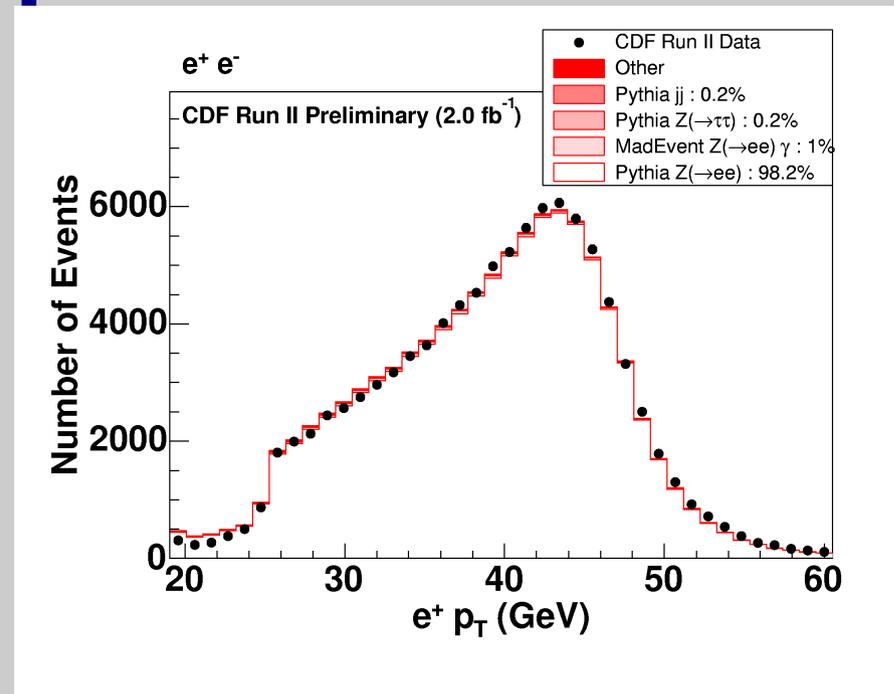
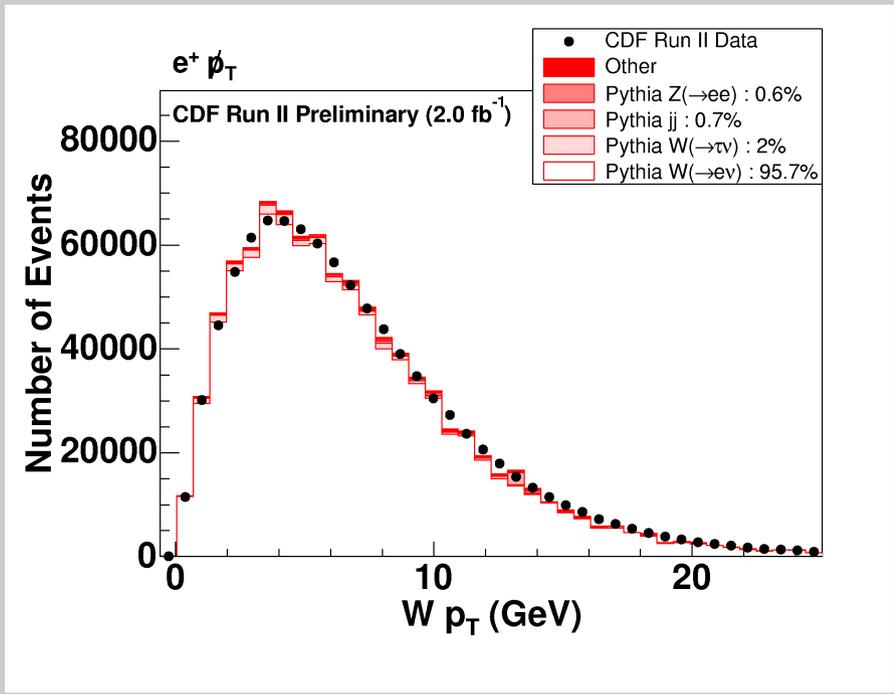
Distribution Shapes

- Vista automatically produces and examines $\sim 20,000$ distributions of kinematic variables.
- Their consistency with the background is tested using Kolmogorov-Smirnov test.
- The KS probability P (that two distributions are consistent) is expressed in units of standard deviation (σ).
- In the probabilities plotted here, the trials factor due to examining thousands of distributions has not yet been accounted for.

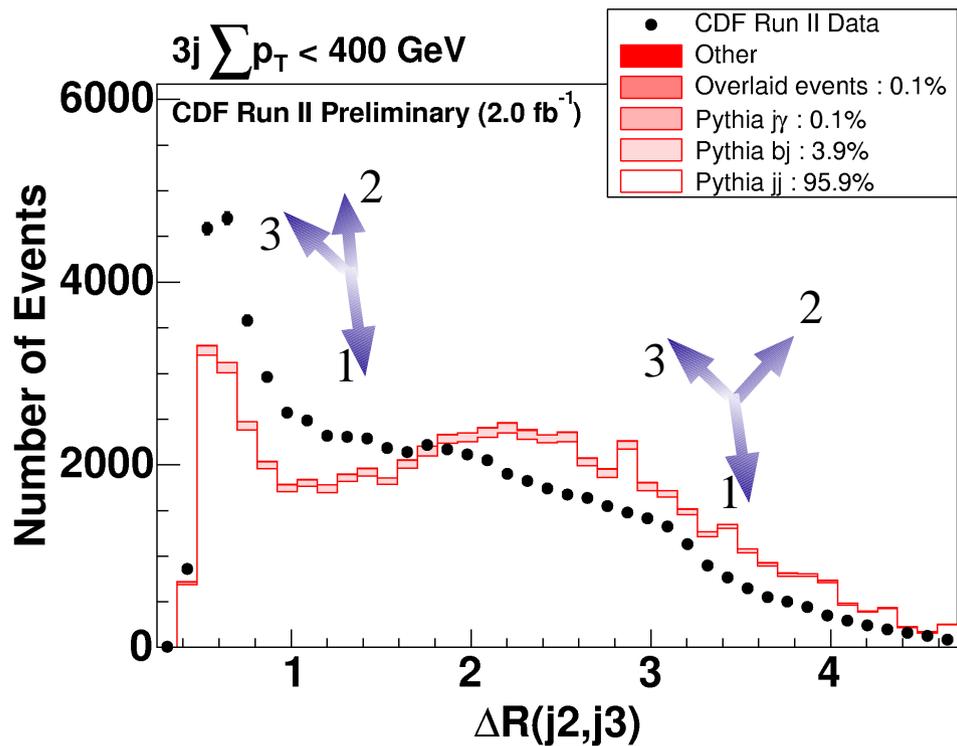


– Interest is focused on outliers showing significant disagreement

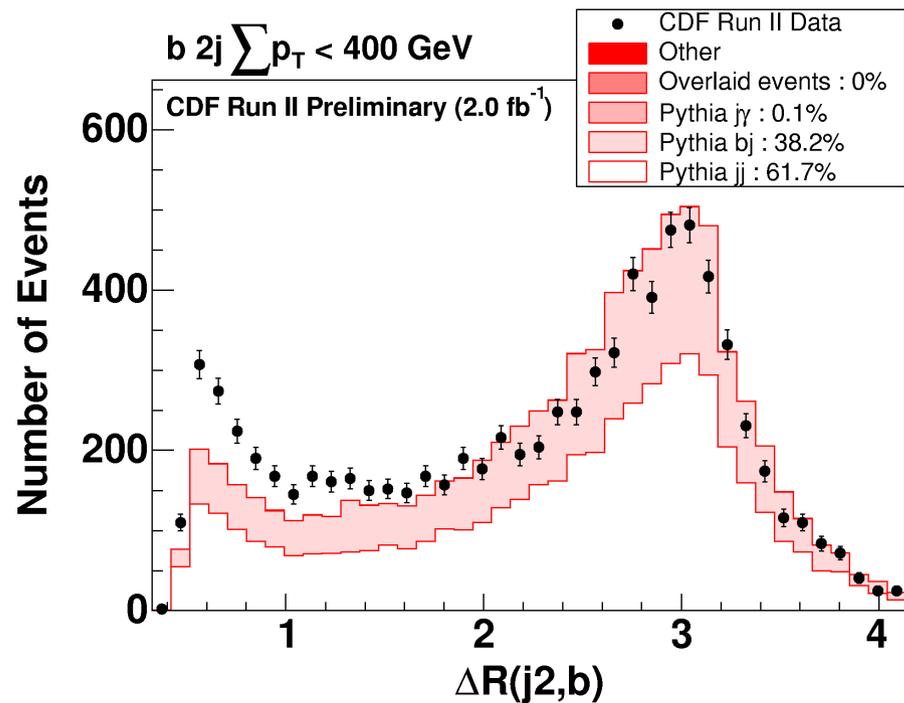
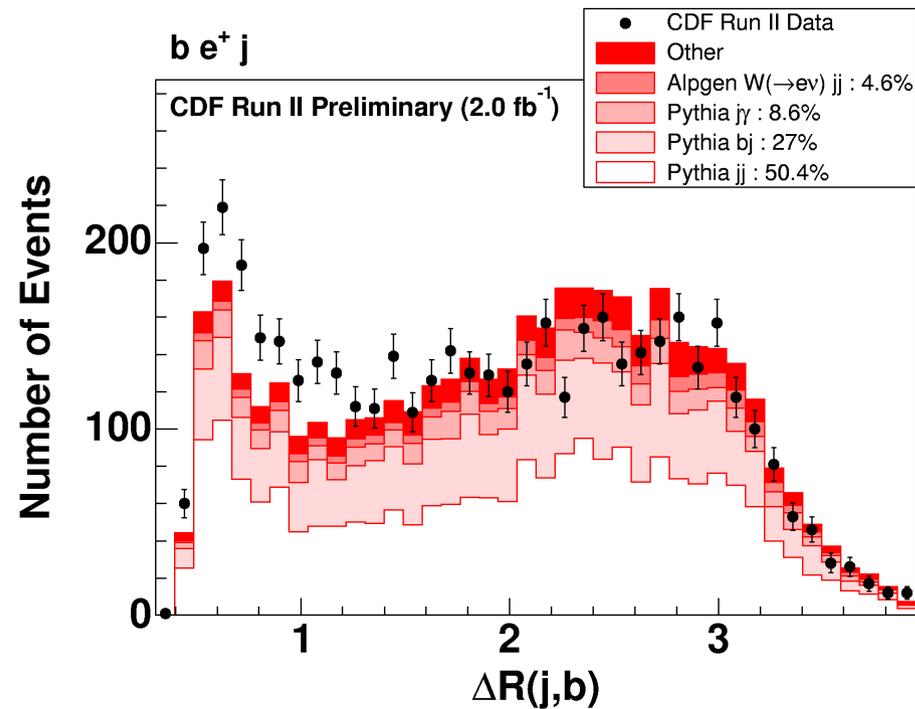
Examples



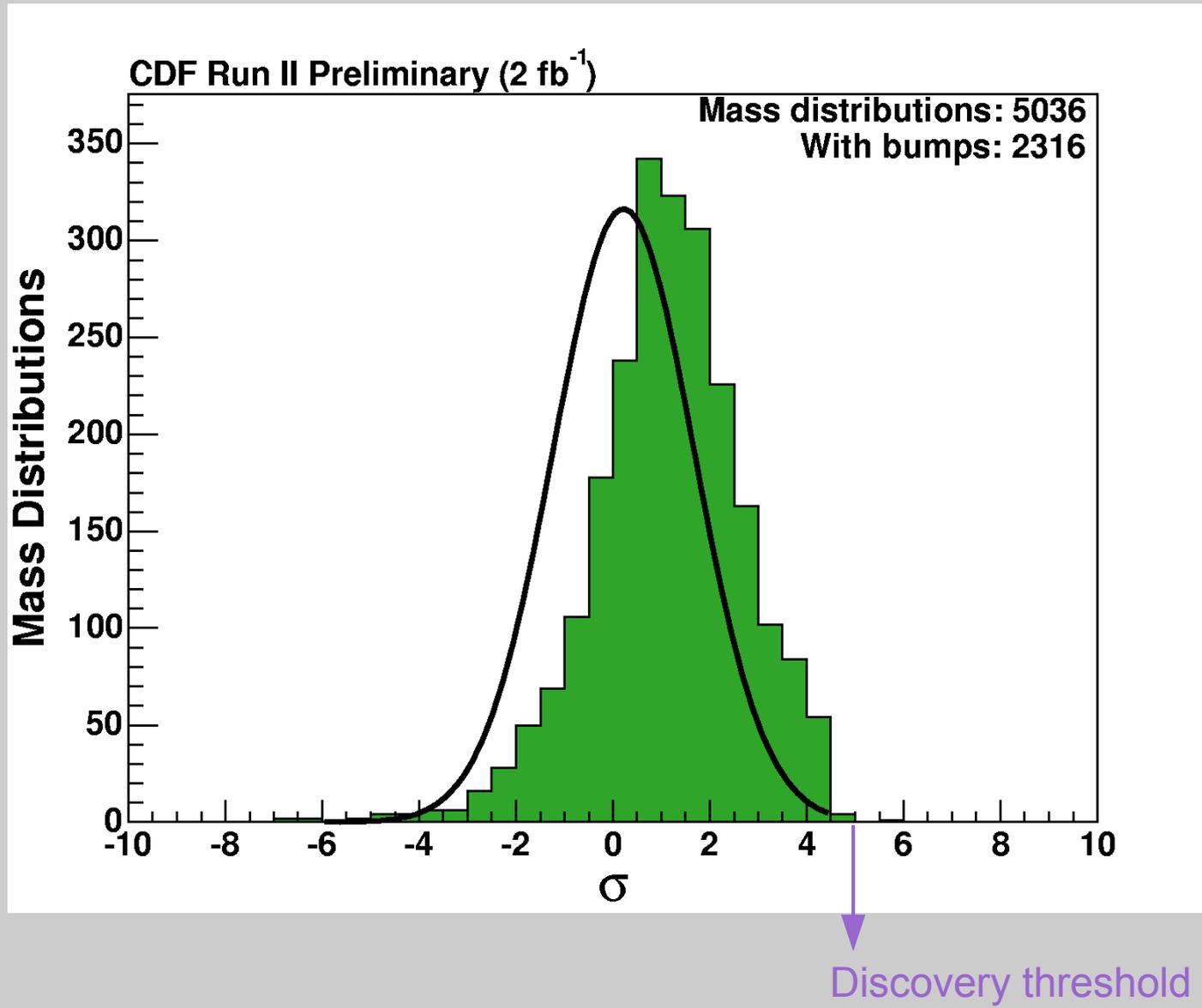
The “3-jet” discrepancy



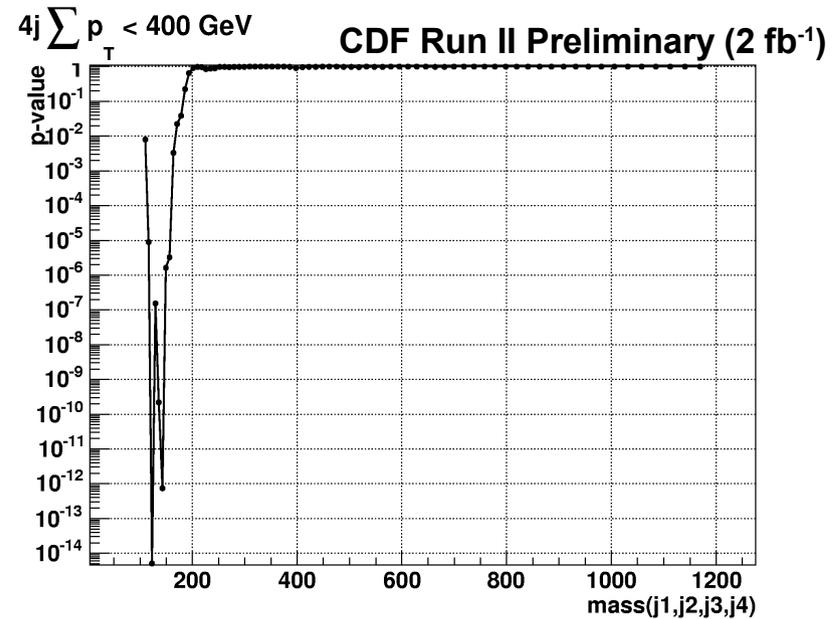
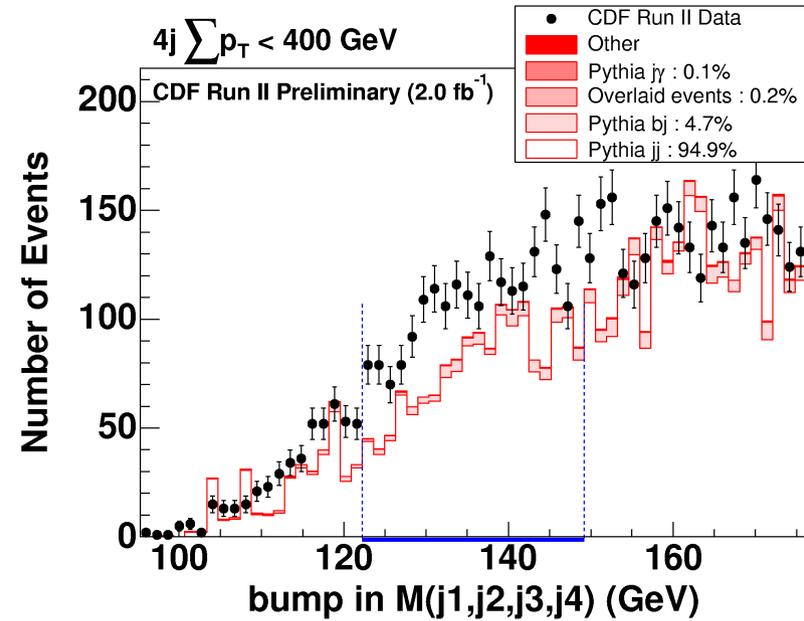
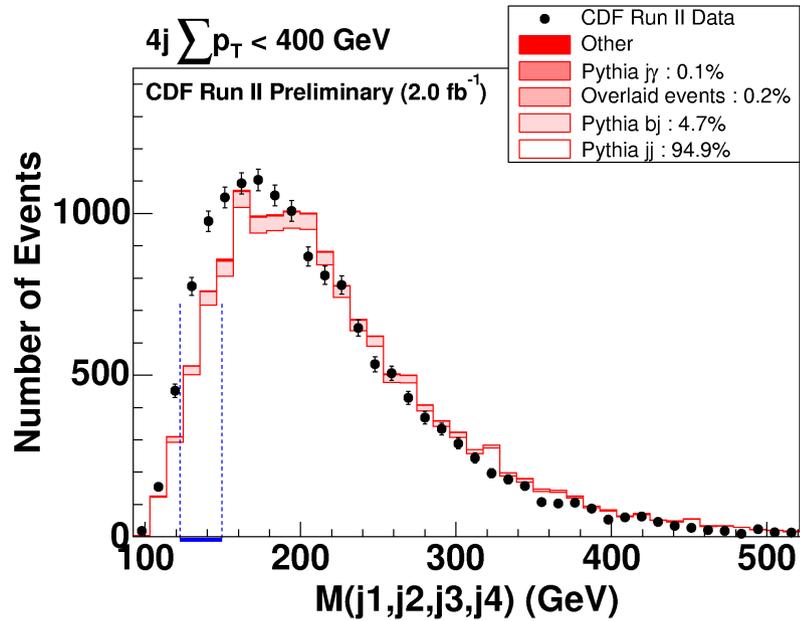
Parton showering parameters being investigated.



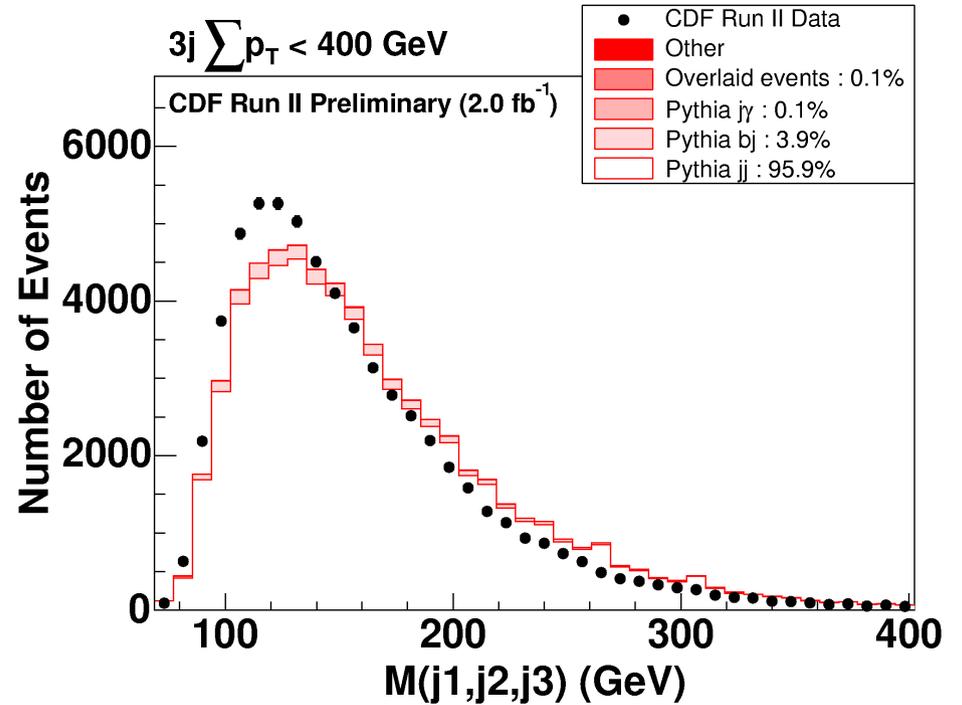
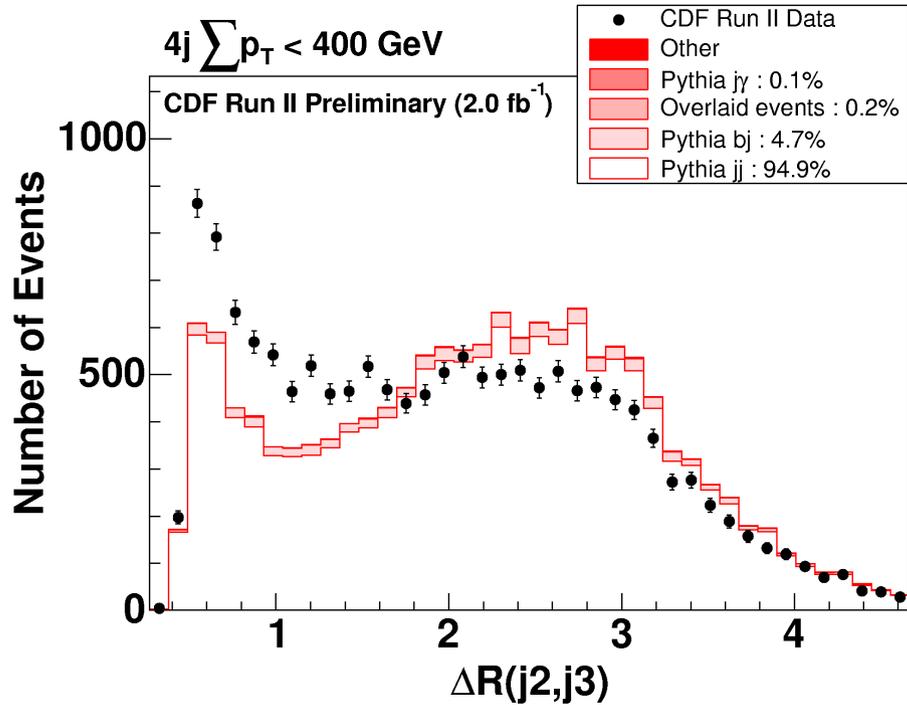
Summary of plot discrepancies



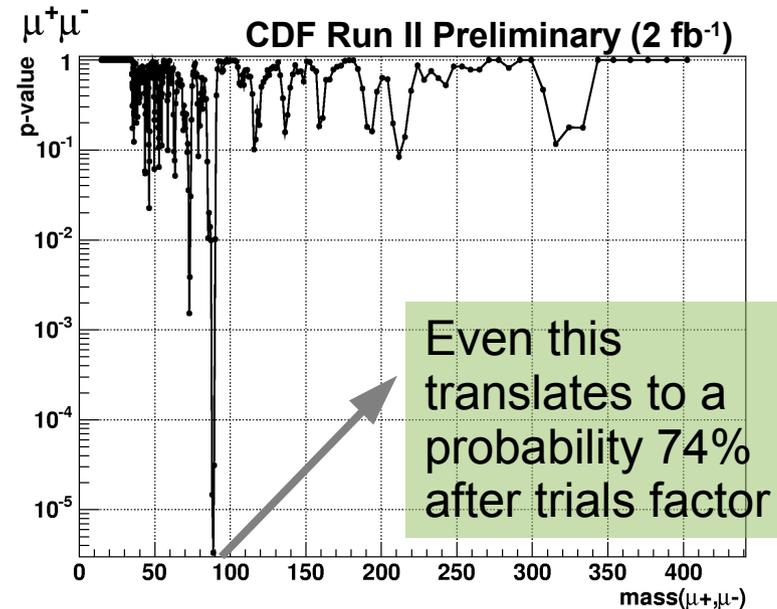
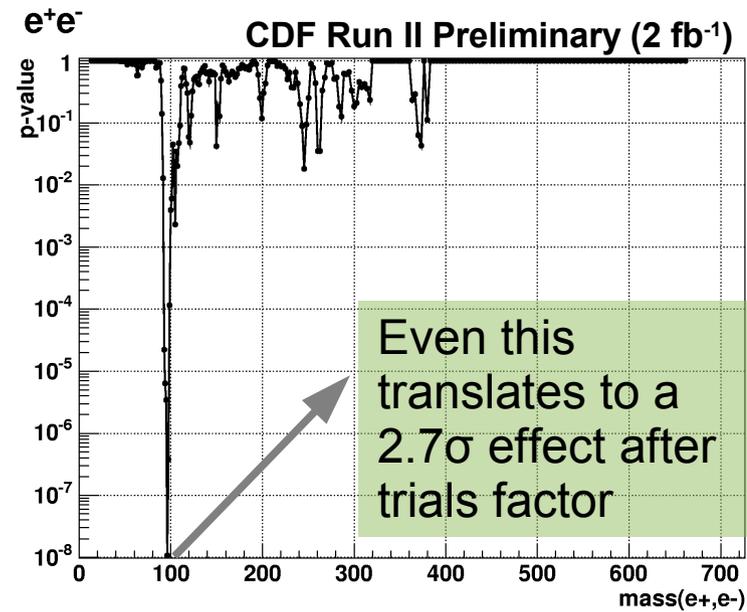
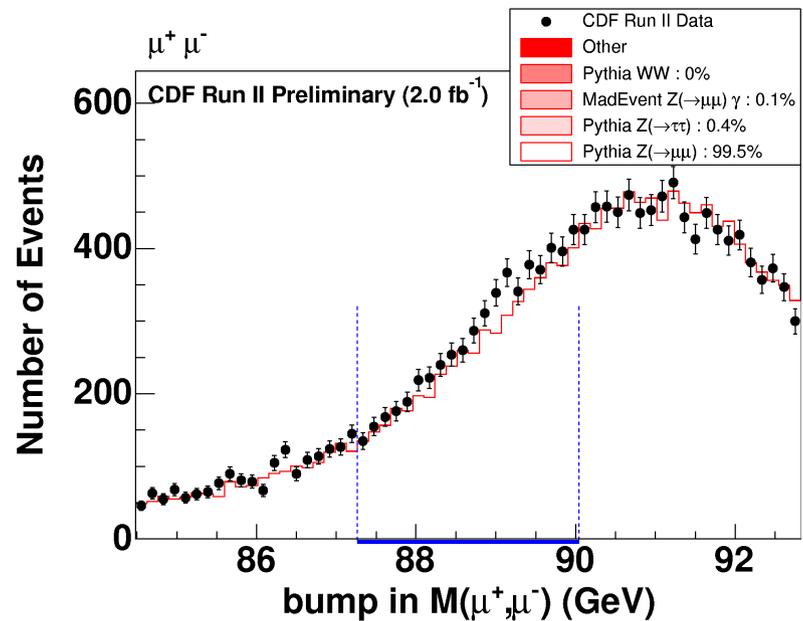
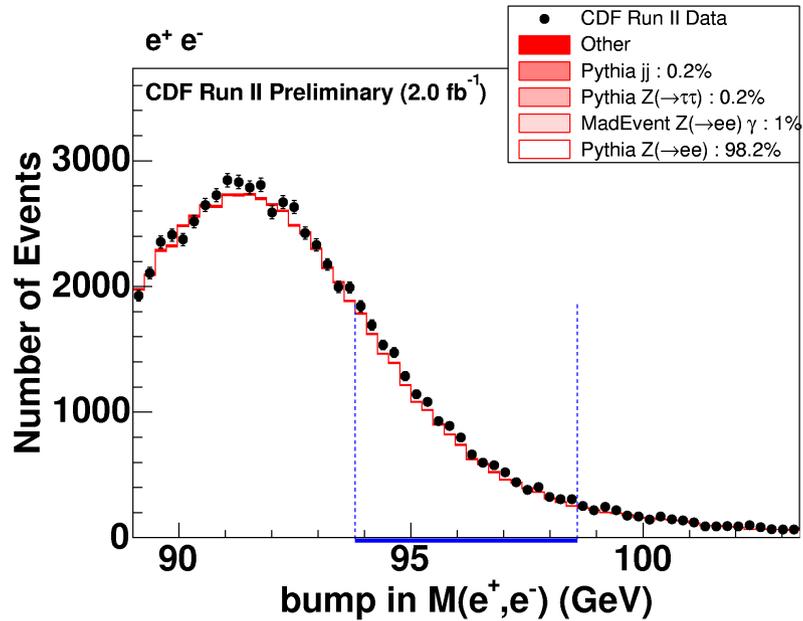
The only significant mass bump



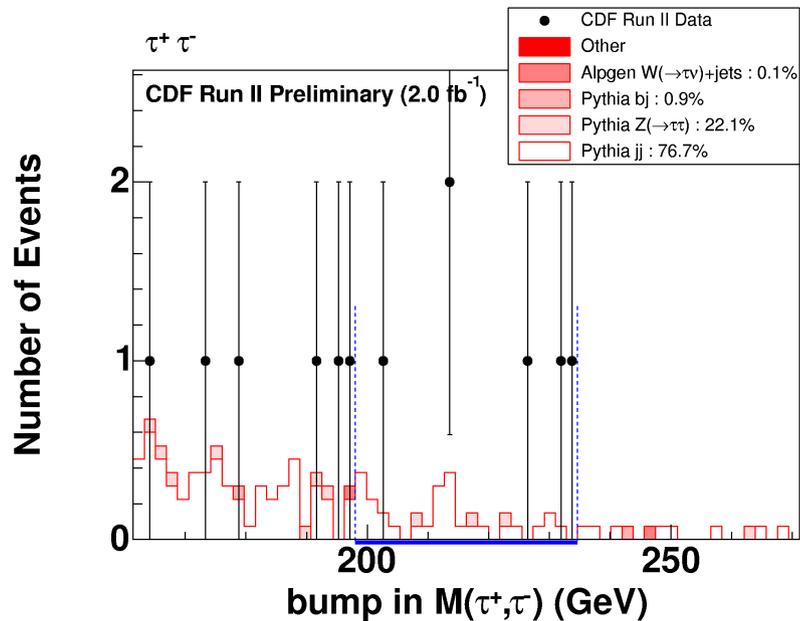
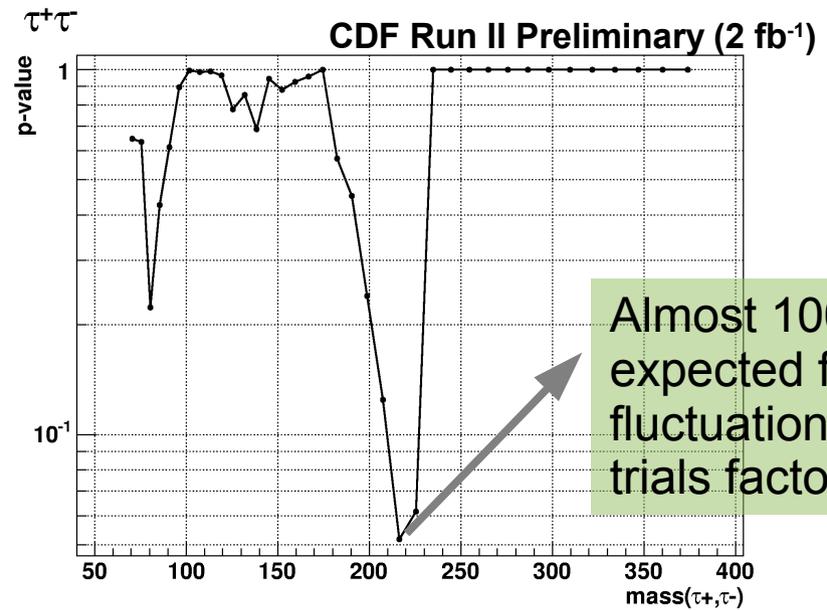
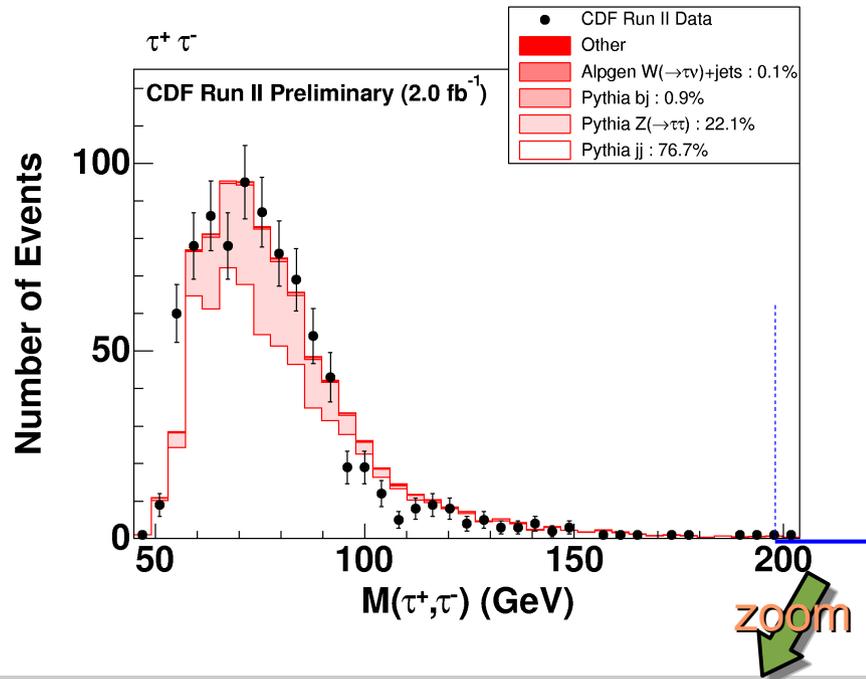
It is the same “3-jet” effect



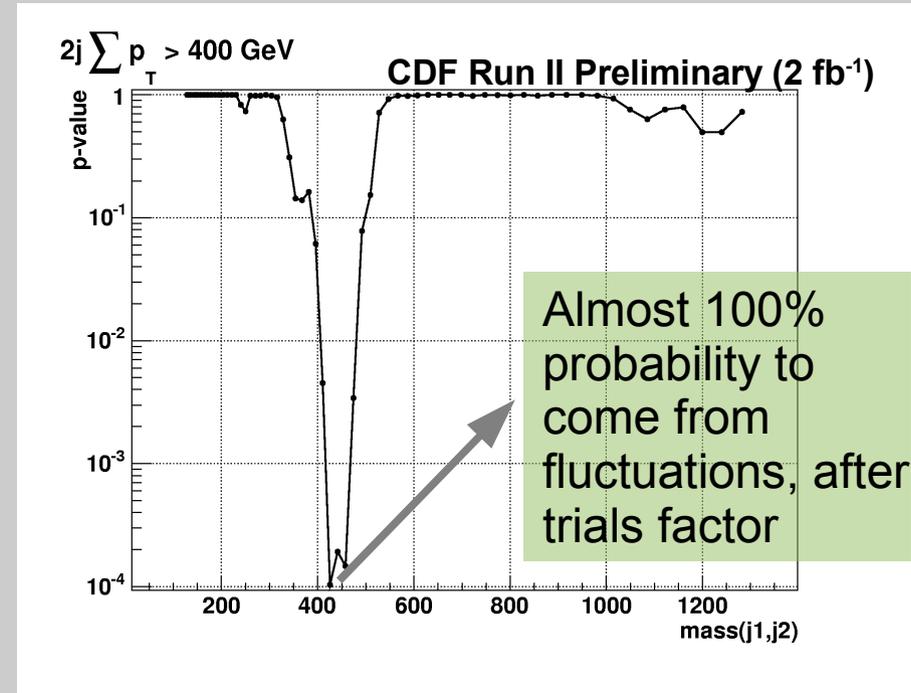
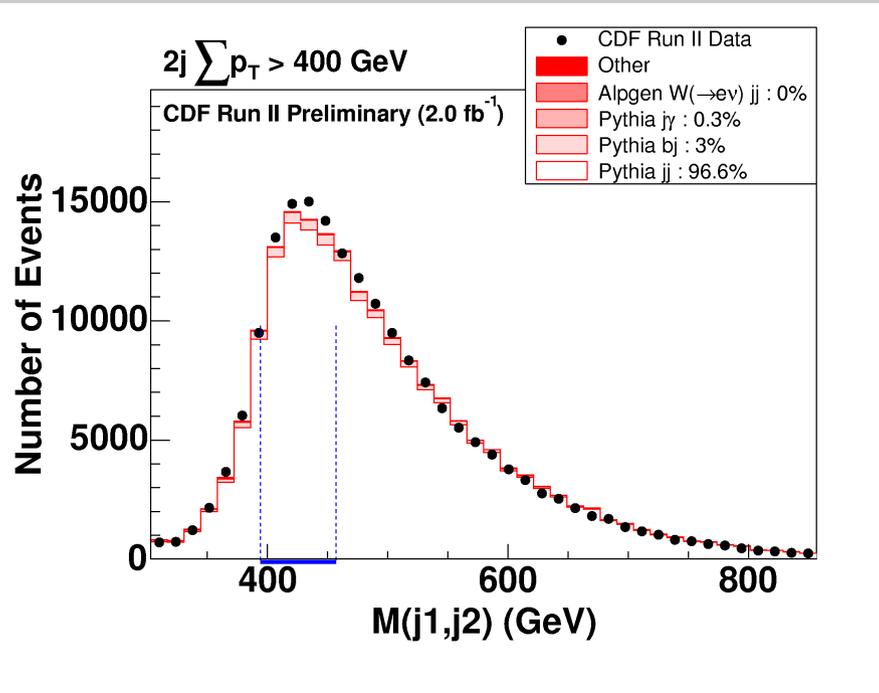
Anything like $Z' \rightarrow e^+e^-$ or $\mu^+\mu^-$?



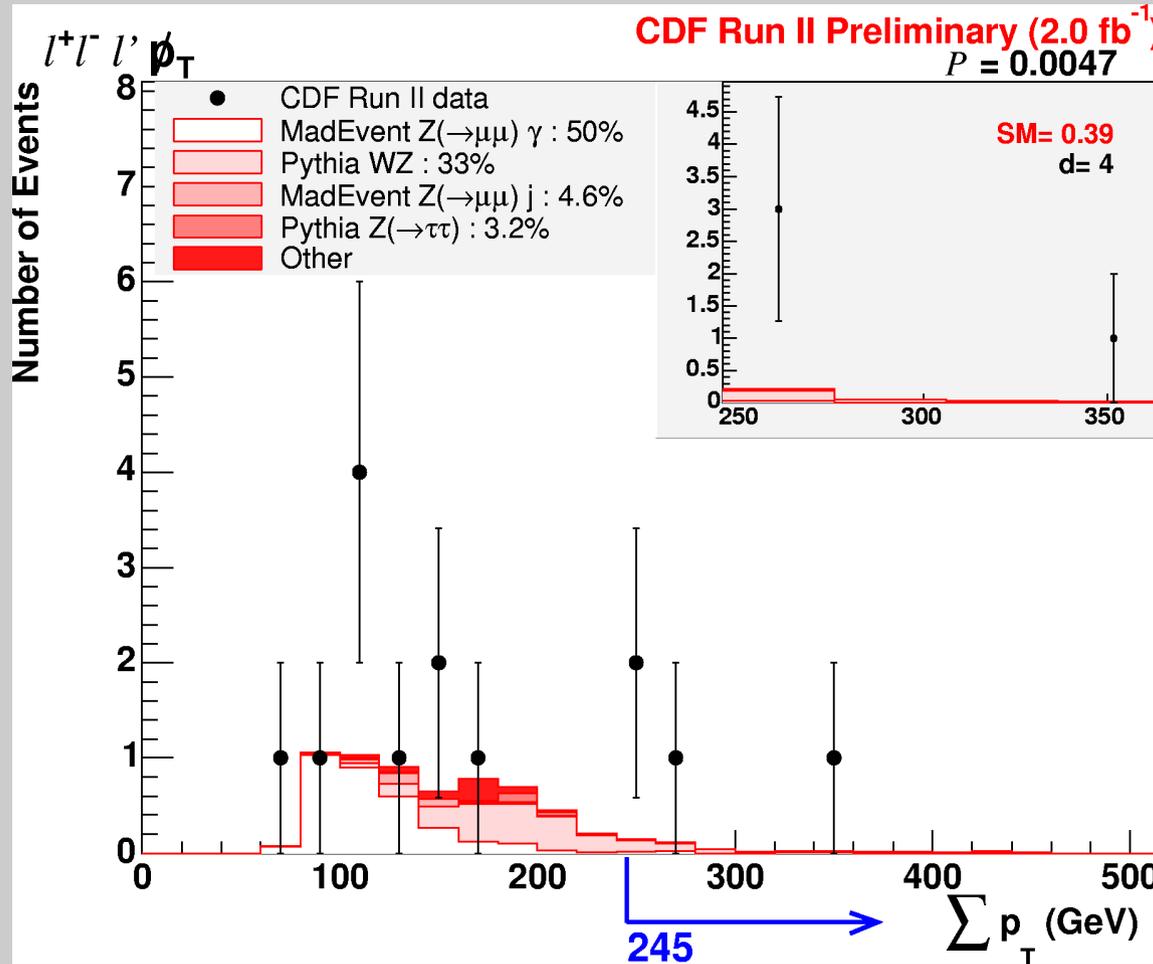
same for $\tau^+\tau^-$



high- Σp_T dijets?



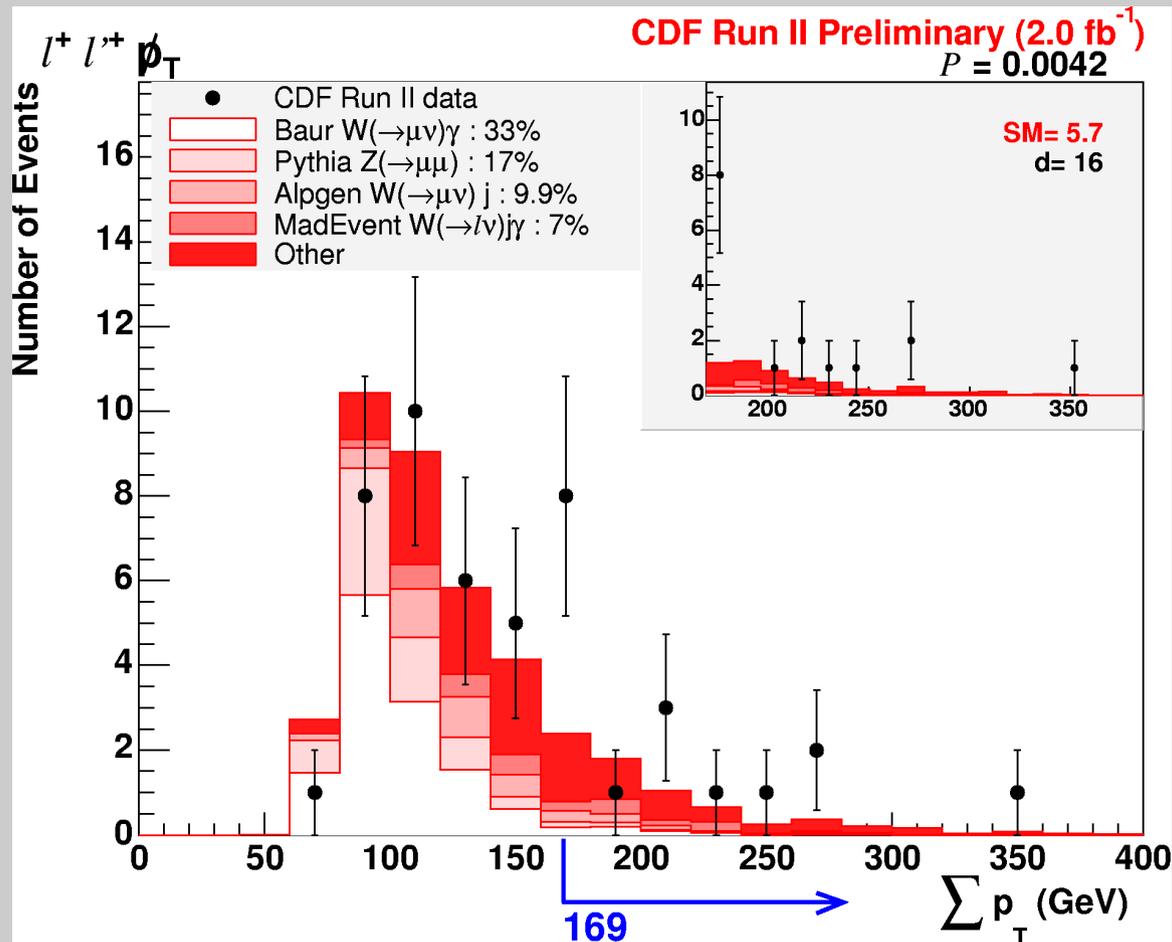
Most significant Σp_T tails



#4

p-value= 3.2σ . Within the distribution 2.6σ . Given all distributions, probability is 50%.

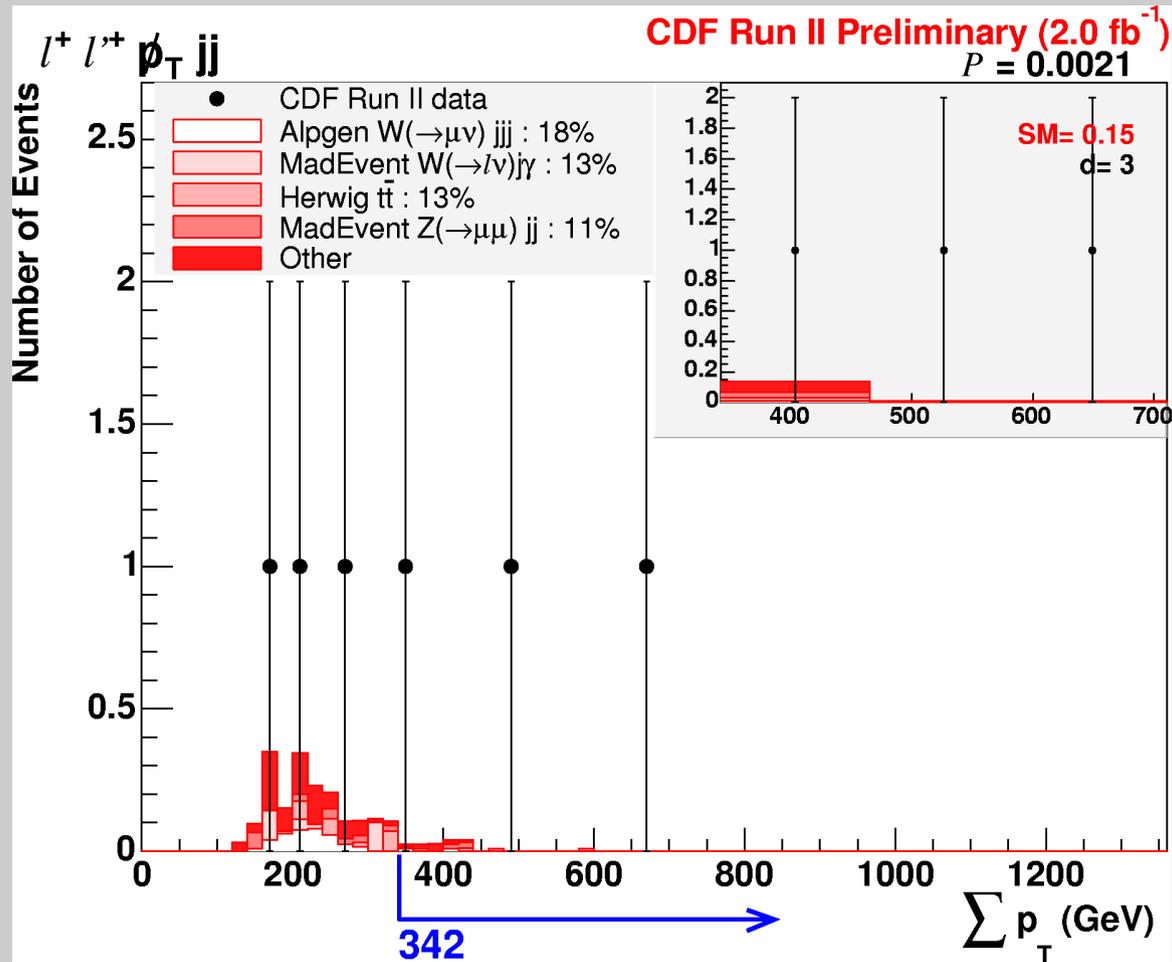
Most significant Σp_T tails



#3

p-value = 3.4σ . Within the distribution 2.6σ . Given all distributions, probability is 46%.

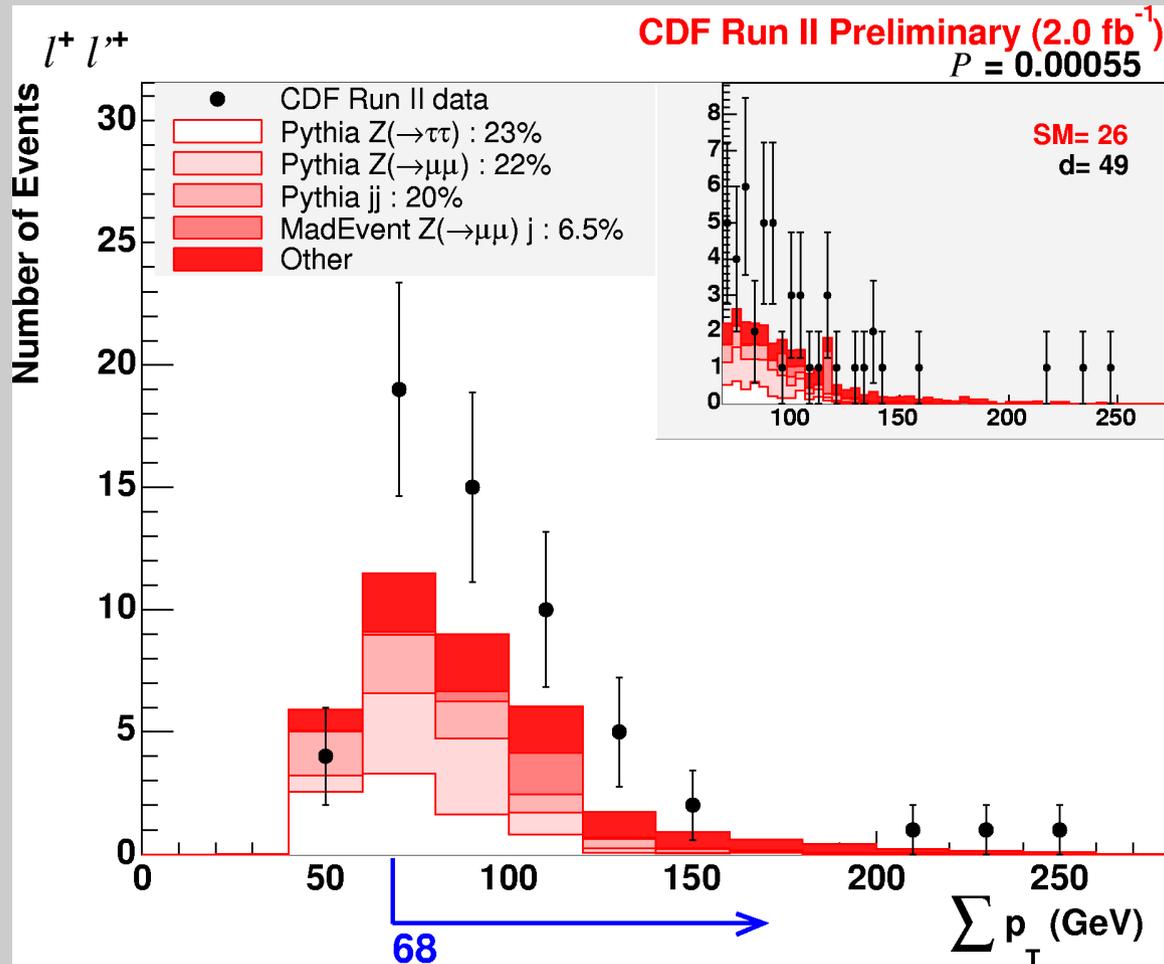
Most significant Σp_T tails



#2

p-value=3.3 σ . Within the distribution 2.86 σ . Given all distributions, probability is 27%.

Most significant Σp_T tails



1

p -value= 3.96σ . Within the distribution 3.26σ . Given all distributions, probability is 8.5%.

Summary of Σp_T tail excess

CDF Run II Preliminary (2.0 fb^{-1})

SLEUTH Final State \mathcal{P} 

$l^+ l'^+$	0.00055
$l^+ l'^+ p j j$	0.0021
$l^+ l'^+ p$	0.0042
$l^+ l^- l' p$	0.0047

Probability that the most interesting excess seen in each Σp_T distribution is just a fluctuation.

(trials factor included)

$$\tilde{\mathcal{P}} = 0.08$$

This is only a 1.3σ effect.



Probability that the most unlikely Σp_T distribution ($l^+ l'^+$) is just a fluctuation.

(trials factor included)

Summary

- We searched for new physics globally in 2 fb^{-1} of CDF II data
- We gained an overview of all high- p_T data
- Found nothing significant enough in populations
- Most (97%) distributions agree well with prediction
 - The rest is QCD not modeled perfectly
- No significant mass bumps
- No significant excess at high Σp_T

“It is a testimonial to the integrity of experimentalists that they don't always find what they expect.”
-- Steven Weinberg, Dreams of a Final Theory