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# Lepton Decay Angular Distribution Coefficients of Drell-Yan Process at CMS

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# Introduction

- Lepton decay angle  $(\theta, \phi)$  in Collins-Soper(CS) frame

$$q\bar{q} \rightarrow Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow l^+ l^-$$

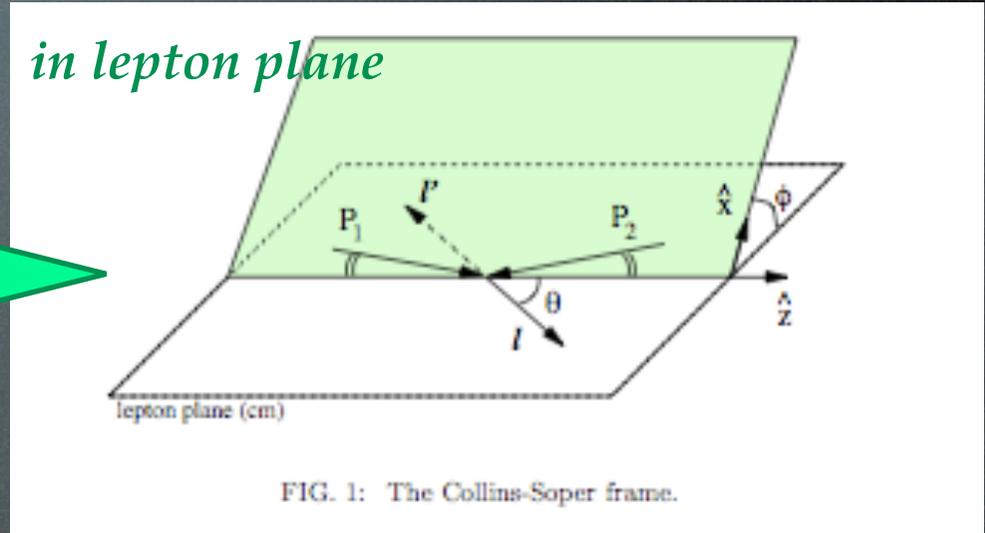
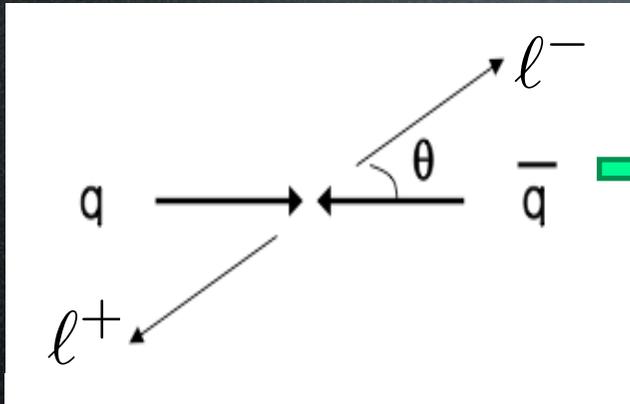


FIG. 1: The Collins-Soper frame.

- Differential cross section of lepton decay angle  $(\theta, \phi)$  in CS

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dP_T^2 dy d\cos\theta d\phi} \propto (1 + \cos^2\theta) \xrightarrow{\text{green arrow}} \text{LO term}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}A_0(1 - 3\cos^2\theta) \xrightarrow{\text{blue arrow}} \text{cos}^2\theta : \text{higher order term}$$

$$+ A_1 \sin 2\theta \cos \phi + \frac{1}{2}A_2 \sin^2 \theta \cos 2\phi + A_3 \sin \theta \cos \phi \rightarrow (\theta, \phi) \text{ terms}$$

$$+ A_4 \cos \theta \xrightarrow{\text{green arrow}} \text{LO term : determine } A_{fb}$$

$$+ A_5 \sin^2 \theta \sin 2\phi + A_6 \sin 2\theta \sin \phi + A_7 \sin \theta \sin \phi \rightarrow \text{very small terms}$$

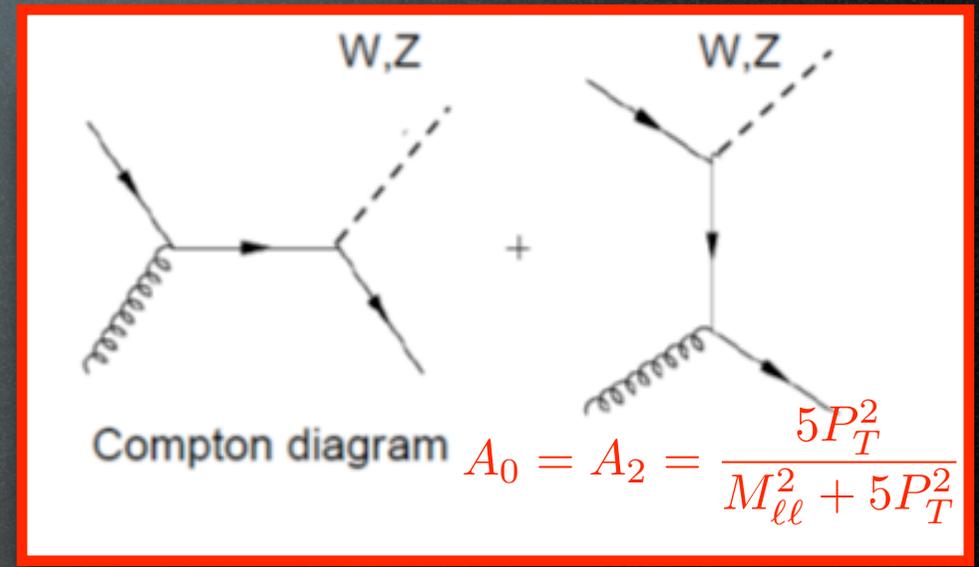
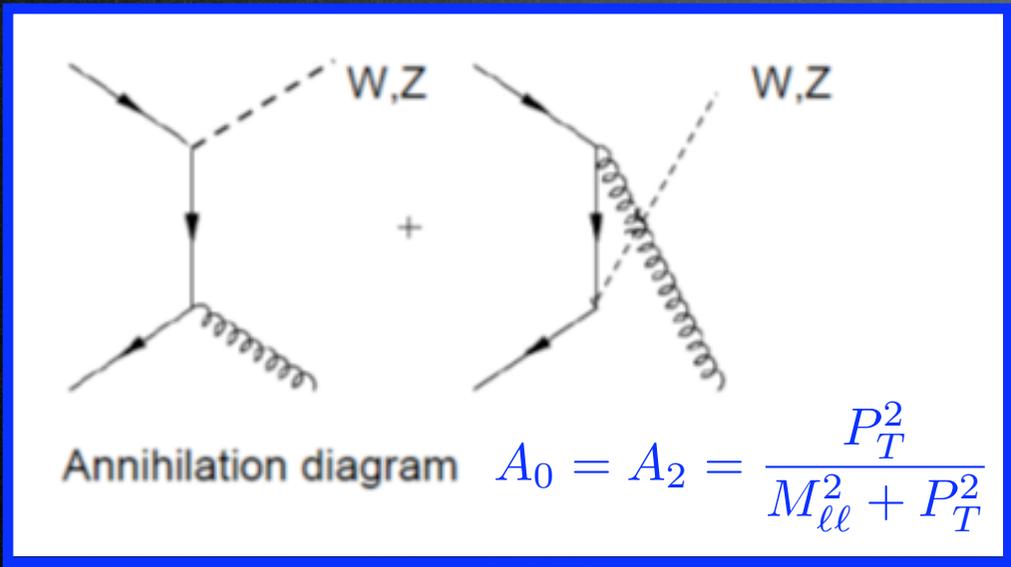
\*\*\* All higher order terms are zero at  $P_T = 0$

# Physics Motivation

- The differential cross section of  $q\bar{q} \rightarrow Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$  at LO

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dM_{\ell\ell}d\cos\theta} = N \times [(1 + \cos^2\theta) + A_4 \cos\theta]$$

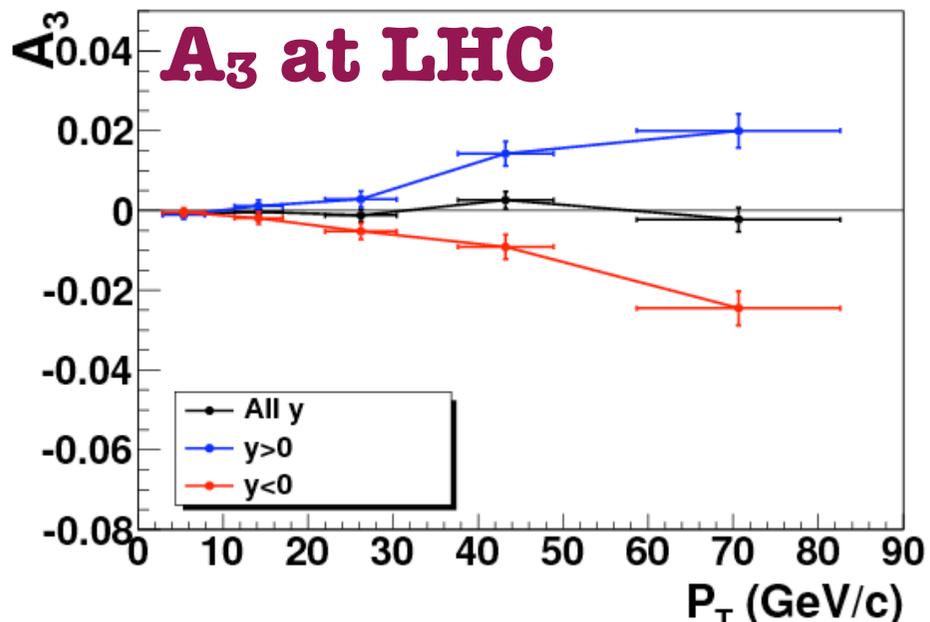
- $pp \rightarrow Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^- + X$  process in NLO : has finite boson  $P_T$



- $A_0$  and  $A_2$  prediction in  $P_T$  is different in each process
- A measurement of **the angular distribution in  $P_T$**  provide a detailed test of the production
- **Lam-Tung relation ( $A_0=A_2$ )** tests a spin of gluon : **only valid for vector gluons (spin=1)**

# Angular Distribution at CMS (LHC) <sup>4</sup>

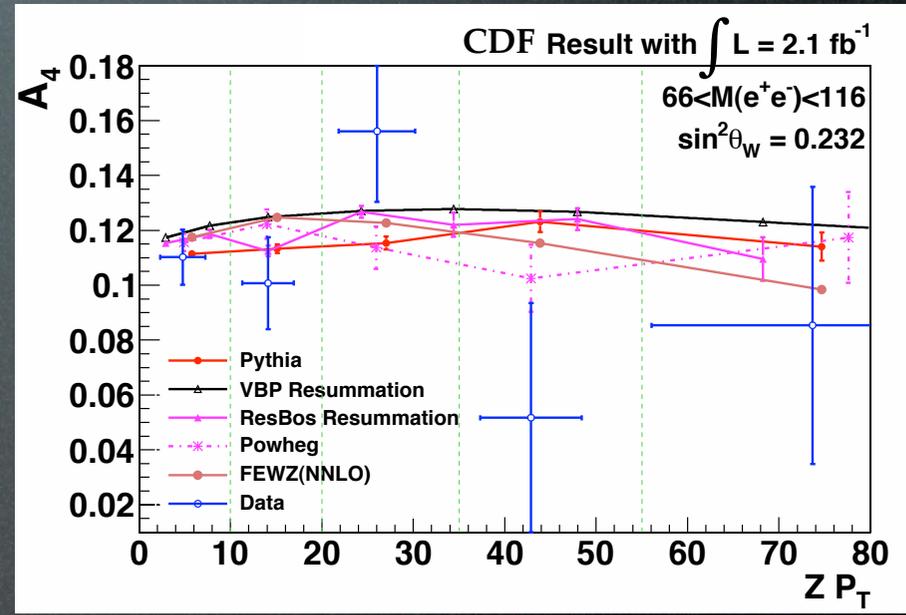
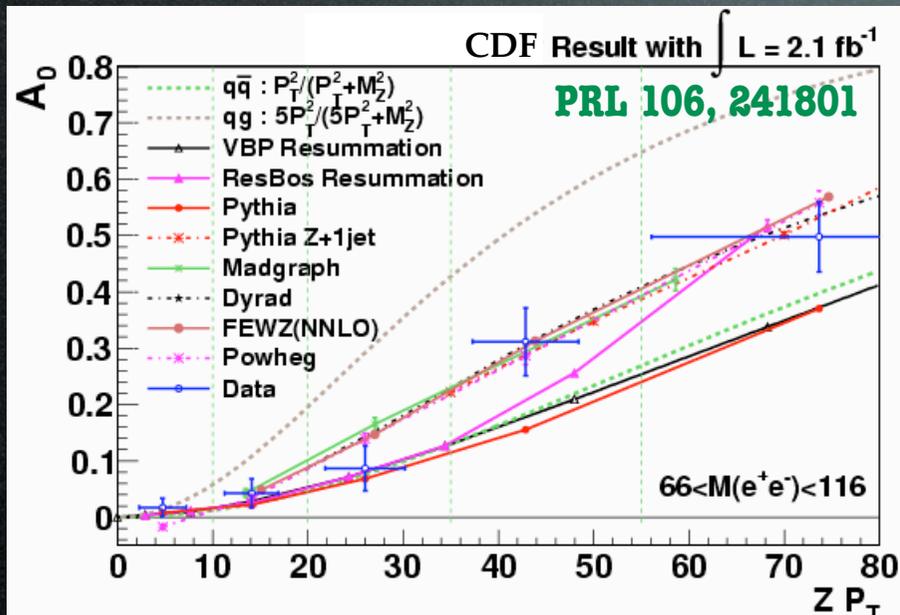
- LHC is a pp collider : don't know the quark direction
  - $y$  direction of Z boson is used to decide a quark direction
    - More probable that the valance quark carries more momentum
  - Dilution effect :
    - The possibility of wrong direction determination remains
    - The dilution effect decreases in high  $y$
- Angular coefficients in  $y$



- $A_0$  and  $A_2$  in Compton process has  $y$  and PDF's dependence
  - $A_1, A_3, A_4$  also has  $y$  dependence
  - Can reduce dilution effect in high  $y$
- Angular measurement in  $y$  provides better understanding of the mechanism !!

# Prospect of the Measurement

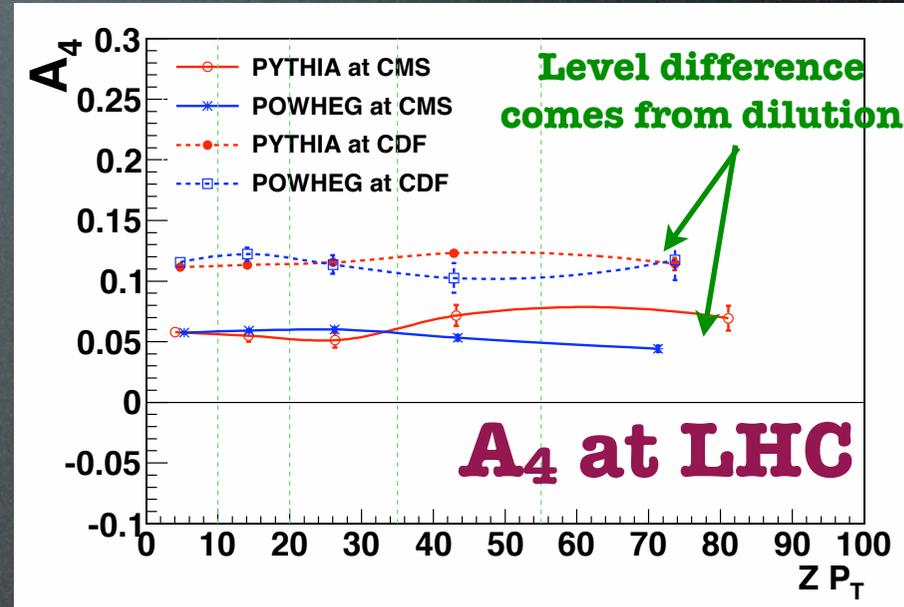
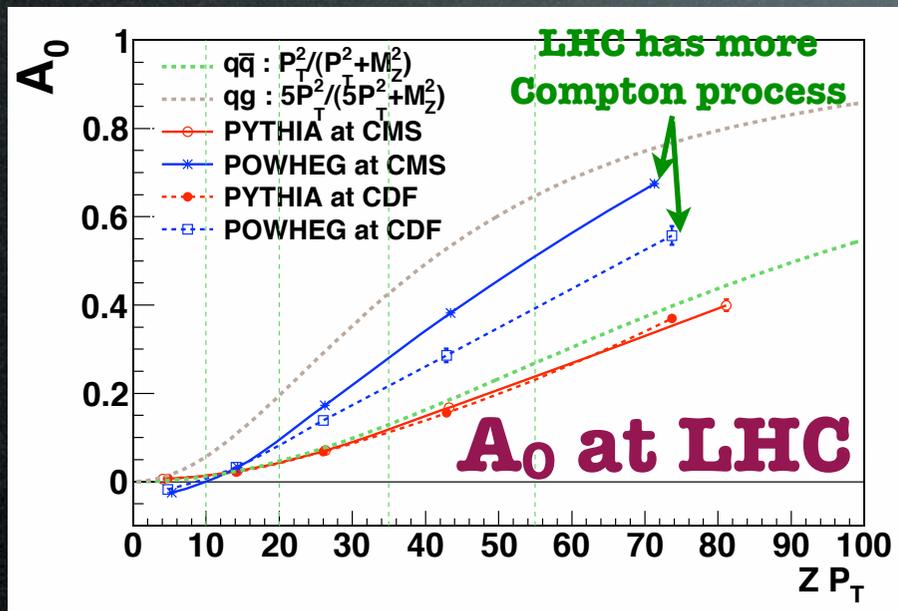
- We extract the angular coefficients using max. log likelihood fit
- Event weighting technique is also tested for the measurement  
: Eur. Phys. J.C. by Arie Bodek (arXiv:0911.2850)



- The comparison of the result in **LHC vs. Tevatron** is useful to test the production mechanisms
  - LHC is expected to have more Compton process
  - **Extract the fraction of Annihilation vs. Compton process** ( $A_0, A_2$ )
  - **$\sin^2\theta_W$  can be extracted from  $A_4$**  :  $A_4$  in  $y$  increases sensitivity
  - Deviation from the expectation might be a hint of new physics

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